

SCHOOL BASED EVALUATION TEST

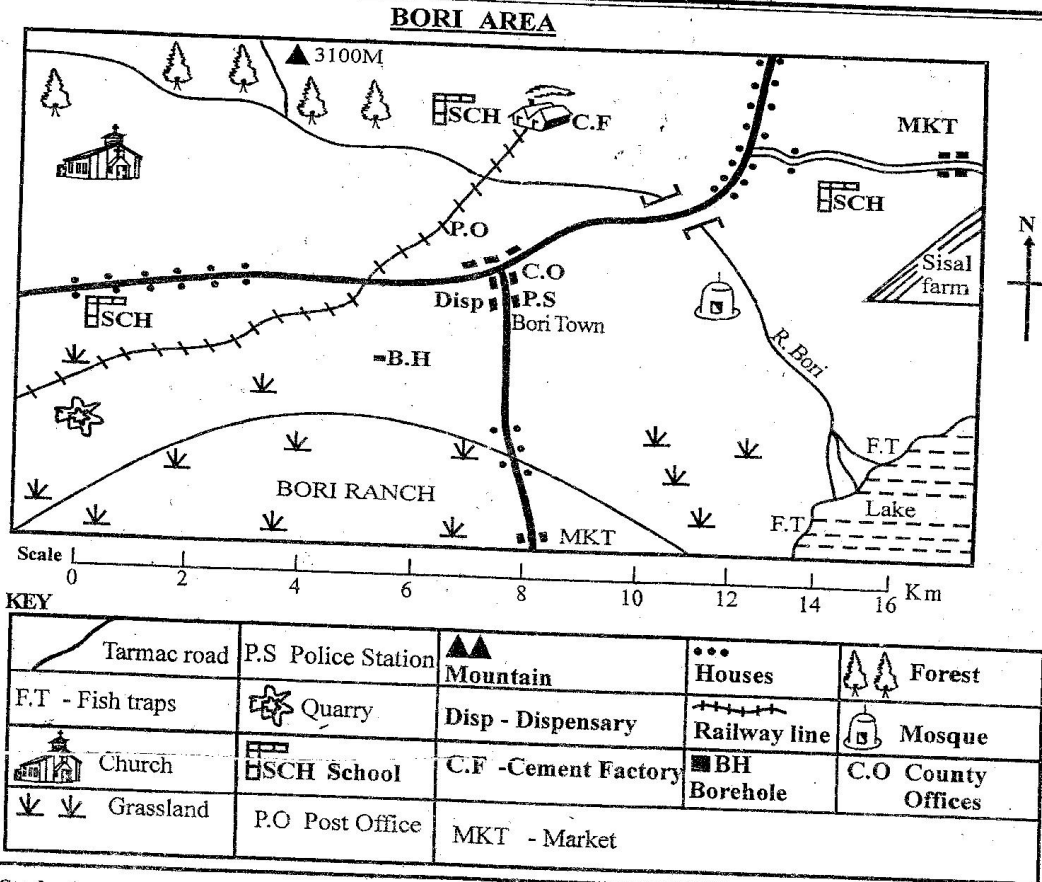
D003

STD. 7 YEAR 2022

[7]

SOCIAL STUDIES/R.E.

Time: 2Hrs. 15mins.

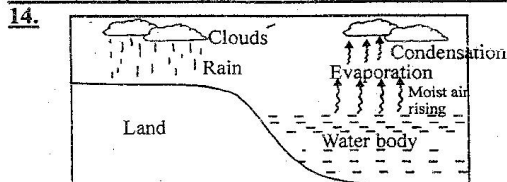


Study the map of Bori area and use it to answer questions 1 to 7

- Which one of the following features is formed at the mouth of River Bori?
 - Estuary
 - Delta
 - Tributary
 - Confluence
- Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Bori area except?
 - Mining
 - Trading
 - Fishing
 - Lumbering
- The mineral that is likely to be mined at the Southern Western part of Bori areas is _____.
 - Limestone
 - Cement
 - Diatomite
 - Fluorspar
- The evidence of security in Bori town is shown by the _____.
 - presence of the county offices
 - presence of the post office
 - presence of the police station
 - presence of the dispensary.
- The settlement pattern in Bori area can be described as _____.
 - linear
 - clustered
 - sparse
 - nucleated
- The type of soil likely to be found at the South of Bori area is _____.
 - Volcanic soil
 - Sand soil
 - Clay soil
 - Young soil

