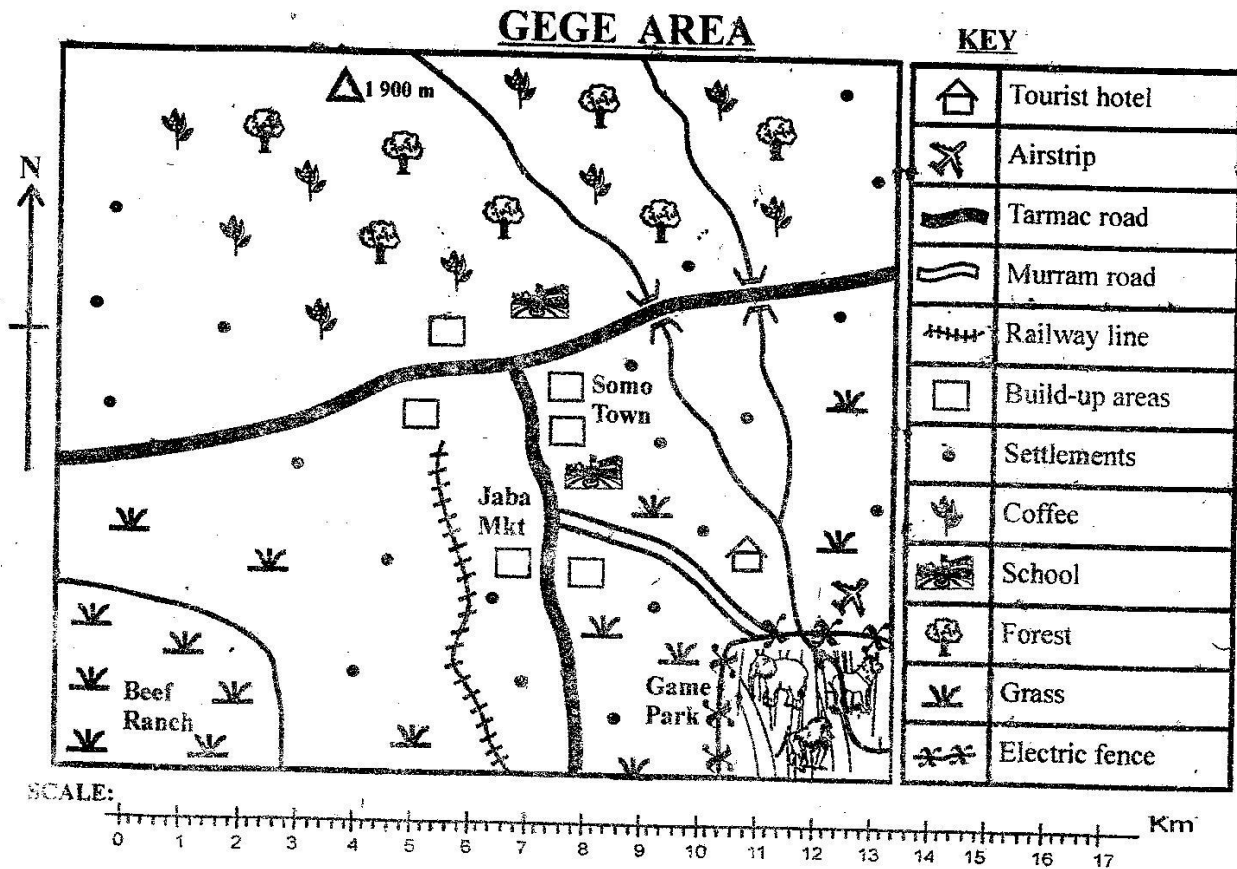


Class 6 mid term 1 August 2021

Social studies

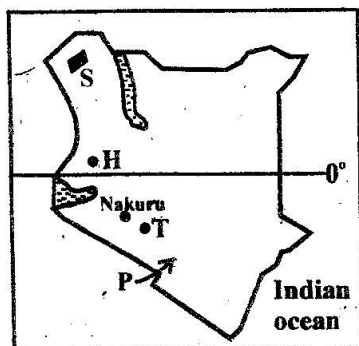


Study the map of Gege area and answer questions 1 to 7

1. Tourists who visit the game park from Jaba market use the
 - A. murrum road
 - B. airstrip
 - C. tarmac road
 - D. railway line
2. A fence was erected around the game park in order to
 - A. prevent people from going into the park
 - B. attract tourists to the game park
 - C. keep wild animals inside the park
 - D. charge money on people visiting the park
3. The type of soil in the northern part of Gege area is
 - A. clay soil
 - B. volcanic soil
 - C. sandy soil
 - D. loam soil
4. Coffee is grown in the northern part of Gege area because the area
 - A. has a forest
 - B. is hilly
 - C. has roads to transport coffee
 - D. has cool and wet climate
5. The river in the map generally flows from
 - A. east
 - B. west
 - C. south
 - D. north
6. Natural vegetation in the southern part of Gege area consists of
 - A. grass
 - B. scrubs
 - C. forests
 - D. shrubs
7. Which one of the following economic activities is **not** carried out in Gege area?
 - A. Tourism
 - B. Lumbering
 - C. Livestock keeping
 - D. Crop growing
8. A group of people who share a common ancestor form
 - A. a language group
 - B. a tribe
 - C. a clan
 - D. an age group
9. Before the coming of Europeans, the Abawanga people were ruled by
 - A. chiefs
 - B. kings
 - C. council of elders
 - D. warriors

10. Which one of the following forms of modern communication reaches the highest number of people?
 A. Radio B. Newspaper
 C. Mobile phones D. Magazines
11. A mountain in Eastern Africa that formed when molten lava solidified on the surface is
