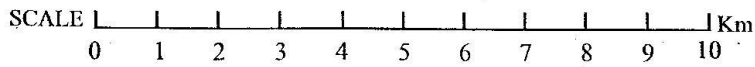
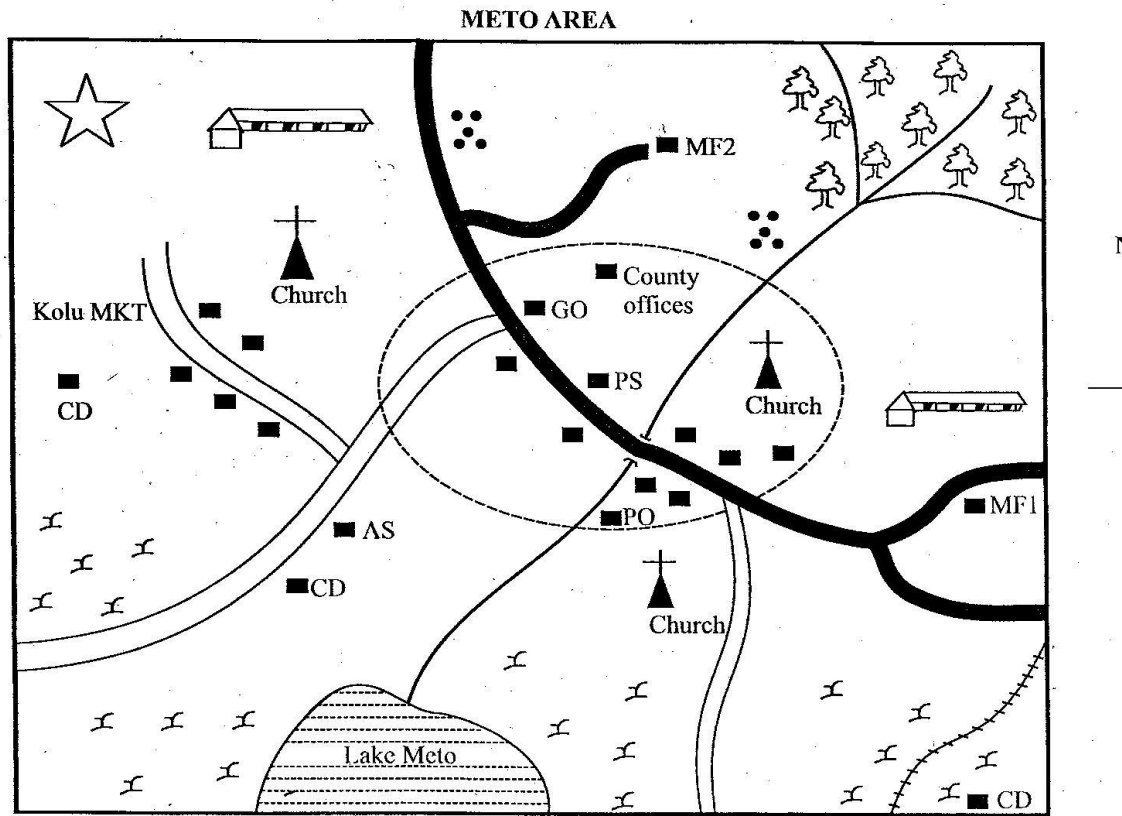


**CLASS 7 MID TERM 3 DECEMBER 2021  
SOCIAL STUDIES**



**KEY:**

	Tarmac road		School		Lake	PO	Post Office
	Murram road		Quarry	PP	Pyrethrum	PS	Police Station
	Settlement		River and Bridge	MF	Milk Factory	CD	Cattle dip
	Forest		Town boundary	CC	Chief's Camp	AS	Airstrip
	Shrubs		Permanent buildings	GO	Governor's Office	MKT	Market

Study the map of Meto area above and use it to answer questions 1 to 7.

