Name	Class	_AdmNo:
Date	Sign	

FORM TWO

2019 TERM 2 EXAM

CHEMISTRY

2 HOURS

Instructions to candidates:

- 1. Answer **all** questions in both section A and B.
- 2. All working must be clearly shown and, in the spaces, provided.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

Section	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
A	40	
В	40	
Grand Score	80	

1[a] what is an atom? [1mk]

[b]Distinguish between atomic number and mass number	[1mk]
2. Name two sub-atomic particles	[2mks]
3. Element P has two isotopes P_{30}^{60} and P_{30}^{61} which occur in the ratio X:2. Given that its R. Golden that the ratio P_{30}^{60} and P_{30}^{61} which occur in the ratio P_{30}^{60} which occur in the ratio P_{30}^{60} and P_{30}^{61} which occur in the ratio P_{30}^{60} and P_{30}^{60} and P_{30}^{60} which occur in the ratio P_{30}^{60} and P_{3	
Calculate the value of X	[3mks]
4. A patient went to the hospital and was diagnosed to have cold flu. The patient was prescrib take drugs 1×3	bed to
[i]How and what hours in interval will the drugs be taken	[2mks]
[ii]Supposing the patient took the drugs at 7.00a.m in the morning. What other hours of the d	lay will
the patient take the drugs	[2mks]
5. Identify a suitable method that would be used to separate mixture of the following substan [a]Iodine and potassium chloride	ces [1mk]

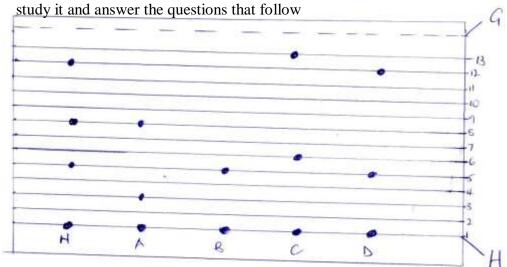
[b]Water and ethan	ol		[1mk]
[c]Table salt dissolv	ved in water		[1mk]
6. Fill the table belo	ow		
compound	Chemical formulae		
[i]sodium chloride			
[ii]Iron{III}oxide			
[iii]	Al{OH} ₃		
{1} State three such	rules to be observed		[3mks]
{ii} Most of the lab	oratory apparatus are	made of glass. Give two reasons	[2mks]
		lourless liquid suspected to be water.	
[a]Describe one che	emical test she could u	use to identify the liquid.	

{b}Describe an experiment	[2mks]			
9. Two ions X^{2+} and Y^{2-} form	ms ions with io	nic configuratio	ns 2.8.8 each	
[a]Which of the ions is of ar [i]period 3	element in			
[ii]Group 2				
[b]Given that element Y has	a mass numbe	r of 32, draw the	e structure of its	ions [2mks]
10. The form two students wand blue litmus papers and r	_	_		nt beakers. They put in red
Solution	P	Q	R	
Effect on blue litmus paper	Turns red	Remains blue	Remains blue	
Effects on red litmus paper	Remains red	Turns red	Turns blue	
Which of the solutions was	most likely to b	pe;		
[i]Distilled water				[1mk]
[ii] of an oxide of sodium. Ex	xplain your ans	wer		[2mks]

	[iii]An oxide of sulphur. Explain your answer						[2mks]	
11.[a]I	Differentia	te between pr	rescription drugs	and over the	counter d	rugs		[2mks]
		•	ed drugs in Keny					[1mk]
[c]State	e two phys	siological eff	ects of drug abuse	e to the huma	n body			[2mks]
		below show s of the elem	ing a section of the	he periodic ta	ble. The	etters are	e not the a	actual
K	L		M	Н		P	q	
10	R	1	S		7	ч		
W								
[a]State	e the letter	that represen	nts an element tha	at				
[i]Belo	ongs to per	iod 3						[2mks]
[ii]Belo	ongs to gro	oup 2						[1mk]

[iii]Forms ions with a charge of +3	[1mk]
[iv]forms ions with a charge of +1	[1mk]
[v]Forms ions with a charge of -1	[1mk]
[b]What name is given the family to which elements K and W belong	[2mks]
[c]How does the following compare? Explain your answer [i]Atomic radius P and U	[2mks]
[ii]Ionic and atomic radius of L	[2mks]
[iii]ionic and atomic radius of U	[2mks]

13. Form two students carried out paper chromatogram for mixture of K and substances A,B,C and D.



[a]Label	[2mks]
[i]G	
[ii]H	
[b]What is the suitable solvent to use in this paper chromatogram	[1mk]
	[3mks]
[d]Which of the pure substance was a compound of N	[1mk]
[e]State two factors that determine the speed by which a substance in a solution moves up the absorption paper	[2mks]

[f]State two application of paper chromatogram	[2mks]
14. The chart below shows how the main components of air are separated. Study it and are questions that follow	swer the
AIR PROCESS A PIER REAGENT B CO2 free	
COMPRESSOR Air free EXCESS COPPER TURNINGS CHEMTED)	
LIGUID AIR Substance C	
Process D	
Gas X Gas Y Hitrogen -183°C [a]Identify	
[a]Identify [i]Gas x	[1mk]
[ii]Gas y	[1mk]
[iii]The temperature at which Nitrogen is distilled out	
	[1mk]
[b]Name	
i. Process A	[1mk]
ii. Reagent B	[1mk]

iii. Substance C							[1mk]
iv. Process D							[1mk]
[c]What is the purpose of passin	ng the air th	rough co	mpressor				[1mk]
[d]Write the chemical equation	of the react	tion takin	o nlace w	hen conr	ner turnin	os are hea	ated [1mk
[a] write the enominear equation	or the react	ion tuitin	- 1			_	
15.Study the table below and an	swer the qu	uestions t			••••••	•••••	•••••
ELEMENT	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
Atomic radius [nm]	0.156	0.136	0.125	0.110	0.110	0.104	0.099
Ionic radius[nm]	0.095	0.065	0.050			0.184	0.181
1 st ionization energy KJ/mol	492	743	790	791	1060	1063	1254
Melting point ⁰ C	97.8	650	660	1410	442	119	-101
Atomic number	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
[i]Explain why;							
[a]A has a larger atomic radius t	than ionic r	adius					[1mk
[b]G has a smaller atomic radius	s than its io	onic radiu	s				[1mk]

[d]Explain why D has the highest melting point	[1mk]
[e]Why is G having smallest atomic size	[1mk]