 A. Mount Ruwenzori
 B. Danakil Alps
 C. Mount Usambara
 D. Mount Elgon
12. Which one of the following happens when citizen do not obey the law?
 A. Increase in taxes
 B. Peaceful elections
 C. Damage to property
 D. Increase in crop production

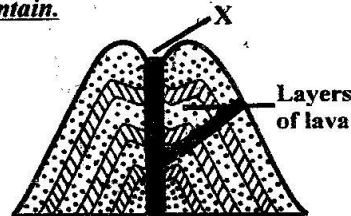
Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 13 to 16.



13. The community that used the route marked P to come to Kenya was
 A. Mijikenda B. Arabs
 C. Luo D. Samburu
14. The mineral mined at the place marked T is
 A. soda ash B. diatomite
 C. limestone D. fluorspar
15. The drainage feature marked S is
 A. Lorian swamp B. Yala swamp
 C. Ondiri swamp D. Lotikipi swamp
16. The town marked H started mainly as
 A. a mining centre
 B. an industrial centre
 C. an administrative centre
 D. an agricultural centre
17. Which one of the following cultural practices should be practised in the society?
 A. Circumcising girls
 B. Wife inheritance
 C. Eating traditional foods
 D. Stealing cattle
18. Tea is grown in large plantations in Kericho county because
 A. the area is sparsely populated
 B. the area has cool and wet highland conditions
 C. there are tea factories in the area
 D. there is the presence of large idle land

19. The community that was led by Koitale arap Samoei to fight the British was
 A. Nandi B. Ababukusu
 C. Agiriama D. Abawanga
20. The largest relief region in Eastern Africa is the
 A. plateau region B. highland region
 C. lake Victoria basin D. coastal lowlands
21. An example of a processing industry in Kenya is
 A. cement making in Athi river
 B. shoe making in Limuru
 C. coffee milling in Meru
 D. banking in Nairobi

The diagram below represents a volcanic mountain.



