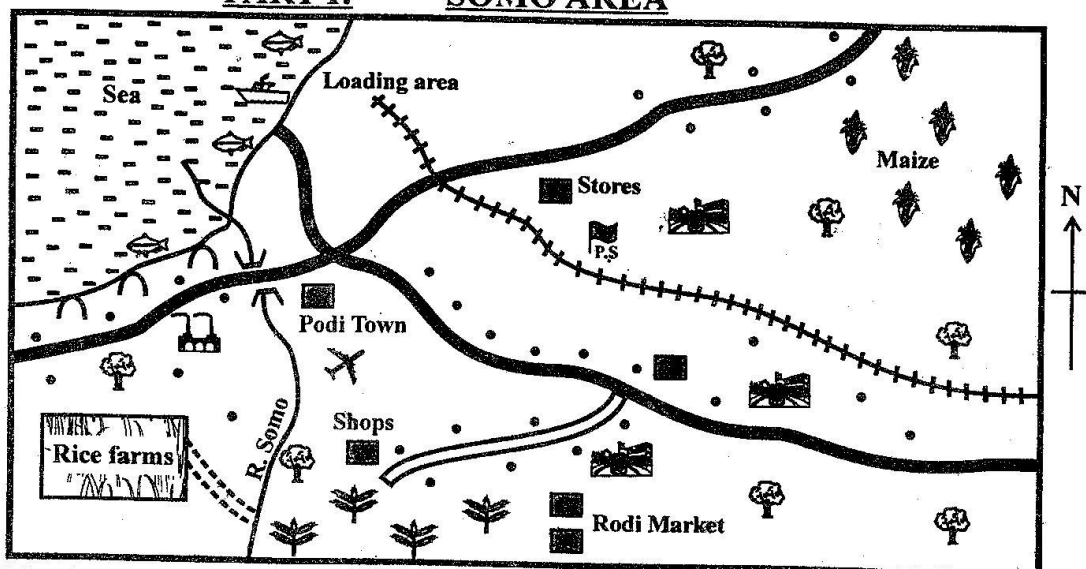
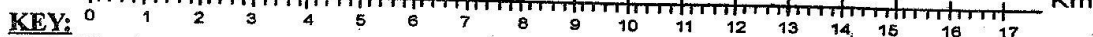


**Class 8 mid-term 1 August 2021 Social studies**

**PART I: SOMO AREA**



SCALE:



KEY:

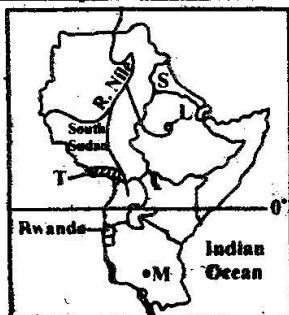
	Salt evaporation ponds		Build-up areas		Sugarcane farm
	Fishing areas		Settlements		Water canals
	Ship yard		River and bridge		Police station
	Tarmac road		Forested areas		School
	Salt Factory		Railway line		Airstrip

**Study the map of Somo area and answer questions 1 to 7.**

- Which one of the following statements about Podi town is correct? It
  - is a sea port
  - is located in a dry area
  - has no manufacturing industries
  - is located in a highland area
- The type of settlement pattern in Somo area is
  - linear
  - clustered
  - nucleated
  - dense
- The climate of Somo area can be described as
  - hot and dry
  - cool and dry
  - cool and wet
  - hot and wet
- The fastest form of transport in Somo area is
  - water transport
  - road transport
  - air transport
  - railway transport
- What is the approximate length of the railway line in Somo area?
  - 16 km
  - 11 km
  - 14 km
  - 10 km
- The economic benefit of the river in Somo area is that it is
  - used to generate electricity
  - a source of water for irrigation
  - a source of fish
  - used for water transport
- The land in Somo area generally slopes from the
  - north
  - east
  - west
  - south
- Which one of the following statements about Samouri Toure of West Africa is true? He
  - was killed by the French
  - founded political parties in Ghana
  - signed peace treaties with the French
  - allowed the French to extract minerals in his empire.