1. The land in Meto area slopes from  
A. North West.  
B. North East.  
C. South.  
D. South West.
2. What is the approximate distance of the railway line in Meto area?  
A. 5km                      B. 3.8km  
C. 3km                      D. 7km
3. The **most** developed means of transport in Meto area is  
A. water transport      B. road transport  
C. air transport        D. rail transport
4. A trader in Kolu market may obtain a trade licence from  
A. chief's camp        B. police station  
C. county offices      D. post office
5. The **most** essential service not provided in Meto area is  
A. communication services.  
B. health services.  
C. security services.  
D. educational services.
6. The **main** economic activity in Meto area is  
A. cattle keeping      B. lumbering  
C. fishing              D. crop growing
7. What is the **main** religion in Meto area?  
A. Islam                B. Hinduism  
C. African traditional D. Christianity
8. The following communities migrated into Kenya from the horn of Africa **except**  
A. Dahalo              B. Sanyc  
C. Ilchamus            D. Gabbra
9. Which one of the following statements is **true** about the cultural artefacts?  
A. Cultural artefacts are the main tourists attractions.  
B. Cultural artefacts were brought into the country by the colonialists.  
C. Cultural artefacts earn the government revenue when they are exported.  
D. Cultural artefacts help us understand the culture of our ancestors.

10. The major road that joins Cape Town in South Africa and Cairo in Egypt is known as  
A. Trans African Highway.  
B. The Great North Road.  
C. Trans Saharan Highway.  
D. Cotonou - Gao - Oudja highway.
11. Before the coming of Europeans, most East African Communities were ruled by  
A. kings                      B. council of elders  
C. chiefs                      D. emperors
12. Which one of the following is **not** a duty of a patriot?  
A. Boycotting elections.  
B. Supporting political parties.  
C. Paying tax.  
D. Attending National holidays.
13. Who came up with the philosophy of African socialism?  
A. Tom Mboya and Daniel Moi.  
B. Mwai Kibaki and Jomo Kenyatta.  
C. Jomo Kenyatta and Tom Mboya.  
D. Daniel Moi and Mwai Kibaki.
14. Peace in a country can be undermined by  
A. respecting the constitution.  
B. living together in unity.  
C. rigging elections.  
D. respecting all leaders.
15. Who among the following are members of parliament in Kenya?  
A. The president and the deputy.  
B. Youth representatives.  
C. The attorney general.  
D. Chief justice and judges.
16. The following statements describe a type of forest in Kenya.  
i) *Trees mature very quickly.*  
ii) *Trees are not suitable for making paper.*  
iii) *Trees grow in pure stands.*  
iv) *Trees are suitable for providing high quality furniture.*  
Which of the above statements describe forests found in Mau ranges?  
A. (ii) and (iv)              B. (i) and (iii)  
C. (i) and (iv)              D. (ii) and (iii)

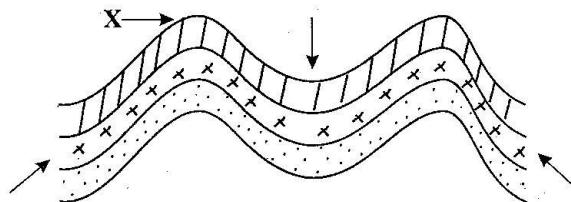
17. Which one of the following leaders collaborated with the colonialists?  
 A. Mukite wa Namene  
 B. Oloibon Lenana  
 C. Chief Mkwawa  
 D. Kabaka Mwangi
18. During the pre-colonial period, the **main** economic activity of the Abaluhya was  
 A. fishing. B. cattle keeping.  
 C. bee farming. D. crop farming.
19. The president of Kenya is elected for a term of  
 A. nine years. B. two years.  
 C. five years. D. four years.
20. Which one of the following is **not** a feature of the coat of arms?  
 A. Knives and water.  
 B. Two lions and spears.  
 C. Shield and cockerel.  
 D. Harambee and spears.
21. When people are allowed to own property or land anywhere in the country, they exercise which right?  
 A. Political right  
 B. Economic right  
 C. Social right  
 D. Democratic right
22. Study the diagram below and answer the following question.