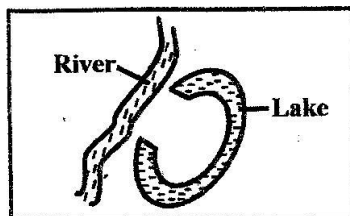
22. The part marked X is a
 A. vent B. crater
 C. conlet D. dyke
23. Which one of the following groups is made up of Cushitic speakers in Kenya?
 A. Pokomo and Taita
 B. El Molo and Ilchamau
 C. Okiek and Sabaot
 D. Oromo and Borana
24. The work of the Ameru council of elders before the colonial period was to
 A. lead people to war
 B. foretell future events
 C. settle disputes among the people
 D. prepare medicine from plants
25. The main source of fish in Kenya is
 A. lake Victoria B. Indian Ocean
 C. lake Turkana D. lake Naivasha
26. The weather instrument that is used to measure the speed of wind is
 A. a barometer B. a windsock
 C. an anemometer D. a windvane
27. Among the following children, the one whose rights are abused is
 A. Musa - washes dishes in the family kitchen
 B. Katana - sweeps the Standard Six classroom
 C. Kemunto - is given homework at school
 D. Kendi - is employed as a domestic worker
28. William Mackinnon came to Eastern Africa in the 19th century in order to
 A. carry out trading activities
 B. find the source of river Nile
 C. spread Christianity
 D. find a sea route to India

29. The **main** contribution of banana growing in Uganda is that
- it has led to establishment of processing industries
 - it provides people with staple food
 - land has been put into use
 - export of bananas earns foreign exchange
30. Which one of the following groups is made up of secondary needs **only** in a family?
- food, education, wealth
 - clothes, shelter, food
 - land, bed, money
 - shelter, vehicle, telephone
31. Below are conditions for growing a certain crop:
- High temperatures of over 24°C
 - Plenty of sunshine during harvest
 - Moderate rainfall of between 680 mm and 1 200 mm

The conditions listed above favour the growing of

- coffee
- sugarcane
- bananas
- sisal

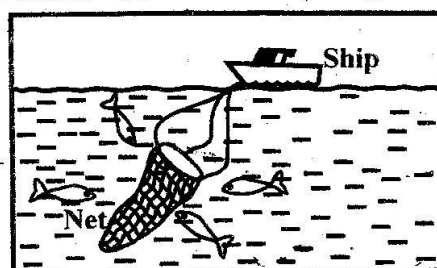
The diagram below shows the formation of a lake.



32. The lake shown in the above diagram was formed through
- deposition
 - faulting
 - downwarping
 - erosion
33. Mr. Smith is a Canadian citizen working in Kenya. He can register to become a Kenyan citizen if he
- marries a Kenyan citizen
 - is able to speak Kiswahili
 - has lived in Kenya continuously for 7 years or more
 - registers as a voter
34. When Nabongo Mumia collaborated with the British, he was
- sent to prison in Seychelles
 - made the ruler of the whole Luhyaland
 - given cattle by the British
 - rewarded with land
35. A characteristic of the rainforest vegetation is that
- there is plenty of tall grass
 - trees are tall and grow close together
 - trees are deciduous and spaced
 - acacia and baobab are common
36. The communities that were dispersed by the Galla people from the Shungwaya area were
- Bantu speakers
 - Cushitic speakers
 - Nilotic speakers
 - Semitic speakers

37. Which one of the following statements about Mombasa town is **not** true? It
- is a major tourist destination centre
 - handles exports and imports
 - started as a railway station
 - is an educational centre
38. A sea breeze takes place when
- warm air blows from the sea to the land.
 - cool air blows from the land to the sea.
 - warm air blows from the land to the sea.
 - cool air blows from the sea to the land.
39. The **main** cause of interaction among different communities in Kenya in the past was
- wars
 - games
 - marriage
 - trade

The diagram below shows a fishing method.



40. The fishing method shown above is used to catch fish in
- the deep sea
 - fast flowing rivers
 - fish ponds
 - shallow lakes
41. The **main** benefit of soda ash mining is that
- it has led to the growth of Magadi town
 - a railway line has been built to Magadi town
 - exports for soda ash earns foreign exchange
 - roads have been built in mining areas
42. A maize farmer in Trans-Nzoia county sells maize to a flour mill in Nakuru town. This type of trade is called
- external trade
 - foreign trade
 - domestic trade
 - international trade
43. Koitalel arap Samoei fought the British during the colonial period because
- Missionaries were converting the Nandi
 - the British were stealing Nandi cattle
 - he had a strong, well trained army
 - he wanted the Nandi people to remain independent
44. Which one of the following groups is made up of Cushitic speakers in Kenya?
- Elmolo and Njemps
 - Galla and Rendille
 - Pokot and Kipsigis
 - Taita and Pokemo
45. Which one of the following is **not** a processing industry?
- Shoe making
 - Leather tanning
 - Flour milling
 - Fruit canning