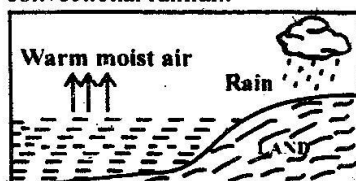
9. The main duty performed by the Board of management (BOM) in a school is to  
 A. supervise teachers in a school  
 B. provide a school with funds  
 C. implement major school projects  
 D. allocate duties to teachers
10. Which one of the following is a characteristic of clay soil? It,  
 A. becomes water-logged when it rains  
 B. has large soil particles  
 C. is mainly found in highland regions  
 D. forms from breakdown of volcanic rocks
11. The weather instruments that are kept inside a Stevenson's Screen are  
 A. windvane and windsock  
 B. thermometer and hygrometer  
 C. barometer and anemometer  
 D. anemometer and windsock
12. The main benefit the Fulani people get from pastoralism is that  
 A. the government has provided them with water  
 B. pastoralists get veterinary services  
 C. roads have been built in grazing areas  
 D. sale of livestock earns them income
13. Building of gabions is a soil conservation measure that suits areas that  
 A. have cultivated slopes  
 B. have deep gullies  
 C. have bare flat land  
 D. are forested
14. Which one of following groups is made up of communities that settled in Uganda from the Bahr el Ghazal region?  
 A. Banyoro, Batoro, Banyankole  
 B. Acholi, Langi, Japadhola  
 C. Bagisu, Baganda, Batoro  
 D. Iteso, Karamonjong, Jie
15. Three of the following countries are crossed by the Great North Road. Which one is not?  
 A. Uganda  
 B. Kenya  
 C. Ethiopia  
 D. Tanzania
16. A school routine is important in a school because it  
 A. outlines school rules  
 B. encourages learners to work hard  
 C. ensures that time is not wasted  
 D. enables pupils to pass school tests

Use the map of Eastern Africa below to answer questions 17 to 20.



17. The country marked S was colonized by  
 A. Spain  
 B. Britain  
 C. Italy  
 D. France

18. The drainage feature marked L was formed through the process of  
 A. downwarping  
 B. erosion  
 C. deposition  
 D. volcanicity
19. Natural vegetation in the shaded area marked T consists of  
 A. rainforests  
 B. grass  
 C. shrubs  
 D. scrubs
20. Three of the following statements about the town marked M are correct. Which one is not? It  
 A. is served by a railway line  
 B. is the administrative capital city  
 C. lies along the Great North Road  
 D. is the main industrial town
21. The following are systems of marriage. Which one of them does not allow a man to marry more than one wife?  
 A. Customary marriage  
 B. Christian marriage  
 C. Civil marriage  
 D. Islamic marriage
22. Three of the following were benefits an assimilated African got in French West Africa. Which one was not? An assimilated African could  
 A. practise polygamy  
 B. live in France  
 C. get a government job  
 D. be elected to parliament
23. Which one of the following human activities has led to climate change?  
 A. Growing of crops in large plantations  
 B. Construction of dams  
 C. Continuous emission of smoke from industries  
 D. Movement of people to live in towns.
24. The Abagusii people settled in highland areas when they came to Kenya because the areas  
 A. had thick forests  
 B. had iron for tool making  
 C. were not occupied  
 D. were good for crop growing
25. People's human rights are abused when  
 A. they are arrested for breaking the law  
 B. suspected lawbreakers are taken to court  
 C. violent demonstrations are dispersed by the police  
 D. suspected thieves are beaten
26. Below are statements about a mineral mined in Africa:  
 i) It is found very deep in the ground.  
 ii) Vertical and horizontal tunnels are dug.  
 iii) It is used to coat items.  
 The mineral described above is  
 A. gold  
 B. diamond  
 C. copper  
 D. aluminium
27. The diagram below shows the formation of convectional rainfall.