- The sign above shows  
 A. around junction ahead.  
 B. steep slope ahead.  
 C. road narrows ahead.  
 D. sharp bend ahead.
23. Which one of the following is a social reason why Eastern African countries were occupied by colonialists?  
 A. To acquire more land.  
 B. To obtain raw materials.  
 C. To spread Christianity.  
 D. To create market for goods.
24. Which of these is a basic family need?  
 A. Education B. Security  
 C. Food D. Health

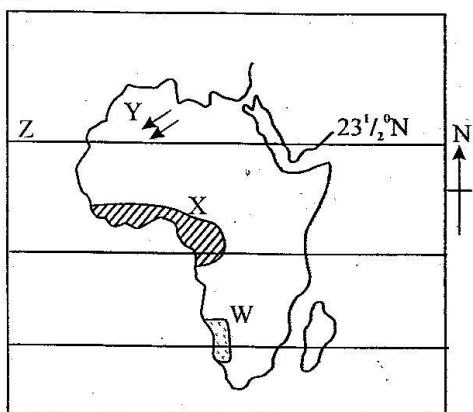
25. Who among the following early visitors to Eastern African Coast came for political expeditions?  
 A. Vasco da Gama B. Ludwig Krapf  
 C. John Speke D. Carl Peters
26. The following are conditions influencing the growth of a certain crop:  
 i) Adequate and reliable labour.  
 ii) A greenhouse to control temperature and moisture.  
 iii) Availability of electricity to provide light and warmth.  
 iv) A lot of capital.  
 The above conditions suit the growth of  
 A. flowers and vegetables.  
 B. fruits and vegetables.  
 C. coffee and tea.  
 D. bananas and sugarcane.
27. Which one of the following is the importance of school motto?  
 A. Helps in managing time.  
 B. Explain the well being of members of the society.  
 C. Explains the traditions and beliefs of the school.  
 D. Ensures all activities in school take place smoothly.

Use the diagram below to answer questions 28 - 30.



28. The raised part marked X is known as  
 A. syncline B. anticline  
 C. the fold D. the compression
29. Which one of the following groups of mountains were formed as a result of the above process?  
 A. Usambara, Ruwenzori, Mau ranges.  
 B. Ahaggar, Tibesti, Danakil Alps.  
 C. Akwapim Hills, Atlas, Cape ranges.  
 D. Kilimanjaro, Meru, Tibesti.

**Study the map of Africa below and answer questions 30-33.**



30. The type of vegetation in the shaded region marked **W** is
  - A. Savannah vegetation.
  - B. Mangrove forests.
  - C. Mountain vegetation.
  - D. Desert vegetation.
31. Which one of the following statements is true about the shaded climatic zone marked **X**?
  - A. The sun is always overhead.
  - B. Experiences winter and summer conditions.
  - C. Experiences high temperatures at day time and cool temperatures at night.
  - D. Rainfall is below 250mm annually.
32. The winds marked **Y** are known as
  - A. Westerlies
  - B. North East trade winds.
  - C. South East trade winds
  - D. Harmattan winds
33. Which of the following countries is crossed by the line marked **Z**?
  - A. Mauritius, Sudan, Chad.
  - B. Libya, Algeria, Egypt.
  - C. Mali, Eritrea, Libya.
  - D. Senegal, Egypt, Western Sahara.
34. Who among the following **does not** qualify to be a dual citizen in Kenya?
 

A. Teachers	B. Ambassadors
C. The president	D. Civil servants
35. Which one of the following groups of people have special needs?
 

