

CLASS 6 END TERM 3 MARCH 2022

ENGLISH

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. select the best alternative from the choices given.

Fox liked playing tricks _____ 1 _____ other animals. One day, he _____ 2 _____ his friends Gorilla _____ 3 _____ Monkey guarding their farm. _____ 4 _____ did that so that _____ 5 _____ and other animals _____ 6 _____ not destroy their crops. Fox _____ 7 _____ a brightly coloured coat. On one side, the coat _____ 8 _____ yellow and on the _____ 9 _____ side it was green. _____ 10 _____ the middle it was orange. _____ 11 _____ fox walked between the boundary _____ 12 _____ Gorilla and Monkey's farms.

"What a brightly coloured coat _____ 13 _____ shouted Gorilla. The fox walked _____ 14 _____ the two animals and pretended that he had not _____ 15 _____ what the Gorilla had said.

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|--------------|-----------|----------|---------------|
| 1. A. on | B. into | C. by | D. off |
| 2. A. so | B. see | C. saw | D. seen |
| 3. A. but | B. and | C. or | D. yet |
| 4. A. He | B. They | C. Them | D. She |
| 5. A. trees | B. cars | C. birds | D. neighbours |
| 6. A. can | B. can't | C. shall | D. could |
| 7. A. wore | B. were | C. was | D. weared |
| 8. A. is | B. was | C. were | D. are |
| 9. A. a | B. these | C. other | D. no |
| 10. A. In | B. On | C. Under | D. Off |
| 11. A. A | B. An | C. The | D. These |
| 12. A. among | B. of | C. below | D. under |
| 13. A. , | B. ? | C. ! | D. . |
| 14. A. past | B. passed | C. pass | D. passing |
| 15. A. had | B. herd | C. hard | D. heard |

For questions 16 and 17, choose the word that best completes the sentences.

16. AIDS is a disease that has _____ many deaths.
 A. killed B. cursed
 C. caused D. no cure
17. My mother is as faithful as a
 A. dog
 B. cat
 C. cow
 D. pigeon

For questions 18 and 19, choose the correct question tag.

18. We need to walk fast,
 A. do they?
 B. won't we?
 C. don't we?
 D. will me?
19. They rarely talk when having meals,
 A. do they? B. can they?
 C. don't they? D. cant they?

For questions 20 and 21, choose the word that is opposite to the underlined.

20. I am the eldest in our family.
A. smallest B. biggest
C. fattest D. youngest
21. This is a familiar zone.
A. known B. common
C. friendly D. strange

For questions 22 and 23, fill the gaps with the correct prepositions.

22. The farmer accused us _____ stealing her mangoes.
A. by B. off
C. on D. of
23. I rely _____ my parents for basic needs.
A. by B. on
C. in D. at

For question 24 and 25, choose the sentence that means the same as the underlined.

24. Oranges are more interesting than pawpaws.
A. Both fruits are good.
B. None of the fruits are good.
C. Oranges are bad.
D. Pawpaw are not good as oranges.
25. Peter neither sings nor dances.
A. Peter does not sing and dance.
B. Peter is a good dancer but a poor singer.
C. Peter sings better than he can dance.
D. Peter dances and sings.

Read the passage below and answer questions 26 to 38.

Maura watched the moving van pull up to the house next door. Finally, some new neighbours. The house had stood empty for few months, and Maura had been hoping a girl her age would move in. "Mom, they're here! She yelled.
"We'll let them get settled, then we'll go over to say hello and welcome them to the neighbourhood," Mom said.

Maura stared wide-eyed and hopeful as the moving van doors opened. But her shoulders slumped when she saw the older couple step out. "They're...." Mom moved the curtain aside. "Probably retired. Sorry, sweetie." She squeezed Maura's shoulder. "I know you were hoping for a new friend."

Maura left the window and went to her room. She lay on her bed and stared at the ceiling, thinking about how boring the holiday was going to be. She was the only kid her age in the neighbourhood.

"Maura." Mom knocked on the partially open door. "I'm going next door to welcome the new neighbours. I'd like it if you come, too."

Maura didn't feel like it, but she didn't have anything better to do. Mom wrapped her arm around Maura's shoulders and gave her a gentle squeeze as they walked next door. A young girl stepped out onto the porch, bumping right into Maura.

Maura couldn't help smiling. The girl had to be the same age as her. "Hi. I'm Maura. Are you moving in here?"

"No My grandparents are. I'm helping them unpack." The girl turned when her grandparents came outside.

"Meet Charles and Patricia Moore. Oh, and I'm Emily."

Maura wanted to cry for the second time today. She'd hoped Emily was also moving in. "Hi," she said, trying to be polite.

"Emily is with us almost every weekend," Patricia said, eyeing Maura. "It looks like you two are at the same age. Maybe you could show her around."

"Sure," Maura said, perking up a little.

"Great." Emily said. She leaned forward and whispered, "Could you keep an eye on my grandparents for me? We're really close, and it would mean a lot to me. They tell really great stories, too."