- Three of the following statements about the rainfall shown above are correct. Which one is not? It
- A. is common in coastal lowlands.
  - B. mainly falls in the afternoon
  - C. mainly falls in highlands regions
  - D. is accompanied by thunder and lightning
28. A way of creating friendly environment for persons with special needs is by
    - A. charging them less fare in vehicles
    - B. electing them to parliament
    - C. visiting them in their homes
    - D. creating gentle slopes to enter buildings
  29. Which one of the following statements about the parliaments in both Kenya and Swaziland is correct?
    - A. Parliament consists of two houses
    - B. All members of parliament are elected
    - C. Members belong to political parliaments
    - D. Members are nominated by the head of state
  30. Which one of the following is not an inland fishing ground in Africa? Lake
    - A. Magadi
    - B. Chad
    - C. Tanganyika
    - D. Volta
  31. Which one of the following relief features discourages construction of roads?
    - A. Plains
    - B. Plateaus
    - C. Escarpments
    - D. Rivers
  32. Which one of the following groups is made up of countries that were independent at the time of forming Organization of African Unity (OAU)?
    - A. Zambia, Djibouti, Kenya
    - B. Liberia, Algeria, Ghana
    - C. Mozambique, Angola, Namibia
    - D. Eritrea, Zimbabwe, Botswana
  33. An age group is made up of people who
    - A. share a common ancestor
    - B. were born about the same time
    - C. live in the same area
    - D. speak a similar language
  34. The following are statements about a vegetation zone in Africa:
    - i) *Trees are deciduous, thorny and spaced*
    - ii) *There is plenty of grass*
    - iii) *Acacia and baobab trees are common*
 The vegetation zone described above is
    - A. semidesert vegetation
    - B. mediterranean vegetation
    - C. savannah vegetation
    - D. temperate grassland vegetation
  35. The natural forests of Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) are preserved mainly because they are sources of
    - A. timber
    - B. rivers
    - C. firewood for people in the forests
    - D. rare indigenous trees
  36. The best way of improving tourism in Africa is through
    - A. creating more game parks
    - B. establishing hotels near game parks
    - C. reducing entry fees to game parks
    - D. advertising places of interest

37. Nelson Mandela brought unity in South Africa when he
  - A. appointed different races to his government
  - B. formed African National Congress (ANC)
  - C. struggled against white rule.
  - D. promoted the use of one language
38. The settlement of Arabs along the east coast of Africa led to
  - A. construction of a railway line
  - B. establishment of towns along the coast
  - C. partition of Eastern Africa
  - D. growth of kingdoms in the interior
39. The main problem facing commercial poultry farming in Kenya is
  - A. lack of chicken food
  - B. lack of electricity in farming areas
  - C. high costs of controlling diseases
  - D. lack of proper skills in poultry farming

*Use the diagram below to answer question 40.*

Months	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
Temp (°C)	40	57	100	240	210	178	50	140	200	180	100	78
Rain(mm)	25	26	27	28	28	27	26	25	28	29	28	27

40. From the table above, it is correct to conclude that the station
  - A. experiences cool temperatures
  - B. has two rainy seasons
  - C. experiences cool and wet climate
  - D. receives rainfall throughout the year
41. Before the coming of Europeans, the Baganda people were ruled by
  - A. kings
  - B. chiefs
  - C. council of elders
  - D. emperors
42. Which one of the following acts is an example of collective responsibility?
  - A. Preparing farms for planting
  - B. Importing goods into the country
  - C. Campaigning for candidates during elections
  - D. Cleaning streets in residential areas
43. When the Nandi people fought the British during the colonial period, they were led by
  - A. Mukite wa Nameme
  - B. Koitalel arap Samoei
  - C. Mekatilili wa Menza
  - D. Waiyaki wa Hinga
44. A common problem facing large urban centres in Africa is
  - A. scarcity of food.
  - B. poor living conditions
  - C. poor state of roads
  - D. lack of electricity
45. Which one of the following is a responsibility of all members of the family?
  - A. Taking care of family property
  - B. Providing basic needs
  - C. Operating a family business
  - D. Paying school fees
46. A six's thermometer at a weather station is used to measure
  - A. highest and lowest temperature
  - B. maximum temperature only
  - C. minimum temperature only
  - D. difference between maximum and minimum temperature

