

GRADE 7 MID TERM 2 MAY 2022

SOCIAL STUDIES & R.E

TARGETER WINGS STANDARD SEVEN - YEAR 2022

CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST

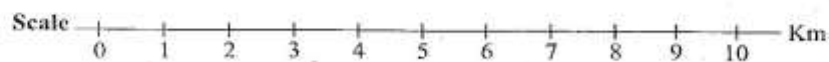
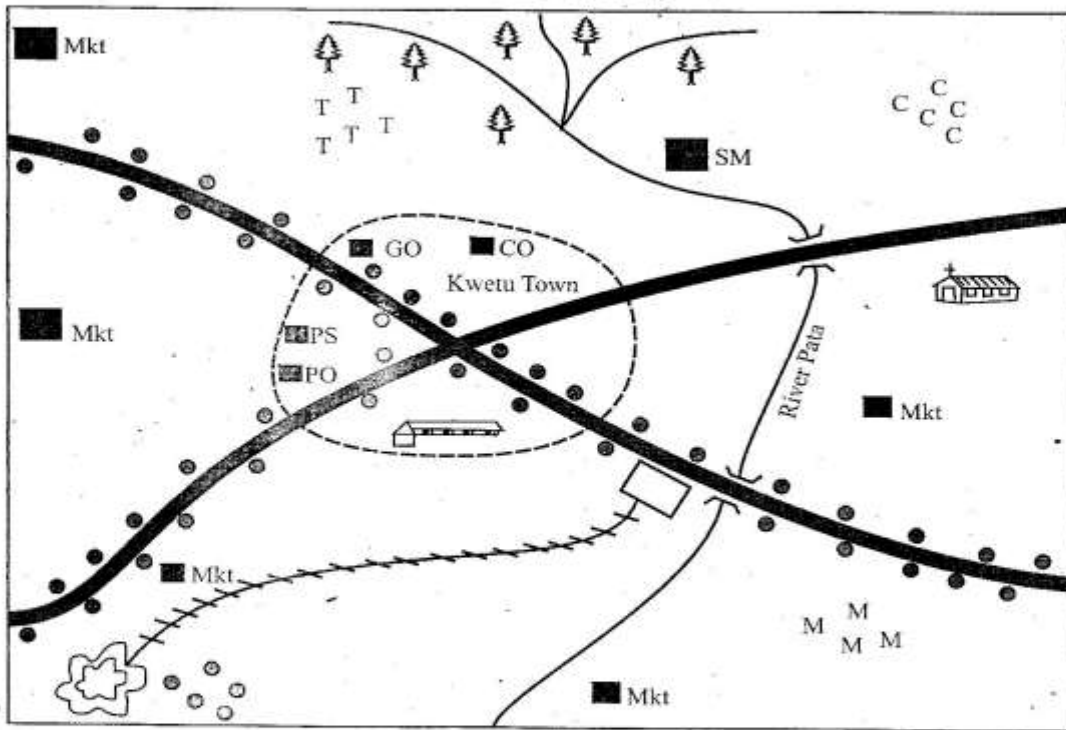
SOCIAL STUDIES/RE



Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

KEKE AREA



KEY

	Forest		Built up areas	PS Police Station
	Railway line		Tarmac road	GO Governor's Office
	School		Quarry	CO County Offices
	Church		River and Bridge	SM Saw mill
	Settlements		PO Post Office	Mkt Market
				TTT Tea Farm
				CCC Coffee Farm
				MMM* Maize Farm

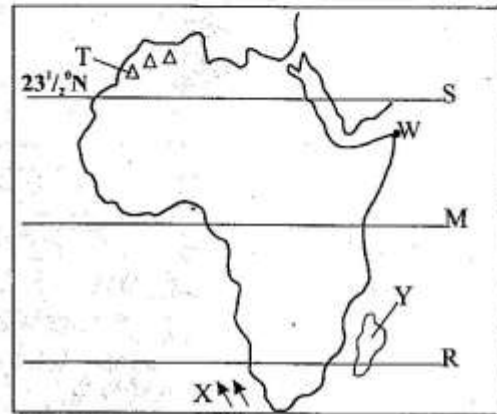
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Study the map of Keke Area and answer questions 1 - 7