7. Bori area is likely to be what type of administrative area?
 A. Ward B. County
 C. Location D. Sub-county
8. Which one of the following groups of people trace their origin from a common cradle land?
 A. Pokot, Pokomo, Nyanwezi, Njemps
 B. Amhara, Rendile, Luo, Nandi
 C. Iraqw, Sanye, Sandawe, Borana
 D. Baganda, Abaluhya, Sukuma, Maasai
9. Which one of the following titles in the Buganda kingdom is incorrectly matched?
 A. Kabaka - King
 B. Omulamuzi - Chief Justice
 C. Omwanika - Treasurer
 D. Lukiliko - Council of Elders
10. It is 10.00 am in Yaunde 30° West. What will the time be in Kigali 15° East?
 A. 1.00 pm B. 10.00 am
 C. 10.00 pm D. 1.00 am
11. The following is a description of a certain vegetation type in Africa.
 (i) Trees have thick fleshy stems
 (ii) Trees are cone-shaped and have small, hard evergreen leaves
 (iii) Trees are deciduous
 (iv) Aromatic shrubs are common.
 The vegetation described above is likely to be ____
 A. Mediterranean B. Savannah
 C. Rain forest D. Temperate
12. Which among the following is not an importance of the institution of marriage?
 A. It ensures continuity of the community
 B. It generates wealth in the family
 C. It provides companionship for the couple
 D. It ensures that children born in the family get a good foundation.

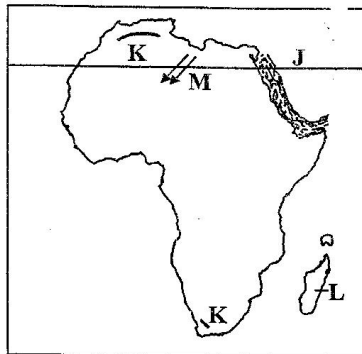
Use the diagram below to answer questions 13 and 14.



13. The diagram above represents the formation of
 A. a land breeze B. conventional rainfall
 C. sea breeze D. relief rainfall
14. Which one of the following towns does not experience the above conditions?
 A. Lagos B. Dar es Salaam
 C. Khartoum D. Accra
15. Why is drug abuse mainly discouraged among the Kenyan people?
 A. It affects people's financial status
 B. It is a sign of being immoral
 C. It is harmful to the health of the abuser
 D. It wastes people's time
16. Which one of the following has greatly led to the decline of sisal production in Kenya and Tanzania?
 A. Lack of support from the government
 B. Lack of money to expand farms by farmers
 C. Pests and diseases that destroy sisal plants
 D. Competition from cheap imported fibres.
17. Which one of the following means of transport is the most developed in Eastern Africa?
 A. Water B. Air C. Railway D. Road
18. Which one of the following groups of crops were grown before the coming of the Europeans in Kenya?
 A. Kales, millet, maize
 B. Spinach, tomatoes, arrowroots
 C. Yams, sorghum, cassava
 D. Millet, beans, cabbages
19. Which one of the following is an effect of the rotation of the earth? It ____
 A. causes day and night
 B. causes differences in the length of day and night
 C. causes the four seasons
 D. influence the position of the midday sun
20. Who among the following leaders led the Hehe to result against Germans in Tanganyika?
 A. Abushiri B. Chief Mkwawa
 C. Kinjekitile D. Chief Mirambo
21. Which one of the following is an economic importance of soil?
 A. It is used to bury the dead
 B. It is used to make ceramics
 C. It is used to decorate bodies in some communities
 D. It is used for smearing mud houses in rural areas.
22. Which one of the following factors hinders peace in Kenya?
 A. Patriotism
 B. Faithfulness
 C. Equal distribution of resources
 D. Unfair application of the law
23. Traditional artifacts are preserved in the museum mainly to ____
 A. encourage trade
 B. create jobs for people
 C. help us to learn how people lived in the past
 D. earn foreign exchange for the government
24. The most common way in which African communities interacted in the past was through
 A. trade B. intermarriages
 C. wars and raids D. games and sports
25. All the following countries are members of Inter-governmental Authority and Development (IGAD) except?
 A. Somali B. Kenya C. Tanzania D. Uganda
26. The following are densely populated areas in Africa. Which one is not?
 A. Nile Valley B. Lake Basin
 C. Ogaden Region D. The Mediterranean Coast
27. Three of the following lakes are examples of Lava-