A. Mentally challenged.	B. Unemployed.
C. Uneducated.	D. The retirees.

36. Which one of the following is the **best** way of maintaining peace and harmony in schools?
  - A. Being hardworking in class.
  - B. Respecting one another.
  - C. Observing punctuality.
  - D. Observing school rules.
37. The presidential election results are announced by
  - A. presiding officer of IEBC.
  - B. chairperson of IEBC.
  - C. returning officer.
  - D. speaker of parliament.
38. The migration of the Agikuyu from Shungwaya was **mainly** influenced by
  - A. attacks by the Athi.
  - B. attacks by the Dorobo.
  - C. attacks by the Galla.
  - D. attacks by the Maasai.
39. If the time in Accra Ghana at longitude  $0^{\circ}$  is 2.30p.m, what time will it be in Kampala at longitude  $30^{\circ}$ E?
 

A. 4.30p.m.	B. 12.30p.m.
C. 3.00p.m.	D. 2.30a.m.
40. The **most** popular tourist attraction in Egypt is
  - A. archaeological sites.
  - B. Pharaohs palace.
  - C. wildlife.
  - D. the pyramids.
41. The headquarters of the Buganda kingdom was at
 

A. Mengo	B. Jinja
C. Elurcko	D. Bagamoyo
42. Who among the following is **not** a member of the judiciary in Kenya?
  - A. The chief registrar.
  - B. Speaker of the senate.
  - C. Magistrate.
  - D. Chief justice.
43. Which one of the following groups of communities is **correctly** matched with the language group?
 

<u>Community</u>	<u>Language group</u>
A. Hausa, Mande, Songhai	- Mande speakers
B. Swazi, Tswana, Zulu	- Nilotic speakers
C. Berbers, Tuaregs, Bemba	- Bantu speakers
D. Nzima, Ashanti, Gas	- Kwa speakers
44. Which one of the following groups of countries belong to the ECOWAS trading block?
  - A. Cote D'Ivoire, Liberia, Ghana.
  - B. Malawi, Ghana, Nigeria.
  - C. Togo, Angola, Senegal.
  - D. Liberia, Libya, Egypt.

45. Which one of the following communities is a highland Nilote found in Eastern Africa?  
 A. Jie                                      B. Anuak  
 C. Dadog                                    D. Labwor
46. The main responsibility of the senate is to  
 A. make laws of the country.  
 B. amend laws of the country.  
 C. approve bills from national assembly.  
 D. represent interests of counties.
47. Which one of the following statements is true of the interaction between people in the pre-colonial period?  
 A. People only interacted through religious activities.  
 B. People interacted through wars and raids.  
 C. International communities interacted through education.  
 D. Interaction through social media was highly encouraged.
48. Which one of the following factors is least considered when determining the location of a bakery industry?  
 A. Raw materials.                      B. Ready market.  
 C. Labour availability. D. Transport system.
49. Which one of the following communities were governed by kings in Africa in pre-colonial era?  
 A. Maasai, Nyamwezi  
 B. Baganda, Abawanga  
 C. Lozi, Ameru  
 D. Agiriama, Akamba
50. Juvenile courts in Kenya handle cases of  
 A. marital conflicts between couples.  
 B. civil disobedience involving children.  
 C. school rules and regulations.  
 D. murder and assaults by all citizens.
51. One of the advantages of physical features on human activities is that  
 A. rivers flood plains causing displacement of people.  
 B. mountains are used to install communication equipment.  
 C. swamps are filled with stagnant water that forms site for breeding of pests like mosquitoes.  
 D. valleys lead in major landslides.
52. Which one of the following groups of weather instruments are not placed in a Stevenson's screen?  
 A. Raingauge, windsock  
 B. Thermometer, barometer.  
 C. Barometer, hygrometer.  
 D. Anemometer, thermometer
53. Most poultry farms are located near urban centres mainly due to  
 A. a good climate.  
 B. availability of chicken feed.  
 C. good transport network.  
 D. high demand for chicken and their products.
54. The major contribution of Haile Selassie is that he  
 A. modernised education.  
 B. founded O.A.U.  
 C. resisted the colonialists.  
 D. abolished slave trade.
55. Which one of the following is not an electronic media?  
 A. Radio, telephones.  
 B. Newspapers, magazines.  
 C. Television, mobile phones.  
 D. Fax, computers.
56. Mangrove forests are mainly found  
 A. in arid areas  
 B. around the lake basin  
 C. along the coast  
 D. in the highlands
57. The second prime minister of Kenya was  
 A. Jomo Kenyatta                      B. Daniel Moi  
 C. Mwai Kibaki                        D. Raila Odinga
58. Which of the following are not subsistence crops?  
 A. Tea, pineapples                      B. Yams, millet  
 C. Cassava, potatoes                    D. Pumpkins, bananas
59. The officer in charge of raids and expeditions among the Nyamwezi was  
 A. Kikoma                                B. Minule  
 C. Mtwale                                 D. Ntemi
60. Which one of the river projects have the most number of dams in Africa?  
 A. Volta river scheme.  
 B. Tana river projects.  
 C. Aswan high dam.  
 D. Kariba dam project.