- The direction of the coffee farm from the quarry is
A. South East B. North East
C. South West D. North West
- The **main** settlement pattern in Keke area is
A. nucleated B. linear
C. clustered D. scattered
- The location of Keke town was **mainly** influenced by
A. its central location.
B. economic activities.
C. favourable climate.
D. its position along the road junction.
- Which one of the following is the **main** economic activity in Keke area?
A. Farming B. Mining
C. Trading D. Lumbering
- The **main** form of transport in Keke area is
A. road B. railway
C. water D. air
- Which one of the following essential services is **not** available in Keke area?
A. Education
B. Health
C. Security
D. Transport and communication
- The climate of Keke area in the Northern part is
A. cool and wet B. hot and wet
C. hot and dry D. cool and dry
- The following are factors that influence climate of a place **except**
A. longitudes B. altitude
C. winds D. ocean currents
- Africa is connected to the Sinai Peninsula by the
A. Suez Canal
B. Red Sea
C. Strait of Bab-el Mandeb
D. Strait of Gibraltar
- Cultural artefacts are preserved in museums because they
A. are symbols of our national heritage.
B. earn the country foreign exchange.
C. create employment opportunities.
D. are source of income to the country.

- Most mountains found in the Rift Valley were formed through
A. faulting B. folding
C. volcanicity D. erosion
- The Malinke, Soninke, Susu and Bambara belong to
A. Kwa speakers B. Voltaic speakers
C. Nilo Sahara D. Mande speakers
- Who among the following early visitors was **not** a trader?
A. William Mackinon B. Carl Peters
C. Seyyid Said D. John Speke

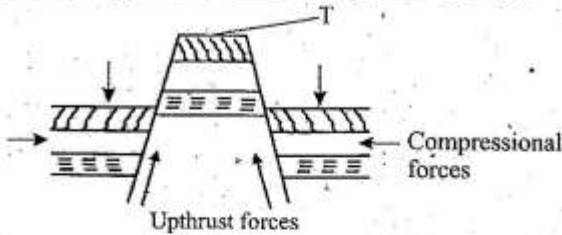
Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 14 - 18.



- The physical features marked T are
A. Atlas mountains B. Ahaggar mountain
C. Tibesti mountains D. Qattara depression
- The **most** Easterly point of Africa marked W is Cape
A. Agulhas B. Verde
C. Guardafui D. Blanco
- The ocean currents shown by letter X is
A. Canary current B. Agulhas current
C. Benguela current D. Somali current
- The country marked Y is known as
A. Comoros B. Mauritius
C. Seychelles D. Madagascar
- Which one of the following countries is **not** crossed by the tropic marked S?
A. Mali B. Egypt
C. Libya D. Chad
- Which one of the following officials of the Buganda was a chief minister?
A. Katikiro B. Omulamuzi
C. Omwanika D. Bataka