- Dammed lakes in Africa. Which one is not?
 A. L. Itasy B. L. Chad
 C. L. Bunyonyi D. L. Kivu
28. Which one of the following was an economic reason for the coming of Europeans in Eastern Africa?
 A. To stop slave trade in the region
 B. To get raw materials for their industries in Europe
 C. To show their power and might
 D. To settle surplus population

Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 29 to 32



29. The mountains marked K were formed through which process?
 A. Faulting B. Erosion
 C. Volcanicity D. Folding
30. Which one of the following countries is not crossed by the line marked J?
 A. Western Sahara B. Libya
 C. Morocco D. Mali
31. The type of climate experienced to the Eastern side of the country marked L is _____
 A. Equatorial climate B. Desert climate
 C. Tropical climate D. Mediterranean climate
32. The winds marked M on the map are known as ____
 A. Westerly B. Harmattan
 C. North East Monsoon D. South Westerly
33. All the following are duties of the county government in Kenya except?
 A. issuing trading licenses to traders
 B. providing basic amenities like water in the county
 C. establishing market for traders
 D. setting up worship centres in the country.
34. The main benefit of Kenana irrigation scheme to the economy of Sudan is that _____
 A. it is a source of employment
 B. it has led to improved living standards
 C. it has fastened development of roads
 D. it earns the country foreign exchange
35. Who among the following early visitors to Eastern Africa was both an explorer and a missionary?
 A. David Livingstone B. Ludwig Krapf

- C. Henry M. Stanley D. John Speke
36. In Kenya, forest areas are protected against human encroachment mainly because _____
 A. they are water catchment areas
 B. they provide herbal medicine
 C. they make the environment look beautiful
 D. they are home for wildlife.
37. Which one of the following weather instruments is correctly matched with what it measures?
 A. Hygrometer - Direction of wind
 B. Barometer - Air pressure
 C. Wind sock - Speed of wind
 D. Anemometer - Strength of wind
38. Horticultural products are mainly transported by air to European nations because _____
 A. air transport is cheap
 B. horticultural goods go bad easily
 C. Europeans have standard airports
 D. air transport is commonly available
39. In the constitution of Kenya, the information on human rights is found in chapter _____
 A. five B. seven C. four D. ten
40. Three of the following types of fish can be found in inland fishing grounds **except**?
 A. Tilapia B. Dagaa C. Tuna D. Mudfish
41. Which one of the following is **NOT** a factor influencing climate in Africa?
 A. altitude B. relief C. latitude D. longitude
42. Which one of the following countries did not participate in the scramble and partition of East Africa?
 A. Italy B. France C. German D. Portugal
43. Which one of the following factors has led to the faster growth of Thika town?
 A. Availability of enough water
 B. Availability of good road network
 C. Steady supply of agricultural products in the town
 D. Establishment of industries in the town
44. Which one of the following methods of fish preservation was used in the past and is widely used today since it is the cheapest?
 A. Smoking B. Freezing
 C. Use of honey D. Sun drying
45. Which one of the following political events took place on 20th October 1952?
 A. The State of emergency was declared
 B. Kenya became a republic
 C. The British declared Kenya its colony
 D. Kenya attained full independence.
46. Bamburi cement and Kenkni textile are examples of which type of industry?
 A. Service industries
 B. Manufacturing industries
 C. Processing industries
 D. Assembling industries
47. Which one of the following is a group of imports to Eastern African countries?
 A. Crude oil, fertilizer, medicine