46. Masaku was a famous trader and medicineman of the
 A. Abaluhya people B. Agikuyu people
 C. Akamba people D. Ameru people
47. The type of democracy where pupils elect prefects in a school is called
 A. direct democracy
 B. nominational democracy
 C. participatory democracy
 D. representative democracy
48. Which one of the following was **not** a method of teaching children in the past?
 A. Use of wise sayings
 B. Use of proverbs
 C. Reading books
 D. Through observation
49. Flowers in Naivasha are grown throughout the year because
 A. they are grown in greenhouses
 B. lake Naivasha provides water for irrigation
 C. the area receives high rainfall
 D. the area experiences cool and wet conditions.
50. Lake Tana in Ethiopia and lake Kivu in Rwanda were formed when
 A. water collected inside faults
 B. parts of the earth sunk
 C. flowing magma blocked a river
 D. water collected inside a crater
51. The title of the Ameru council of elders was
 A. Kiruka B. Njuri Ncheke
 C. Ntuiko D. Mugwe
52. The ancestors of the Luo lived in Southern Sudan at
 A. Pabungu Pakwach
 B. Shungwaya
 C. mount Moroto
 D. Bahr-el-Ghazal
53. Which one of the following is an advantage of using mobile telephones to send messages?
 A. All areas have network coverage
 B. They are easy to operate
 C. They are cheap to buy
 D. The user is able to move around with it
54. The countries that border Eastern Africa in the west are
 A. Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and Central African Republic (CAR)
 B. Egypt and Libya
 C. Zambia and Malawi
 D. Mozambique and Chad
55. The British colonial officer welcomed by Waiyaki wa Hinga to stay in his area was
 A. William Mackinnon
 B. Joseph Thompson
 C. Lord Delamare
 D. Captain Lugard
56. The following are characteristics of a certain type of soil:
 i) It is sticky and heavy when wet.
 ii) It has very small particles
 iii) It does not lose water easily
- The soil described above is
 A. loam soil B. clay soil
 C. sandy soil D. volcanic soil
57. The number of elected women representatives in the National Assembly is
 A. forty seven
 B. two hundred and ninety
 C. twelve
 D. one hundred and eighty eight
58. Who among the following government officials is **not** a member of the cabinet?
 A. President
 B. Deputy President
 C. Chief Justice
 D. Attorney General
59. The Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (IEBC) is headed by
 A. a chairperson B. the president
 C. the speaker D. chief justice
60. Three of the following are members of the judiciary. Who is **not**?
 A. Chief Justice
 B. Deputy Chief Justice
 C. Speaker of the senate
 D. Registrar of the Judiciary
- CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**
61. Which one of the following groups is **made up** of those that God created on the fourth day?
 A. Dry land and plants
 B. Birds and sea creatures
 C. Land animals and man
 D. Moon and stars
62. God saved Noah from the floods because he
 A. was a righteous man
 B. was an old man
 C. had a family
 D. accepted to build the Ark
63. When Abraham was seventy five years old, he
 A. was circumcised
 B. he left the land of Haran
 C. got Isaac
 D. married another wife
64. The brothers of Joseph sold him as a slave in Egypt because
 A. the Midianite traders were buying slaves
 B. slaves were needed in Egypt
 C. they hated him
 D. they needed money
65. Moses left Egypt and went to live in Midian in order to
 A. take care of Jethro's sheep
 B. escape from the king of Egypt
 C. marry the daughter of Jethro
 D. live with his relatives
66. On the night of the Passover, the Israelites marked their houses by
 A. putting out smoke signals
 B. slaughtering young goats
 C. eating unleavened bread
 D. smearing blood on the doorposts

Stay Safe - Wash your hands and wear a mask!