20. Three of the following lakes were formed through downwarping. Which one was **not**?
 A. Lake Victoria B. Lake Kyoga
 C. L. Bangweulu D. Lake Malawi
21. The **main** problem facing pastoral farming in Africa is
 A. attacks by pests and diseases.
 B. shortage of water and pasture.
 C. cattle rustling.
 D. lack of market.
22. Revolution of the earth causes
 A. day and night
 B. the four seasons
 C. daily rise and fall of tides
 D. difference in time between places
23. Which one of the following is a duty of children in a family?
 A. Providing basic needs for the family.
 B. Protecting the family.
 C. Assisting in the family chores.
 D. Giving guidance and counselling.
24. In traditional African societies children learned through the following methods **except**
 A. use of riddles.
 B. use of proverbs.
 C. through apprenticeship.
 D. reading story books.
25. Which one of the following countries is **not** a member of the East African Community (EAC)?
 A. Rwanda B. Burundi
 C. Sudan D. Kenya
26. The Fulani keep large herds of cattle **mainly** because
 A. they occupy the vast savannah grasslands.
 B. they use cattle for payment of dowry.
 C. it is their traditional economic activity.
 D. it is a source of their livelihood.
27. Maize is **mainly** grown in Kenya and Tanzania because
 A. the climate the two countries is favourable for maize growing.
 B. it is the main food crop of the two countries.
 C. it is the main cash crop in the two countries.
 D. it is the main raw material in the manufacturing of cooking oil.
28. During the colonial period Somalia was colonised by three of the following countries **except**
 A. Portuguese B. Italians
 C. British D. French
29. The **main** tourist attraction along the Coasts of Kenya and Tanzania is
 A. historical sites
 B. wildlife
 C. sandy beaches
 D. beautiful sceneries
30. Which of the following is **not** a block mountain?
 A. Usambara
 B. Ruwenzori
 C. Pare
 D. Mfumbiro
31. Africa lies between longitudes
 A. 18°W and 52°E
 B. 37°N and 35°S
 C. 5°N and 5°S
 D. 22°E and 52°E
32. Who among the following leaders led the Hehe people of Tanganyika in resisting the Germans?
 A. Abushiri bin Salim
 B. Bwana Heri
 C. Chief Mkwawa
 D. Kinjekitile Ngwale
33. Acacia and baobab types of vegetation are **mainly** found in
 A. desert vegetation
 B. equatorial vegetation
 C. savannah vegetation
 D. mangrove vegetation
34. All the following are conditions favouring the growing of cloves **except**
 A. high and reliable rainfall ranging from 1500 to 2000mm.
 B. deep fertile soils.
 C. high humidity.
 D. low temperatures.
35. Below are statements describing a community in Africa;
 i) *It was ruled by hereditary chiefs.*
 ii) *They were organised into chiefdoms.*
 iii) *They practised long distance trade.*
 The community described is the
 A. Baganda
 B. Luo
 C. Nyamwezi
 D. Ngoni
36. The form of transport that experiences the highest rate of accidents in Eastern Africa is
 A. railway B. road
 C. water D. air

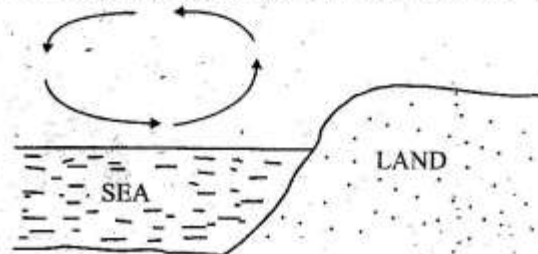
Use the diagram below to answer questions 37 - 38.



37. The feature above was formed through the process called
 A. volcanicity
 B. folding
 C. faulting and uplifting
 D. erosion
38. The part marked T is known as
 A. corrie
 B. sycline
 C. horst
 D. crater
39. The **main** reason why the government of Kenya carries out population census is
 A. to create employment opportunities.
 B. to enable the government to plan for the needs of its citizens.
 C. to establish number of births.
 D. to establish number of deaths.
40. The **main** challenge facing trade in Eastern Africa is
 A. political instability.
 B. insecurity.
 C. production of similar goods.
 D. lack of common currency.
41. The following are areas where pyrethrum is grown in Kenya **except**
 A. Nakuru B. Molo
 C. Laikipia D. Kisii
42. Pupils in Chiro primary school were asked by their Social Studies teacher to bring the following items.
 i) 1 plastic bottle.
 ii) 2 pieces of cardboards.
 iii) Sand or soil.
 iv) 2 small sticks, small maize stalks or bamboo sticks.
 The pupils were **likely** to construct a
 A. raingauge B. windvane
 C. windsock D. anemometer

43. The following are causes of child abuse. Which one is **not**?
 A. Poverty
 B. Death of parents
 C. Education
 D. Drug abuse
44. The following are Cushitic speakers **except**
 A. Orma B. Hawa
 C. Gabra D. Nuer
45. The **main** benefit of sugarcane growing in Sudan is
 A. creation of job opportunities.
 B. earning the country foreign exchange.
 C. development of towns.
 D. growth of industries.

Use the diagram below to answer questions 46 - 47.