- B. Coffee, copper, hides and skins
C. Machinery, tea, soda ash
D. Fertilizers, salt, pyrethrum
48. Which one of the following has greatly caused lack of peace among the pastoralists?
A. Religious differences B. Political differences
C. Cattle rustling D. Unemployment
49. Which among the following towns in Eastern Africa is a sea port?
A. Lusaka B. Mombasa
C. Dodoma D. Khartoum
50. Which of the following is the role of the National Police Service? To _____
A. rehabilitate criminals
B. punish law breakers
C. promote injustice
D. maintain law and order
51. Which one of the road signs below instructs motorists to drive with caution?
- A.  B. 
- C.  D. 
52. Who among the following leaders is not a member of the executive arm of the government?
A. Attorney General B. Principal secretary
C. Speaker D. President
53. It is true to say that democracy will bring all the following in a community except?
A. peace B. Political intolerance
C. harmony D. equity
54. Which one of the following may make a member of County Assembly to lose his/her seat in the assembly?
A. If he/she is arrested and taken to court
B. If he/she travelled to another country
C. If he/she disagrees with the governor
D. If he/she dies while in office.
55. The officer in charge of passing information in the Nyamwezi chiefdom had a title called _____
A. Mugabe B. Minule C. Mteko D. Kikoma
56. Which color of our national flag represents our struggle for independence?
A. Red B. Black C. White D. Green
57. Debates in the parliament are chaired by the _____
A. majority leader B. speaker
C. chief whip D. sergeant at arm
58. The arm of the government that interprets the law and promotes justice is the _____
A. Parliament B. Executive
C. Judiciary D. Legislature
59. All the following groups of people have special needs except?
A. the deaf B. the visually impaired

- C. victims of HIV/AIDS D. the illiterate
60. Three of the following are ways of resolving conflicts in our society. Which one is not?
A. Mediation B. Dialogue
C. Negotiation D. Mob justice
- CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**
61. The punishment given to Adam and Eve in the garden of Eden was that _____
A. they were made to reproduce
B. they were made to wear clothes
C. God sent them out of the garden
D. they began to eat fruits.
62. During the time of Noah, God punished human beings by sending _____
A. fire B. a great flood
C. an earthquake D. plaques
63. Which one of the following groups is made up of the sons of Jacob?
A. Reuben, Benjamin B. Joel, Luke
C. Ephraim, Mannaseh D. Gideon, Abijah
64. The killing of the Egyptians army in the Red sea during the Exodus teaches Christians that _____
A. they should feed the happy
B. they should run away from their enemies
C. should pray for their enemies
D. God protects those who are innocent
65. When Moses was near mount Sinai, he _____
A. defeated the Egyptians
B. struck a rock and water gushed out
C. made a golden bull calf
D. appointed kings of Israel.
66. The woman judge in Israel who led the army against the Canaanites was _____
A. Deborah B. Jezebel C. Zipporah D. Hannah
67. Who among the following prophets witnessed the anointing of Solomon as the king of Israel?
A. Samuel B. Zaddock
C. Nathan D. Jeremiah
68. When Jeremiah was called to become a prophet he complained that he _____
A. did not know how to speak
B. came from the smallest tribe
C. was afraid of the kings
D. was the least important person
69. "God has heard your prayer and your wife Elizabeth will bear you a son" Luke 1:13) from this statement, Christians learn that they should _____
A. get children
B. keep away from sinning
C. burn incense in the temple
D. ask God for their needs
70. Which one of the following events took place when Jesus was an infant?
A. A group of shepherds brought Him gifts
B. His parents took him to Egypt
C. He got lost in the temple
D. He got baptized
71. The miracle of feeding a large crowd with bread and fish teaches Christians to _____

