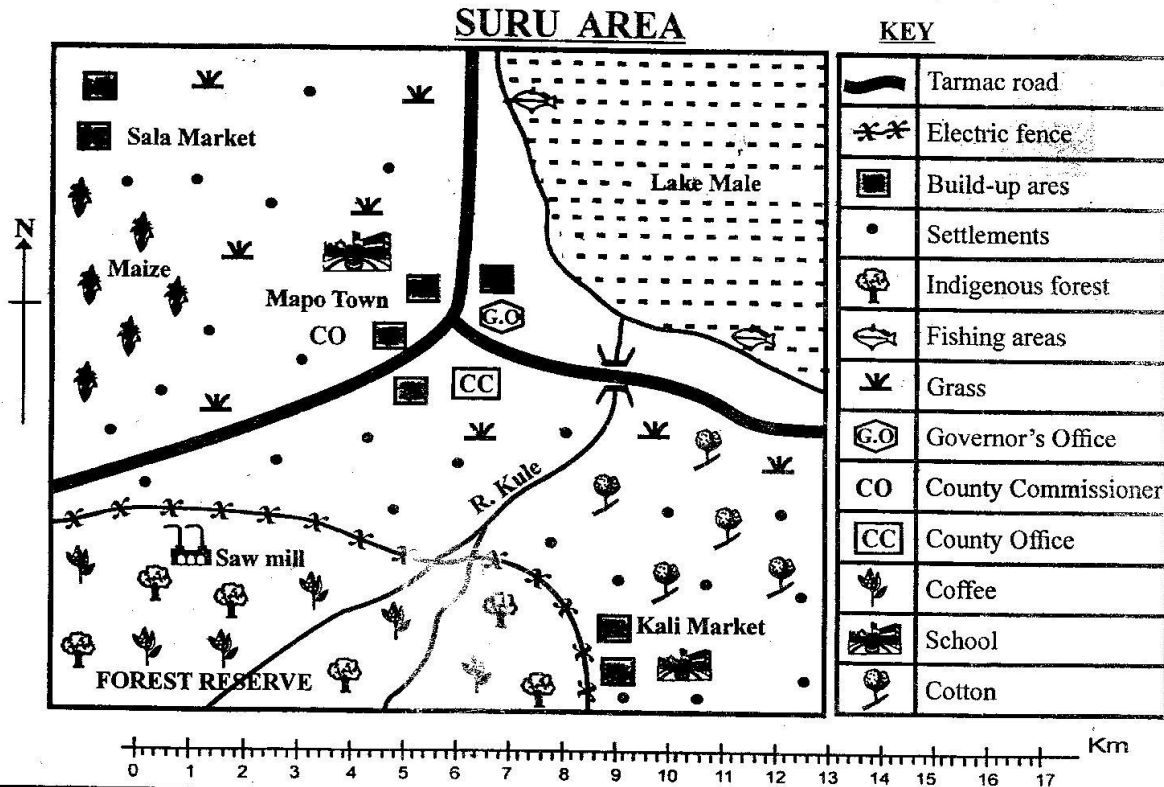


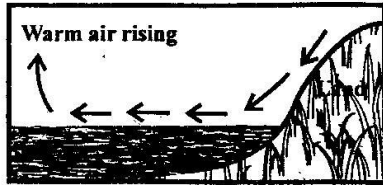
CLASS 6 END TERM 1 AUGUST 2021 SOCIAL STUDIES