46. The diagram above represents the formation of
 A. sea breeze
 B. land breeze
 C. convectional rainfall
 D. relief rainfall
47. This type of process takes place
 A. during day time
 B. at night
 C. at noon only
 D. in the morning only
48. Which one of the following National parks in Eastern Africa is **correctly** matched with the country where it is found?
 A. Southern National park - South Sudan
 B. Dinder National park - Eritrea
 C. Bwindi National park - Tanzania
 D. Ruaha National park - Uganda
49. Which one of the following crops was introduced by the Arabs in Eastern Africa?
 A. Cloves B. Maize
 C. Tea D. Coffee

50. Which one of the following countries in Eastern Africa was never colonised?
 A. Burundi B. Ethiopia
 C. Djibouti D. Sudan
51. The following are reasons that can lead to losing of a civic seat by an elected member of county assembly. Which one is **not**?
 A. When a member misses eight consecutive sittings without informing the speaker.
 B. When a member is declared bankrupt by a court of law.
 C. When a member is jailed for four months.
 D. When member loses his or her citizenship.
52. The head of the judiciary in Kenya is the
 A. chief justice
 B. president
 C. speaker
 D. attorney general
53. The type of democracy where all people are involved in decision making is called
 A. Indirect
 B. Direct
 C. Delegative
 D. Representative
54. The following factors limit national unity. Which one **does not**?
 A. Tribalism
 B. Nepotism
 C. Justice
 D. Racism
55. The following are elected during a general election **except**
 A. County Commissioner
 B. President
 C. Senator
 D. Woman representative
56. Which one of the following is an economic right?
 A. Right to employment
 B. Right to marry
 C. Right to food
 D. Right to vote
57. Which of these rivers in Africa has an estuary at its mouth?
 A. River Nile
 B. River Tana
 C. River Niger
 D. River Zambezi
58. The **main** function of the National Police Service in Kenya is to
 A. maintain law and order.
 B. defend the country from external attacks.
 C. rehabilitate convicted criminals.
 D. punish law breakers.
59. The highest court in Kenya is the
 A. high court
 B. court marital
 C. supreme court
 D. court of appeal
60. The smallest country in Africa is
 A. Seychelles
 B. Gambia
 C. Comoros
 D. Djibouti

SECTION II

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following is a result of man's disobedience in the garden of Eden?
 Man began to
 A. guard the land.
 B. multiply and fill the earth.
 C. cultivate the land.
 D. face death.
62. Why was Moses reluctant to go back to Egypt when he was called by God?
 A. He was afraid of Jethro.
 B. He was not a good speaker.
 C. He was too young.
 D. He was not armed.
63. What is the **main** lesson Christians learn from the call of Abraham?
 A. To be obedient.
 B. To be humble.
 C. To be persevering
 D. To be loving.
64. The Israelites ate the bitter herbs to signify
 A. the joy of moving out of Egypt.
 B. end of slavery.
 C. the bitterness they had undergone in Egypt.
 D. the hastiness.
65. Who among the following kings committed adultery?
 A. Solomon B. David
 C. Saul D. Ahab

66. One of the following miracles was performed by both prophet Elijah and Elisha. Which one is it?
 A. Calling fire from heaven.
 B. Raising the widow's son.
 C. Multiplication of oil.
 D. Purification of water.
67. Who among the following prophets foretold the birth place of Jesus?
 A. Joel B. Isaiah
 C. Jeremiah D. Micah
68. Who among the following were given the ability to work with gold, silver, bronze and wood to make various artistic items?
 A. Balaam and Bezalel
 B. Oholiab and Bezalel
 C. Samuel and Eli
 D. Aaron and Joshua
69. Who among the following Judges defeated the Midianites with only 300 soldiers?
 A. Samson B. Gideon
 C. Othniel D. Samuel
70. What was Zechariah the father of John the Baptist doing when the angel appeared to him?
 A. Burning incense in the temple.
 B. Praying in his house.
 C. Preaching in the temple.
 D. Offering animal sacrifices.
71. Jesus was taken to the temple for dedication at the age of
 A. 12 years B. 8 days
 C. 40 days D. 30 years
72. Which one of the following parables of Jesus teaches Christians to take care of the needy?
 A. Parable of the sower.
 B. Parable of the good Samaritan.
 C. Parable of the widow and the judge.
 D. Parable of the prodigal son.
73. "Silver and Gold I do not have, but I give you what I have. In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth rise up and go." Who said these words?
 A. Peter B. James
 C. John D. Jesus
74. A lesson that Christians learn from the raising of Jairus' daughter is that they should
 A. ask for help.
 B. protect themselves from evil.
 C. give out their belonging.
 D. repent their sins.
75. "Whoever refuses to work is not allowed to eat." 2nd Thessalonians 3:10. These words were said by
 A. Peter B. James
 C. Paul D. Jesus
76. Which one of the following is **not** a gift of the Holy Spirit?
 A. Healing B. Faith
 C. Love D. Faithfulness
77. After the last supper Jesus went to pray at
 A. the garden of Gethsemane.
 B. the pool of Siloam.
 C. Golgotha.
 D. the house of Lazarus.
78. Christians in the early church **best** showed their unity by
 A. singing and praising together.
 B. sharing food together.
 C. reciting scriptures.
 D. baptising one another.
79. "Faith without action is dead." Who said these words?
 A. Peter B. Jesus
 C. James D. Paul
80. Which one of the following beliefs is found in **both** Christianity and Traditional African communities?
 A. There is life after death.
 B. The righteous will go to heaven.
 C. Resurrection of the body.
 D. The sinners will go to hell.
81. People who died before our life time are known as
 A. living dead B. the unborn
 C. ancestors D. elders
82. Who among the following specialists **mainly** offered sacrifices in traditional African societies?
 A. Diviners B. Priests
 C. Rainmakers D. Kings
83. Which one of the following is a secular value?
 A. Fame
 B. Purity
 C. Love
 D. Gentleness
84. The ability to take a firm and right decision is known as
 A. assertiveness
 B. self awareness
 C. discernment
 D. creative thinking