## SECTION II

### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. When Adam and Eve sinned in the garden of Eden they  
 A. repented their sins.  
 B. offered a sacrifice to God.  
 C. were sent out of the garden.  
 D. stopped speaking to the snake.
62. During the call of Moses of Mt. Sinai, God's presence was shown in the form of  
 A. fire                                      B. rainbow  
 C. cloud                                    D. strong wind

63. The Christian value that Christians learn from the call of Abraham in Haran is  
 A. faith                      B. courage  
 C. patience                  D. humility
64. Joseph showed kindness to his brothers in Egypt when he  
 A. took them to the king.  
 B. gave them food.  
 C. prayed for them.  
 D. asked them about their father.
65. God punished the Egyptians on the night of the Exodus by  
 A. covering the whole land with darkness.  
 B. killing their first born sons.  
 C. turning water in river Nile into blood.  
 D. drowning the Egyptians in the Red Sea.
66. Which one of the following events happened when God was making a covenant with the Israelites on Mt. Sinai during Exodus?  
 A. Miriam led other women in a song.  
 B. A strong wind blew.  
 C. Darkness came over the land.  
 D. Cloud covered the mountain.
67. God rejected Saul as the king of Israel because he  
 A. had disobeyed God's command.  
 B. had married foreign wives.  
 C. did not build the temple.  
 D. had grown too old.
68. The story of king Ahab and Naboth teaches Christians to  
 A. speak the truth.  
 B. help the poor.  
 C. be fair in their actions.  
 D. forgive their enemies.
69. Which prophet foretold the birth place of the Messiah?  
 A. Micah                      B. Joel  
 C. Ezekiel                  D. Isaiah
70. Who among the following baptised the Ethiopian Eunuch?  
 A. John the baptist      B. Philip  
 C. Jesus                      D. Matthew
71. When Jesus was rejected in Nazareth, He had just read the book of  
 A. Jeremiah                B. Daniel  
 C. Amos                      D. Isaiah
72. To show how to serve others, Jesus  
 A. baptised His followers.  
 B. broke the bread for the disciples.  
 C. calmed the storm.  
 D. washed the disciples' feet.
73. Which one of the following can be as a result of misuse of sex?  
 A. Joyfulness.  
 B. Depression.  
 C. Leading a successful life.  
 D. Being holy.
74. We should use our talents and skills to  
 A. oppress others.      B. humiliate others.  
 C. enrich ourselves.    D. serve God and others
75. The calming of the storm teaches Christians that Jesus had power over  
 A. nature                      B. death  
 C. evil                          D. water
76. "Do not put the Lord your God to test."  
 (Matthew 4:7). Jesus said these words when the devil told Him to  
 A. change the stone into bread.  
 B. bow down and worship the devil.  
 C. jump from the top of the temple.  
 D. change water into wine.
77. Jesus expects us to share new life by doing the following **except**  
 A. caring for the sick.  
 B. feeding the hungry.  
 C. visiting the prisoners.  
 D. isolating the elderly.
78. When Saul was traveling to Damascus light flashed around him and he became.  
 A. blind                      B. dumb  
 C. deaf                        D. lame
79. Who was chosen by the disciples as a believer to take the place of Judas Iscariot?  
 A. Paul                        B. Matthew  
 C. Stephen                  D. Matthias
80. "I have no money at all ..... in the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth I order you to stand up and walk." (Acts. 3:6) Peter said these words to a lame beggar in  
 A. Lydda                      B. Thyttira  
 C. Jerusalem                D. Antioch
81. Which of these is **both** a gift and a fruit of the holy spirit?  
 A. Love  
 B. Goodness  
 C. Faith  
 D. Humility
82. Which of the following groups of books of the Bible is made up letters?  
 A. Esther, Amos, Obadiah.  
 B. James, Hebrews, Galatians.  
 C. Matthew, Mark, Luke.  
 D. Revelations, Job, Psalms.