47. The **main** problem facing mobile telecommunication in rural areas in Africa is  
 A. lack of electricity  
 B. inadequate network coverage  
 C. high rate of illiteracy  
 D. high cost of maintaining mobile phones.
48. River Congo carries the largest volume of water in Africa because it  
 A. has many tributaries  
 B. is wide  
 C. rises in highland areas  
 D. drains through an area with high rainfall
49. Navigation along river Nile is **mainly** disrupted by the presence of  
 A. rapids  
 B. floating vegetation  
 C. crocodiles  
 D. low water volume
50. Which one of the following is an example of a processing industry in Kenya?  
 A. Steel rolling in Athi River  
 B. Cement making at Bamburi  
 C. Leather tanning in Thika  
 D. Shoe making in Limuru
51. Large parts of north Africa are sparsely populated due to  
 A. low rainfall in the area  
 B. strong winds which blow across the area  
 C. lack of natural resources  
 D. lack of large urban centres
52. Which one of the following groups is made up of mountains that were formed when soft parts of the earth were eroded?  
 A. Meru, Longonot  
 B. Ahaggar, Tibesti  
 C. Pare, Danakil  
 D. Homboli, Namuli
53. Before 1904, Belgian Congo was administered as the personal property of  
 A. Otto Von Bismarck  
 B. Ian Smith  
 C. Cecil Rhodes  
 D. King Leopold II
54. A similar tourist attraction in both Kenya and Egypt is the  
 A. Great Rift Valley  
 B. coastal beaches  
 C. snow-capped mountains  
 D. hot gorges
55. Three of the following are contributions of a community to a school. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Providing land to expand the school  
 B. It is a source of workers for the school  
 C. Allocating duties to teachers  
 D. Providing resource persons to a school
56. The capital of the kingdom of Old Ghana was  
 A. Kumbi saleh  
 B. Walata  
 C. Adwaghast  
 D. Gao
57. On a polling day in Kenya, a voter is required to  
 A. campaign for the favourite candidate  
 B. vote at the station he or she is registered  
 C. register as a voter  
 D. become a member of a political party
58. Nominated members of the senate are appointed by  
 A. the body in charge of elections  
 B. the speakers  
 C. political parties  
 D. the president
59. Three of the following statement about the constitution of Kenya are true. Which one is **not**? It  
 A. outlines how revenue is shared  
 B. was adopted in 2010  
 C. outlines the functions of the arms of government  
 D. was written by the British
60. A person becomes the speaker of the senate through  
 A. election by members of the senate  
 B. appointment by the president  
 C. nomination by a political party  
 D. election by voters in the country

## PART II

### SECTION A:

#### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Adam and Eve ate the forbidden fruit because  
 A. the snake tricked them  
 B. they were hungry  
 C. they wanted to become wise  
 D. the fruit was ripe
62. The Christian value demonstrated by Noah when he built the Ark was  
 A. hardwork  
 B. obedience  
 C. humility  
 D. loyalty
63. Who among the following people accompanied Abraham when he went to live in Canaan?  
 A. Ishmail  
 B. Isaac  
 C. Lot  
 D. Terah
64. "I am nobody. How can I go to the king and bring the Israelites out of Egypt?" (Exodus 3:11) Moses said these words when he was  
 A. receiving the ten commandments  
 B. told to strike the red sea  
 C. making the covenant box  
 D. taking care of Jethro's sheep
65. Which one of the following actions was performed by Miriam immediately the Israelites crossed the Red Sea? She  
 A. led other women in a song  
 B. led the Israelites to war  
 C. made the covenant box  
 D. went back to Egypt
66. Gideon was able to defeat the Midianites because he was  
 A. brave  
 B. obedient  
 C. experienced  
 D. strong
67. The king of Israel who performed the duty of a priest was  
 A. David  
 B. Ahab  
 C. Solomon  
 D. Saul
68. From the story of king Ahab and Naboth, Christians learn to  
 A. acquire wealth  
 B. be fair in their actions  
 C. support the needy  
 D. be honest
69. Which one of the following miracles was performed by prophet Elijah?  
 A. Raising the son of a widow  
 B. Floating an axe-head  
 C. Healing Naaman of Leprosy  
 D. Purifying bitter water