85. Which one of the following is the **best** way of using leisure time?
- Going to church.
 - Visiting the sick.
 - Reading story books.
 - Watching movies.
86. Which **one** of the following is a way a Christian can show respect for the authority?
- Praying for the leaders.
 - Obedying the laws.
 - Voting during a general election.
 - Participating in development projects.
87. Christians are against drug abuse **mainly** because
- it defiles the temple of the Holy Spirit.
 - it leads to early pregnancy.
 - it causes diseases.
 - it is illegal.
88. Who among the following is a member of the laity?
- Usher
 - Priest
 - Pastor
 - Bishop
89. While playing in the school field you find 1000 shillings note. The **best** action for you to take is
- share the money with your friends.
 - donate the money in children's home.
 - give it to the teacher on duty.
 - give it to your parents.
90. The **best** way of preventing the spread of HIV/AIDS among the unmarried youth is by
- remaining faithful to one lover.
 - using protection during sex.
 - abstaining from sexual intercourse until marriage.
 - praying God to guide them.

SECTION II

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following surah must be recited in every swalat?
- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| A. <i>Kafirun</i> | B. <i>Fatiha</i> |
| C. <i>Qadr</i> | D. <i>Tiin</i> |
62. "Say He is Allah the one." This is a quotation from surah
- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| A. <i>Mâun</i> | B. <i>Falaq</i> |
| C. <i>Ikhlas</i> | D. <i>Fatiha</i> |
63. Which one of the following surahs discourages backbiting?
- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| A. <i>Al-Falaq</i> | B. <i>Al-Zilzalah</i> |
| C. <i>Takathur</i> | D. <i>Humaza</i> |
64. Where was prophet Muhammad (S.A.W) when he first met Angel Jibril?
- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| A. <i>Cave Thaur</i> | B. <i>Cave Tuwa</i> |
| C. <i>Cave Nur</i> | D. <i>Cave Hirah</i> |
65. Which of the following pairs of surahs are recited to seek for Allah's protection?
- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. <i>Naas and Falaq</i> | |
| B. <i>Falaq and Ikhlas</i> | |
| C. <i>Ikhlas and Naas</i> | |
| D. <i>Ikhlas and Fatiha</i> | |
66. According to the hadith of the prophet (p.b.u.h) paradise lies under the feet of
- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| A. <i>mothers</i> | B. <i>fathers</i> |
| C. <i>everyone</i> | D. <i>parents</i> |
67. Who among the following angels of Allah (S.W.T.) is **wrongly** matched with his duties?
- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| A. <i>Jibril - Wahy</i> | |
| B. <i>Izrail - Death</i> | |
| C. <i>Malik - Paradise</i> | |
| D. <i>Mikail - Rain</i> | |
68. Which one of the following attributes of Allah (S.W.T) means the forgiver?
- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| A. <i>Ar - Rahiim</i> | B. <i>Ar - Rahman</i> |
| C. <i>Al - Qudus</i> | D. <i>Al - Ghaffur</i> |