83. Believers were first called Christians at  
 A. Galilee                      B. Jerusalem  
 C. Bethany                      D. Antioch
84. An act **mainly** performed by elders in traditional African communities is  
 A. going to war.  
 B. baptising members.  
 C. sacrificing animals.  
 D. reading the scriptures.
85. Drug abuse in the society may lead to the following **except**  
 A. poor health              B. loss of life  
 C. broken families      D. good performance
86. Rhodah a standard seven girl at Elimu Academy tells her mother that she fears going out for break. What is the **best** advice that the mother should give her?  
 A. Go home during break time.  
 B. Pray to overcome fear.  
 C. Stay with the classteacher.  
 D. Do homework during break time.
87. Japheth is a rich man in the village. He can **best** use his wealth to help the community by  
 A. paying for the people in the village to go for tour.  
 B. telling them how to be hardworking.  
 C. drilling a borehole for the community.  
 D. inviting the villagers for a party.
88. Priscilla a standard seven pupil has been asked by her classteacher to attend classes at school on the day of worship. The **best** action for her to take is  
 A. go to church.  
 B. transfer to another school.  
 C. ask for advice from a church elder.  
 D. obey the class teacher.
89. In the Lord's prayer, Christians ask God to  
 A. give them long life.  
 B. protect them from temptations.  
 C. make them rich.  
 D. punish their enemies.
90. Which one of the following should be discouraged in a Christian family?  
 A. Fighting                      B. Dancing  
 C. Singing                      D. Fasting

## SECTION II

### ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. From which surah do we get the fire called Hutwama?  
 A. Humaza                      B. Alaq  
 C. Dhuha                      D. Fatiha
62. "Alladhy Allam bil qalam," means  
 A. read in the name of your Lord.  
 B. who has taught you the writing by a pen.  
 C. surely with difficulty comes case.  
 D. unto your Lord is the return.
63. Scarcity of sugar has been experienced for the last one month. This is because it has been hidden to fetch higher price. This business malpractice is  
 A. usury                      B. ghush  
 C. hoarding                      D. israaf
64. The word sabr means patience. This is found in surah  
 A. Ikhlas                      B. Lahab  
 C. Quraish                      D. Asr
65. Iddul-Fitr is celebrated on which day of Shawwal?  
 A. 1<sup>st</sup>                      B. 3<sup>rd</sup>  
 C. 4<sup>th</sup>                      D. 10<sup>th</sup>
66. How many Takbiratts are there in Eid prayers?  
 A. 12                      B. 6  
 C. 7                      D. 10
67. Who among these became a Muslim at the age of ten years?  
 A. Abujahal                      B. Hamza  
 C. Ali                      D. Abdallah
68. Which of the following pillars of Islam may create fair distribution of resources?  
 A. Paying zakat  
 B. Punctuality in prayers  
 C. Performing Hajj  
 D. Frequent fasting
69. The people of Jerusalem were astonished by this boy who spoke from the cradle. Who was this prophet?  
 A. Issa                      B. Yahya  
 C. Zakariya                      D. Yusuf
70. Which surah puts more emphasis on prayer and slaughtering?  
 A. Yasin                      B. Quraish  
 C. Kauthar                      D. Maun