- A. feed the hungry
B. work hard to get food
C. ask God for their daily needs
D. feed their families well.
72. Which of the following parables of Jesus teaches about forgiveness and repentance?
A. The Good Samaritan
B. The prodigal son
C. The widow and the judge
D. the shrewd manager
73. When Jesus healed a man suffering from a dreaded skin disease (Luke 5:14) He told him to go and present himself to the priest. This shows that Jesus
A. feared the Jewish authorities
B. wanted to please the pharisees
C. obeyed the law of Moses
D. had come to heal the sinners
74. Jesus had the last supper during the Passover feast in the town of _____
A. Bethan B. Galilee C. Jerusalem D. Jericho
75. Which one of the following events took place in the garden of Gethsemane? Jesus was _____
A. baptized B. dedicated
C. transfigured D. anointed
76. Stephen, the father of the seven deacons faced his death because he _____
A. refused to pay taxes
B. mixed with the Gentiles
C. healed people on a Sabbath
D. refused to deny Jesus
77. The women who went to the tomb were worried when they arrived at the tomb because _____
A. they thought the body of Jesus had been stolen
B. It was too dark to see inside of the tomb
C. some angles spoke to them
D. they found the tomb closed.
78. Who among the following was chosen by the disciples to replace Judas Escariot?
A. Matthias B. Nicodemus
C. Matthew D. Barnabas
79. Which of the following was the advice of Paul to Christians? They should _____
A. preach in other nation
B. work so to have something to eat
C. pay taxes to authority
D. take their children to school
80. Which of the following is not a gift of the Holy Spirit?
A. Preaching B. Knowledge
C. Faith D. Humility
81. Which one of the following duties was carried out by elders in traditional African society?
A. Settling disputes within the community
B. Foretelling the future
C. Defending the community from attacks
D. Giving names to the new borns
82. Which of the following statements in the Lord's prayer shows that God is our provider?
A. Thy kingdom come
B. Lead us not into temptations
C. Forgive us our trespasses
D. Give us this day our daily bread
83. In traditional African societies, God is considered to be _____
A. three in one
B. a universal trade creator
C. the father of Jesus
D. the living in heaven
84. The work of priests in traditional African communities was to _____
A. prepare herbal medicine
B. make rain
C. lead people in worshipping
D. foretell future events
85. Which of the following is not a rite of passage in traditional African society?
A. Confirmation B. Death
C. Initiation D. Birth
86. Grace, a class seven pupil, visits the elderly people in her village and washes their clothes. Which one of the following Christian values does she demonstrate?
A. humility B. respect C. goodness D. obedience
87. James has free time that he spends roaming at the market. He can best serve God during this time by
A. playing football B. reading the Bible
C. sleeping at home D. assisting old people
88. Tito found two Grade three boys quarreling over a pencil. As a Christian he should _____
A. call the headteacher
B. beat the one who is wrong
C. find out the problem and reconcile them
D. report them to their class teacher.
89. It is immoral for Christians to misuse their bodies because _____
A. it leads to purity
B. their bodies are the temple of God
C. other people would laugh at them
D. they need the bodies to work.
90. European missionaries who came to Kenya in the 19th century wanted to _____
A. trade with the Christians
B. set African slaves free
C. convert Africans to Christianity
D. stop all African cultural practices

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

1. Which of the following shows the Murwadhattein surahs?
A. Ikhlas and Naas B. Naas and Falaq
C. Lahab and Quraysh D. Nasr and Naas
2. The surah that talks on the speed that runs is _____
A. A'diyat B. Ikhlas C. Alaq D. Tiyn
3. Which surah refers to the Quran as the purified pages?
A. Ghashiya B. Bayyinah C. Al-fiil D. Ikhlalas
4. Arrange the following verses in order.
(i) Iqraa warabbukal akram
(ii) Iqraa bismi rabbikallahdhi khalaq