26. According to the first paragraph, Maura
 A. was moving to a new neighbourhood.
 B. didn't want new neighbours.
 C. was looking after the house next door.
 D. was looking for new neighbours.
27. The house next to Maura's
 A. was occupied.
 B. had been vacant.
 C. belonged to an old couple.
 D. was not attractive.
28. Maura and her mother would welcome the new neighbours after they had
 A. settled down.
 B. been vacant.
 C. introduced themselves.
 D. packed their belongings.
29. Maura was eager to see
 A. young children.
 B. a girl of her age.
 C. grown up children.
 D. an elderly couple.
30. Maura thought the holiday was going to be boring because
 A. there was nowhere to play.
 B. she knew no one around.
 C. she was new in the area.
 D. she had no one to play with.
31. Who wanted to go and welcome the new neighbours?
 A. Maura's mother.
 B. Maura herself.
 C. No one in the neighbourhood.
 D. Both Maura and her mother.
32. The only reason Maura decided to go and welcome the new neighbours was because
 A. she loved the old couple.
 B. she had nothing better to do.
 C. her mother made her do it.
 D. she saw a girl with the old couple.
33. The new neighbours probably had retired because they
 A. were old.
 B. had many things.
 C. had no children.
 D. only retired people moved there.
34. The girl who stepped out onto the porch was
 A. Maura's friend.
 B. older than Maura.
 C. younger than Maura.
 D. Maura's agemate.
35. The name of the new girl was
 A. Moore B. Emily
 C. Patricia D. Maura
36. For the second time Maura wanted to cry because the new girl
 A. would not be staying around.
 B. was staying with her grandparents.
 C. would not be Maura's friend.
 D. was rather rude to Maura.
37. According to the passage, the old grandmother was good at
 A. cooking B. singing
 C. story telling D. reciting poems
38. Which one of the following is the best title for the passage?
 A. Welcoming new neighbours.
 B. Maura's new neighbours.
 C. Maura gets her wish
 D. Maura's neighbourhood.

Read the passage below and answer questions 39 to 50.

Many diseases which once used to kill large numbers of people have now been made almost completely harmless by the means of vaccination. Vaccination prevents people from catching the disease. With fewer people to spread them, the diseases die out. Unfortunately some of these diseases are still quite common because many people do not have their children vaccinated. Children are still affected by smallpox, measles and polio despite the government's campaign to vaccinate all children in the country.

Some parents have false beliefs about vaccinations. Others claim that their faith prohibits them from seeking treatment and still others are too lazy to take their children for immunisation.

Children who survive smallpox attack often have ugly scars on their bodies or poor eyesight for the rest of their lives.

Measles quickly kills and polio can result in death or leave the victim lame for the rest of their life.

In addition to these, other diseases also threaten millions of people every year. Tuberculosis is an example. Plagues also kill many people within a very short duration, then subside suddenly due to government's preventive measures. Most of these diseases have no known cure despite people knowing their cause and how they are spread. These include ebola, yellow fever, avian flu, highland malaria among others. Of the diseases that have no vaccines, cancer is the most dangerous at present. It attacks the body organs. At its early stages it can be cured. Little is known about it and doctors have done endless research on it. The curious thing about it is that it occurs worldwide and is not localised as other common plagues.

39. From the first sentence, we can say that
- A. many diseases still kill large number of people.
 - B. vaccination has made diseases harmful.
 - C. many known harmful diseases are now harmless.
 - D. diseases have made vaccines almost harmless.
40. How does a disease die out after vaccination?
- A. Vaccines stop new infections.
 - B. When a cure is obtained.
 - C. When vaccines are discovered.
 - D. When many people get the vaccine.
41. Why are diseases with vaccines still common?
- A. Government has vaccination campaigns in place.
 - B. Many vaccines don't prevent the diseases.
 - C. The diseases spread to many people.
 - D. Children are not widely vaccinated.
42. Which one among the following is not a vaccinated disease?
- A. Measles
 - B. Malaria
 - C. Polio
 - D. Small pox
43. What does the government do to fight deaths from preventable diseases?
- A. Treatment of children.
 - B. Buying medicine to all children.
 - C. Organising vaccination campaigns for all children.
 - D. Building more hospitals.
44. Which problem does the government face during vaccination campaigns?
- A. False beliefs from parents about vaccines.
 - B. Lack of enough vaccines.
 - C. Shortage of hospitals.
 - D. Fast spread of diseases.
45. Which is a known sign of smallpox?
- A. Leaves the victim lame.
 - B. It kills very fast.
 - C. It leaves ugly scars on the body and poor eyesight.
 - D. It is the leading killer.
46. Which of the following diseases threatens million of people every year?
- A. Measles
 - B. Tuberculosis
 - C. Smallpox
 - D. Polio
47. What is common in plagues?
- A. All plagues have vaccines.
 - B. Plagues only attack children.
 - C. They spread very fast.
 - D. Plagues are not dangerous diseases.
48. Which one is not a plague according to the passage?
- A. Ebola
 - B. Polio
 - C. Avian Flu
 - D. Yellow fever
49. Which is the most dangerous disease at present according to the passage?
- A. AIDS
 - B. Polio
 - C. Smallpox
 - D. Cancer
50. What is curious about cancer? It
- A. is the leading killer disease.
 - B. attacks all body organs.
 - C. is widespread.
 - D. has no vaccine.