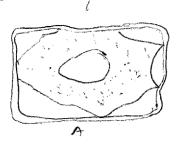
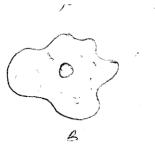
FORM 4 EVALUATION TEST 2021 BIOLOGY PAPER 2

1. The diagram shows two types of cells placed in a certain solution. Study them and answer questions that follow





a. Name the physiological process responsible for the observed results.

[1 Mark]

b. Give the correct biological term used to describe cells A & B.

[2 Marks]

A –

B –

2. The equation below shows a chemical reaction that takes place in plants.

Carbon (iv) oxide + water

A + water

a. Identify substance A.

[1 Mark]

b. Name the process represented by the equation.

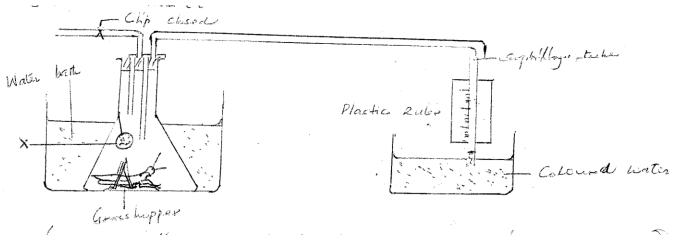
[1 Mark]

c. Other than the reactants state $\underline{\textbf{two}}$ conditions necessary for this reaction.

[2 Marks]

i.

3. The diagram below illustrates an experiment used to determine rate of respiration in a small insect.



a. Name the chemical compound labeled X and state its function.
 Compound –

[2 Marks]

Function –

b. Why is the conical flask placed in a water bath?

[1 Mark]

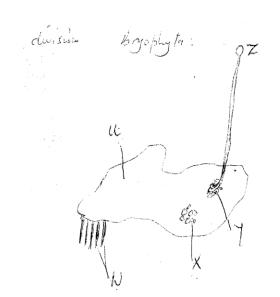
c. What would happen to the level of coloured water after 5 minutes? Explain: [2 Marks]

d. How can a control experiment be set?

[1 Mark]

4. In a biology lesson a student collected the animal in the diagram below. Use it to answer questions that follow; a. Name the phylum and class to which the organism belongs i. Phylum _____ [1 Mark] ii. Class_ [1 Mark] b. Give two reasons for your answer in 1 (i), (ii) above [4 Marks] i. ______

5. The diagram below represents a plant in the division Byrophyta:



a.	Name the parts labeled U	[5 Marks]
	W	
	Χ	
	Υ	
	Z	

b. Name one function of part labeled. [3 Marks]

Χ

Υ

Ζ

6.

- a. It is observed that when apical bud of a plant is removed, lateral buds sprouts, where as they do not sprout in presence of the apical bud;
 - i. What is the biological term used to describe this?

[1 Mark]

		ii. Give one application of this phenomena in agriculture.	[1 Mark]
		State four roles of IAA in plant growth and development: In epigeal germination the cotyledon is brought above the soil surfaces; Explain	[4 Marks] in [2 Marks]
7.		State 2 structural modifications of nephrons in desert mammals.	[2 Marks]
	b.	State a kidney disease whose symptom is coloured and turbid urine	[1 Mark]

8.	In a biological experiment; a cross was made between a tall pea plant & dwarfs	plants; their
	progeny was selfed and the resulting plants were in a mixture in the ratio of 3:1.	Make a
	biological cross to show these outcomes.	[4 Marks]

9. Explain geographical distribution as evidence of organic evolution.

[2 Marks]

[10 Marks]

SECTION B

Answer Questions 10 (Compulsory) and either question 11 or 12 in the Spaces Provided

10. The table below shows the changes observed in the dry weight in milligrams of a barley seedling, its embryo and Endosperm during the first ten days after the onset of germination.

		Dry weight in milligrams		
Time (days)	Embryo	Endosperm	Whole seedling	
0	2	41	45	
2	2	39	43	
4	7	32	41	
6	15	21	38	
8	22	11	35	
10	35	6	43	

a. Using a suitable scale and on the same axis, plot a graph of dry weight of embryo,
 endosperm and whole seedling against time.

b. State and account for the changes in dry weight shown by:-

i. Endosperm [4 Marks]

ii. Embryo [4 Marks]

c. Explain the role of water during germination [4 Marks]

11.

a. Describe how the mammalian heart is adapted to its function

b. How does gaseous exchange take place in terrestrial plants? [10 Marks]
12.
a. How is the Epidermis of a green plant adapted to its function? [6 Marks]
b. Describe how structural factors affect rate of transpiration in plants [8 Marks]
c. Describe how xerophytes adapted to minimize water loss in their habitat. [6 Marks]