67. "I am too young, I do not now how to speak." These words were said by Jeremiah because he
 A. did not want to go back to Egypt
 B. feared speaking to the king.
 C. did not want to become a prophet
 D. did not want to go to Nineveh
68. Jonah was swallowed by a fish because
 A. he had disobeyed God
 B. there was storm in the sea
 C. he was going to Nineveh
 D. the fish was hungry
69. Naboth was stoned to death because he
 A. had refused to sell his vineyard
 B. had worked on the Sabbath
 C. had abused the king
 D. claimed to be the king of Israel
70. The announcement of the birth of John the Baptist was made in
 A. Nazareth B. Jerusalem
 C. Bethlehem D. Capernaum
71. When Jesus was eight days old, He was
 A. baptised B. dedicated
 C. named D. tempted
72. John the Baptist worked as a
 A. preacher B. carpenter
 C. shepherd D. priest
73. The four disciples of Jesus who were fishermen were
 A. Philip, Matthew, Andrew, Judas
 B. Nathaniel, Simon, Thomas, James
 C. John, Matthew, Thaddaeus, Thomas
 D. Peter, Andrew, John, James
74. When John the Baptist saw Jesus coming to him to be baptised, he called Him the
 A. king of the Jews
 B. saviour of the Gentiles
 C. lamb of God
 D. suffering servant
75. After Jesus was baptised, He went to the wilderness to
 A. be tempted B. fast
 C. preach D. escape from Herod
76. Jesus compared the growth of the kingdom of God to a
 A. sower B. fish
 C. good Samaritan D. mustard seed
77. When Jesus changed water into wine, He had gone to Cana to
 A. visit Mary and Martha
 B. eat in the house of Zacchaeus
 C. attend a wedding
 D. perform a miracle
78. When Jesus was arrested, He was praying at
 A. the pool of Siloam
 B. Golgotha
 C. the garden of Gethsemane
 D. the temple in Jerusalem
79. On the day Jesus resurrected, He met Cleopas and another disciple on the road to
 A. Emmaus B. Jerusalem
 C. Damascus D. Jericho
80. The disciple who could not believe that Jesus had resurrected was
 A. Thomas B. Peter
 C. Andrew D. Judas Iscariot
81. What happened to Saul on the road to Damascus? He
 A. was arrested B. was baptised
 C. became blind D. was stoned
82. "In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, I order you to get up and walk" (Acts 3:6). These words were said by
 A. Jesus to Bartimaeus
 B. Paul to Eutychus
 C. Jesus to a paralysed man
 D. Peter to a lame beggar
83. Shrines are places in traditional African communities where
 A. people offer sacrifices
 B. ancestors are buried
 C. initiation ceremonies are conducted
 D. marriage ceremonies are held
84. In traditional African communities, God is believed to
 A. be three in one
 B. have created human beings
 C. be living in heaven
 D. be served by angels
85. Which one of the following is a moral value taught to children?
 A. Bravery B. Pride
 C. Respect D. Fame
86. Peter, who is your deskmate does not like sharing his CRE textbook with you. The best action to take as a Christian is
 A. transfer to a different sitting position
 B. report the matter to the subject teacher
 C. tell your parents
 D. advise him on the value of sharing
87. In your neighbourhood, there are two children who are orphans. The best way you can help them is
 A. take them to their relatives
 B. tell your parents to be giving them food
 C. go and live with them
 D. take them to the office of the chief
88. The best method of solving disagreement in a Christian family is by
 A. holding a dialogue
 B. reporting to the police
 C. keeping quiet about the matter
 D. moving to live with your uncle
89. Children are supposed to respect their parents mainly because
 A. their parents pay school fees.
 B. their parents are old
 C. it is God's command to do so
 D. they should set good examples
90. In the Lord's prayer, Christians ask God to
 A. punish their enemies
 B. give them their daily bread
 C. give them long lives
 D. make them famous