70. Who ordered for a census to be conducted at the time of the birth of Jesus?  
 A. Quirinius  
 B. Herod  
 C. Augustus  
 D. Pilate
71. Which one of the following combinations is made up of people who were in the temple during the dedication of Jesus?  
 A. Simeon and Elizabeth  
 B. Simeon and Anna  
 C. Simeon and Salome  
 D. Simeon and Martha
72. The response that Jesus gave when the devil told Him to jump down from the top of the temple was that  
 A. you should not put the Lord your God to the test  
 B. man shall not live on bread alone.  
 C. you should worship the Lord your God only  
 D. He is the way, life and truth
73. Which one of the following statements is a teaching of Jesus on the Lord's prayer?  
 A. Happy are the pure in heart  
 B. Seek and you will find  
 C. Forgive us the wrongs we have done.  
 D. Give to him who asks you
74. The healing of the ten lepers teaches Christians to be  
 A. loyal  
 B. obedient  
 C. thankful  
 D. prayerful
75. Which one of the following is a teaching from the parable of the talents? Christians should  
 A. reward hardworking people  
 B. share their wealth with others  
 C. keep their wealth in banks  
 D. use their abilities to create wealth
76. "This is my body which is given for you" (Luke 22:1). Jesus said these words during  
 A. His trial  
 B. the last supper  
 C. crucifixion  
 D. His arrest
77. Which one of the following events happened when Jesus resurrected?  
 A. The curtain in the temple was torn  
 B. Darkness covered the earth  
 C. The earth shook  
 D. A voice was heard from heaven
78. The book of the New Testament which is classified as a letter is  
 A. Mark  
 B. Ephesians  
 C. Revelation  
 D. John
79. Who among the following people was a deacon in the early church?  
 A. Paul  
 B. Barnabas  
 C. Timothy  
 D. Stephen
80. Which one of the following is a fruit of the Holy Spirit?  
 A. Faithfulness  
 B. Faith  
 C. Preaching  
 D. Wisdom
81. When Phillip met the Ethiopian Eunuch, the official was reading about the  
 A. coming of the Holy Spirit  
 B. baptism of Jesus  
 C. suffering of Jesus  
 D. transfiguration of Jesus
82. A common belief in both Christianity and traditional African communities is that God  
 A. is three in one  
 B. punishes wrongdoers  
 C. is an ancestor  
 D. raises the dead
83. The main reason for marriage in traditional African communities is to  
 A. get children  
 B. please the ancestors  
 C. create wealth  
 D. become famous
84. Children are taught their duties in traditional African communities through  
 A. watching adults work  
 B. singing songs  
 C. assigning them tasks  
 D. telling them stories
85. Mary, a Standard eight pupil, saw an old woman carrying a heavy basket. She took the basket and carried it herself. This shows that she  
 A. is strong  
 B. knows the woman  
 C. wanted to please the woman  
 D. is a kind person
86. When Christians recite the Lord's prayer, they ask God to  
 A. make them rich  
 B. punish their enemies  
 C. give them long lives  
 D. provide them with their daily needs
87. Christians are encouraged to work mainly in order to  
 A. become rich  
 B. create jobs in the society  
 C. avoid being a burden to others  
 D. please their leaders
88. Christians can best spend their leisure time helping the community through  
 A. attending birthday parties  
 B. resting at home  
 C. entertaining relatives  
 D. visiting the elderly
89. The church has established health centres in the country mainly to  
 A. promote good health among the people  
 B. create jobs in the country  
 C. offer free medical services  
 D. get money to build churches
90. Christians preach against corruption because  
 A. it makes some people rich  
 B. it makes people hate one another  
 C. money from corruption is misused  
 D. it is against God's teachings.