71. The following are names of Al-Kaaba. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Baitul - Ilah      B. Baitul Maqdis  
 C. Baitul - Ateeq      D. Baitul haram
72. Who among the following is Khadija's slave who travelled with the prophet to Shaum for the first time on business?  
 A. Bahira      B. Umeir  
 C. Maisara      D. Ummu Salma
73. After the prophet settled in Madina, he brought peace between two tribes who were  
 A. Aus and Khazraj      B. Khazraj and Jews  
 C. Arabs and Jews      D. Aus and Jews
74. Which of the following Islamic months is arranged in order?  
 A. Muharram, Safar, Rajab  
 B. Rajab, Shaban, Ramadhan  
 C. Dhul Qaada, Dhul-Hijja, Safar  
 D. Dhul Hijja, Muharaam, Shaaban
75. Which king ruled during the time of prophet Issa?  
 A. Balqis      B. Namrudh  
 C. Herod      D. Pharaoh
76. The son of Nabii Nuh was called  
 A. Ilyas      B. Qaabil  
 C. Canaan      D. Lut
77. Bilqis is a Muslim girl. Her neighbour has a daughter of her age who is blind. How best can she help her?  
 A. Take her to hospital.  
 B. Ignore her.  
 C. Sympathize with her.  
 D. Help her whenever she can.
78. Mus-ab bin Umeir died as ashahid in the battle of  
 A. Badr      B. Khandaq  
 C. Hunain      D. Uhud
79. The meaning of "Astaghfirullah" is  
 A. in the name of Allah.  
 B. glory be to Allah.  
 C. if seek forgiveness from Allah.  
 D. if Allah wishes.
80. Who among the following people were the first to accept Islam?  
 A. Khadija, Ali, Uthman, Abubakar  
 B. Khadija, Abubakar, Ali, Zaid  
 C. Abubakar, Ali, Khadija, Bilal  
 D. Umeir, Khadija, Uthman, Abubakar
81. A good Muslim should possess the following qualities **except**  
 A. jealousy      B. patience  
 C. courage      D. honesty
82. The foster mother of the prophet was known as  
 A. Khadija      B. Aisha  
 C. Maryam      D. Halima
83. Allah created many animals in our favour. We should thank him for His  
 A. jealousy      B. patience  
 C. courage      D. kindness
84. Who among the following kings received Muslims to his state after torture and mistreatment?  
 A. Abraha      B. Najash  
 C. Herod      D. Firaun
85. A mature man who has reached a marriage but cannot sustain a family should  
 A. commit adultery.  
 B. steal money and hurry.  
 C. remain single.  
 D. fast as much as possible.
86. The eddat of a widowed woman is  
 A. one month ten days.  
 B. two months and ten days.  
 C. three months and ten days.  
 D. four months and ten days.
87. Aqiqa is a celebration done to a  
 A. dead person      B. born child  
 C. sick child      D. guest
88. The 10<sup>th</sup> of Muharram is referred to as  
 A. Miraj      B. Ashura  
 C. Tasnia      D. Miladd-un Nabii
89. How many assurances were given to Musa (A.S.)?  
 A. 4      B. 6  
 C. 10      D. 3
90. The Sijda that is performed when reciting the holy Quran is  
 A. Sijdatu Sahw      B. Sijdatul Sadut  
 C. Sijdatu Shukr      D. Sijdatul Tilawa