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Ramadhan is the _____ month of the year.
A. first B. seventh
C. ninth D. last
62. Who among the following must **not** fast during Ramadhan?
A. A trader B. An old man
C. A healthy man D. A sick man
63. The word **Taqwa** means
A. fear of Allah B. marriage
C. faith in Allah D. none of the above
64. Assadiq is a title that was given to Khalif
A. Abubakar B. Umar
C. Uthman D. Hussein
65. "**Walakal insaana malakaa**" is a verse from
A. Al-Bayyannah B. Al-Fatiha
C. Al-zalzala D. Ikhlas
66. Surah Asr talks about
A. the day of judgement
B. exercising patience
C. kindness to all mankind
D. pillars of Islam
67. There are _____ names of Allah (S.A.W)
A. 5 B. 6
C. 25 D. 99
68. "**Iqra Bismirabikkah laadhi khataq**". This verse comes from surah
A. Fatiha B. Al-Alaq
C. Al-zalzala D. Qiyyam
69. From the above verse, the word **Iqra** emphasises on
A. importance of knowledge
B. fear for Allah
C. importance of fasting
D. fighting for religion
70. The ceremony that leads to naming of newborn babies is
A. Nikkah B. Aqiqah
C. Birthday D. Mutaqin
71. The prayers performed in the month of Dhul-Hijja is
A. Idd-ul-fitr B. Idd-ul-Hajj
C. Isra-wal-miraj D. Tahniq
72. The urine of a newborn baby boy under two years and breast deeding only is
A. light B. heavy
C. medium D. common
73. According to the prophet (S.A.W), neighbours are upto _____ houses away from you.
A. 25 B. 40
C. 60 D. all
74. Who among the following is **wrongly** matched?
A. Jibril - wahyi
B. Izrail - removes souls
C. Malik - incharge of hell fire
D. Mikail - blowing the trumpet
75. After doing something good, we should
A. brag about it B. ask for payment
C. not tell anyone D. ask for praise
76. Which among the following is **not** sunnah?
A. Juma B. Dhuha
C. Tahajud D. Witr
77. On his way home, Hassan found a dog trapped in a hole. He should
A. leave it there because it's Najis.
B. use paper or leaves to hold and pull it out
C. kill it
D. ignore it
78. Naming of a child is done during
A. Aqiqah B. Shahadah
C. Nikkah D. Birth
79. The pillar of Islam that is only for the able (rich) is
A. Salah B. Hajj
C. Shahadah D. Reading Quran
80. The Holy Qur'an started to be revealed in the month of
A. Hijra B. Rajab
C. Muharram D. Ramadhan
81. The following are disadvantages of polygamy **except**
A. creates jealousy among wives
B. it provides better chances for Muslims to marry
C. it promotes disharmony
D. it leads to family breakups
82. Who among the following is a neighbour with 3 rights?
A. A Muslim cousin neighbour
B. A non-Muslim neighbour
C. A Muslim neighbour but not related
D. Your friend
83. Which of the following is a sign of a hypocrite?
A. Lazy B. Abusive
C. Untrustworth D. Stealing
84. Name the first and the last prophets of Allah **respectively**.
A. Adam(A.S), Muhammad (S.A.W)
B. Mohammad (S.A.W), Adam (A.S)
C. Issa (A.S), Adam (A.S)
D. Adam (A.S), Issa (A.S)
85. "**Until you visit the graves**" is from
A. At-takathur B. Al-Qaariya
C. Al-Zalzala D. An-Nas
86. Abdul's cousin is HIV positive. Abdul should
A. love him B. avoid him
C. not play with him D. mistreat him
87. HIV AIDS is
A. witchcraft
B. a disease
C. a curse
D. a punishment for immorality
88. **Falaq** means
A. father of flame B. dawn
C. the last day D. a river
89. The Quran
A. is the only book of Allah
B. is the last book of Allah
C. is prophets' book
D. was given to prophet Issah (A.S)
90. Which statement is **not** correct on hadith?
A. Hadith are words of the prophet.
B. Hadiths are found in the Quran.
C. Hadith are third source of sheriah in Islam.
D. Hadith explains the Quran.