- (iii) Alladhii allama bilqalam
 (iv) Khalaqal insaana min Alaq
 A. i, ii, iii, iv B. ii, i, iv, iii
 C. ii, iv, i, iii D. ii, i, iii, iv
5. Which statement is not true about Surah Alaq?
 A. man has vast knowledge
 B. man is arrogant because of wealth
 C. Allah taught man how to use the pen
 D. man is created from a clot of blood
 6. Surah Ikhlas teaches Muslims on the following except?
 A. oneness of Allah B. Tawheed
 C. unity of Allah D. All is assisted by angels
 7. Complete the following hadith of the prophet. "He who believes in Allah and the last day _____"
 A. should pay Zakat
 B. should establish sunnah prayers
 C. should not annoy his neighbours
 D. should annoy his/her parents
 8. The prophet said "Kullu maarufin swadaqa." This hadith means _____
 A. charity is compulsory
 B. every good thing is charity
 C. charity begins at home
 D. sadaqa brings fame
 9. The following are optional prayers. Which one among them is practised once a year?
 A. Taraweh B. Kusuf C. Dhuha D. Tahajjud
 10. Muslim members in Juhudi town were experiencing drought and famine in their area. They decided to perform a certain prayer. Which prayer is it?
 A. Kusuf B. Khusuf C. Istisqai D. Dhuha
 11. Which among the following scriptures was revealed to Nabii Musa?
 A. Suhuf B. Quran C. Injil D. Taurat
 12. Which statement among the following is true about the battle of Badr?
 A. the Quraish were more than the Muslims
 B. Muslims were great in number
 C. Muslims won the battle
 D. twenty Muslims were killed
 13. Which of the following can also mean Lailatul Qadr?
 A. Lailatul Mubarakah B. Lailatul Sharaf
 C. Lailatul Naum D. Lailatul Salaam
 14. The act of going round the Kaaba is known as _____.
 A. Jamaraat B. Twawaaf C. Arafat D. Saayi
 15. Which of the following is recited by pilgrims in both Hajj and Umrah when they set from Meeqaat?
 A. Takbeer B. Taskeem C. Tasbeeh D. Talbiya
 16. The following are Jabals linked to history of Islam. Which one is correctly matched with the event that took place?
 A. Hira - prophet and Abubakar hid
 B. Thaur - prophet received wahy
 C. Sinai - Nabii Mohammed received wahy
 D. Judiy - Nabii Nuh's ark landed after floods
 17. While waiting for Lailatul Qadr, the prophet used

- to _____
 A. perform Taraweh prayer B. to Itikaf
 C. perform Witr prayer D. give daawa
18. How does the holy prophet describe his world?
 A. it is a place of relaxation and fun
 B. it is a prison for Muslims
 C. it is a cultivation ground for mankind
 D. it is a place for exploration and discovery
 19. Three of the following are positive uses of tongue. Which one is not?
 A. advocating for injustice B. reading the Quran
 C. educating others D. speaking the truth
 20. The belief in Allah can also be said as _____.
 A. Innalillahi B. Amantu Billah
 C. Astaghirullah D. Maashallah
 21. The Hijra is the turning point of the history of Islam because _____
 A. a large number of Jews in Madina became Muslims
 B. Muslims gained control of trade routes in Syria
 C. Muslims gained power to defend their faith
 D. the Islamic calendar were adopted by the Muslims
 22. One of the following is an important Islamic feature during the festival of Eid-ul-fitr. Which one is it?
 A. slaughtering animals
 B. giving sadaqatul jaariya
 C. giving zakatul fitr
 D. reading Quran
 23. Muslims can prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS through the following except?
 A. being moral
 B. abstaining from unlawful sex
 C. practising fornications
 D. follow the teachings of Islam
 24. The following are examples of Najasat. Which one among them is Najasat Mughalladah?
 A. alcohol B. puppy C. stool D. vomit
 25. The following are sources of Islamic sharia. Which one is the second source?
 A. Hadith B. Quran C. Ijma D. Qiyas
 26. The prophet of Allah who was thrown to the fire was given the title _____.
 A. Dhabihullah B. Ruuhullah
 C. Nafiyullah D. Haiilullah
 27. The following are Sunnah parts of ablution. Which one is not?
 A. rinsing the mouth B. wiping the ears
 C. intention D. saying Bismillah
 28. The major reason as to why Qabila killed his brother Habila could be _____.
 A. love B. jealousy C. anger D. cruelty
 29. The last wife of the prophet was called _____.
 A. Khadija B. Zainab C. Maryam D. Aisha
 30. Juma saved shs. 50000 for one year. How much should he pay as zakat?
 A. 5000 B. 1250 C. 500 D. 12500