**SECTION B:**  
**ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. Which one of the following is **not** among the Mawakit (stations) set by the prophet (SAW) for the pilgrims?  
A. Zul Khulaif  
B. Yalamlam  
C. Mar Al - Zahran  
D. Al - Juhfa
62. Where do Makkan inhabitants resume their Ihraam?  
A. Zat Irq  
B. In the Quaaba  
C. At their homes  
D. Al - Juhfa
63. How long did Nabii Issa stay in Egypt with his Mother?  
A. 21 yrs  
B. 16 yrs  
C. 12 yrs  
D. 6 yrs.
64. The treaty of Hudaibiyyah was written between  
A. Suhail bin Amr & Muhammad bin Abdulla  
B. Suhail & the Muslims  
C. Ali & the Quraish  
D. Suhail bin Amur & Muhammad Rasulullah.
65. The servant of prophet Musa (AS) was:  
A. Yushaa  
B. Abdilla  
C. A slam  
D. Rishad
66. One did **not** take place on Ashura. Which one?  
A. Birth of prophet Adam  
B. Birth of Ibrahim  
C. Isra wal miraj  
D. Hussein's martyrdom.
67. How many idols were around the Kaaba?  
A. 720  
B. 30  
C. 361  
D. 360
68. The giant idol which headed the other idols around the Kaaba is  
A. Manat  
B. Hubal  
C. Lat  
D. Mazil
69. Which prophet was killed by his people?  
A. Issa  
B. Yahya  
C. Musa  
D. Daud
70. The attribute of Allah which shows that Allah speaks is  
A. Al - Samii  
B. Al - Baswiru  
C. Al - Muswawir  
D. Al - Mutakalim
71. Which Surah speaks about the day of Judgement?  
A. Al - Imraam  
B. Al - Fyl  
C. Zilzala  
D. Tiyn
72. Ihraam is  
A. intention for Hajj  
B. pillar of Hajj  
C. hajj's dress  
D. none of the above
73. How much can one give as Zakaat for sh. 17 500?  
A. 450  
B. 550  
C. 437  
D. 437.50
74. The first person to end one's life was  
A. Habil  
B. Adam  
C. Qabil  
D. Judas
75. Who built the Kaaba at first before it was rebuilt by Ibrahim & Ismail?  
A. Adam  
B. Ismail  
C. Nuh  
D. Allah.
76. Wudhu can alternatively be done by  
A. cement  
B. Tayammum  
C. urine  
D. ice.
77. Whoever honours his guest believes in  
A. the prophet  
B. books  
C. qadr  
D. qiyama.
78. According to the teachings of the prophet, a guest is a guide who  
A. is generous  
B. should be helped  
C. leads to paradise  
D. comes to our homes.
79. According to **Quran 8-9**, during the battle at Badr, Allah assisted the prophet with  
A. glory  
B. confidence  
C. ranks of Angels  
D. slumber.
80. Three are Sunnahs of the prophet except  
A. circumcision  
B. marrying  
C. applying perfume  
D. learning.
81. One of the following did not happen during Muharram. Which one is it  
A. Birth of Adam  
B. Birth of Ibrahim  
C. Birth of Issa  
D. Hussein's martyrdom
82. Nabii Ibrahim was not the first to  
A. welcome guest  
B. put on trousers  
C. be circumcised  
D. be sent to mankind.
83. Which Surah emphasizes on freedom of worship?  
A. Nasr  
B. A'adiyaat  
C. Kafirun  
D. Quraish.
84. "You alone we worship and You (alone) we ask for help" is a verse derived from suratul  
A. Ghashiyya  
B. Nasr  
C. Yaasim  
D. Faatiha
85. Kafan is normally divided into \_\_\_\_\_ parts.  
A. 2  
B. 3  
C. 5  
D. 4
86. Giving lunch to a policeman is  
A. halaal  
B. haraam  
C. makruh  
D. mubah
87. After the death of Abdullah and Qasim, the unbelievers laughed at the prophet calling him a person without anyone. Allah then revealed a Surah known as  
A. Dhuha  
B. Kauthar  
C. Bayyina  
D. Asr
88. Which one carries wrong meanings?  
A. Astaghfirullah - O Allah forgive me  
B. Firamanillah - In the protection of Allah.  
C. Jazakallah - Allah will reward you.  
D. Mashaallah - Allah loves you.
89. Fiqh means  
A. followers  
B. articles  
C. Jurisprudence  
D. knowledge
90. According to the Hadith, the one who \_\_\_\_\_ is like a pot full of milk, sweet smell spreading on all sides  
A. prays  
B. fasts  
C. does good  
D. reads Quran.