*Study the map of Suru area below and use it to answer questions 1 to 7.*

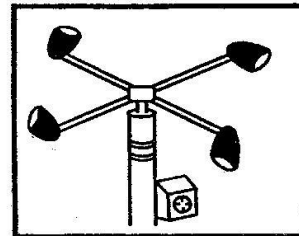
1. Lake Male in Suru area is a source of
  - A. fish
  - B. river Kule
  - C. salt
  - D. sand
2. Which one of the following economic activities is **not** carried out in Suru area?
  - A. Fishing
  - B. Crop growing
  - C. Trading
  - D. Mining
3. The general flow of river Kule in Suru area is from
  - A. south east
  - B. north east
  - C. north west
  - D. south west
4. The climate around lake Male can be described as
  - A. hot and wet
  - B. cool and dry
  - C. hot and dry
  - D. cool and wet
5. A fence was erected in the south western part of Suru area in order to
  - A. protect the indigenous forest.
  - B. preserve the coffee plantation.
  - C. prevent people from visiting the area.
  - D. create jobs in the area.
6. A subsistence crop grown in Suru area is
  - A. maize
  - B. cotton
  - C. coffee
  - D. bananas
7. The southern part has a high population **mainly** because the area has
  - A. flat land
  - B. high rainfall
  - C. good roads
  - D. large urban centres
8. Which one of the following communities in Eastern Africa are **not** a Semitic speakers?
  - A. Arabs
  - B. Amharans
  - C. Falasha
  - D. Swahili
9. Fishing in lake Victoria in Kenya can **best** be improved by
  - A. encouraging people to eat fish.
  - B. teaching people new fishing skills.
  - C. building an airport to transport fish.
  - D. removing water plants growing in the lake.
10. The coming of Arabs to the coast of Eastern Africa before the 19th century led to
  - A. decline in slave trade.
  - B. building of towns along the coast.
  - C. partition of Eastern Africa.
  - D. introduction of plantation farming.

11. During the British colonial period in Kenya, Africans were appointed chiefs **mainly** to
- collect taxes for the colonial government.
  - appoint colonial officers.
  - make rules for Africans.
  - recruit the youth in the army.
12. The diagram illustrated below shows the formation of



- land breeze
  - convictional rainfall
  - sea breeze
  - relief rainfall
13. The vegetation zone that covers the largest part of Eastern Africa is
- semi-desert vegetation
  - mountain vegetation
  - savannah vegetation
  - rainforest vegetation
14. The **main** reason why Highland Nilotes settled in the Rift Valley region of Kenya was because the area
- was safe to settle
  - had better pasture for their animals
  - was good for trade
  - had fertile soils for growing crops
15. Which one of the following statements about Mombasa town is **not** true? It
- started as a colonial administration post
  - has manufacturing industries
  - was visited by early visitors
  - handles Kenya's exports and imports
16. Shoe making industry in Limuru in Kenya is an example of
- a processing industry
  - a service industry
  - an assembling industry
  - a manufacturing industry
17. Two neighbours in a village can **best** solve a border dispute by
- taking the case to a court of law
  - selling the land in dispute
  - involving village elders
  - reporting the case to a police station
18. Which one of the following communities in Kenya fought the Europeans during the colonial period?
- Agiriama
  - Abawanga
  - Maasai
  - Akamba
19. The **main** tourist attraction site in the Rift Valley region in Kenya is
- sandy beaches
  - escarpments
  - people's customs
  - wildlife
20. The highland regions of Ethiopia are densely populated because
- there are large towns in the area
  - they receive reliable rainfall

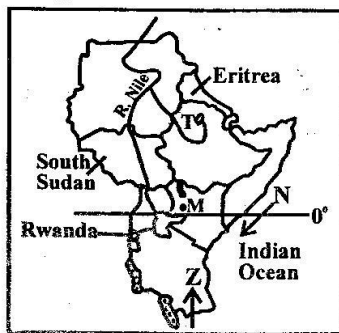
- of presence on mineral resources
  - there are good roads in the area.
21. Below are facts about a community in Kenya:
- It was ruled by chiefs.*
  - It settled in highland areas.*
  - It dispersed from the Shungwaya area.*
- The community described above is
- Abaluhya
  - Ameru
  - Akamba
  - Taita
22. Road transport is commonly used to transport goods in Kenya **mainly** because
- road transport is the most developed
  - most roads are tarmacked
  - it is the cheapest form of transport.
  - it is the safest form of transport.
23. Peace in Kenya can **best** be maintained if
- people respect the opinions of others.
  - there is only one political party
  - elections are held frequently
  - people avoid electing young leaders
24. The diagram below shows a weather instrument.



- The weather instrument is used to measure the
- strength of wind
  - direction of wind
  - speed of wind
  - intensity of wind
25. Wild animals conserved in game parks in Kenya are **mainly** threatened by
- wild fires
  - illegal poachers
  - pests and diseases
  - frequent droughts
26. Newspapers are not widely read in the rural areas in Kenya **mainly** because
- most people are illiterate.
  - people prefer to use radios.
  - people are not interested in newspapers.
  - they are not widely distributed.
27. Which one of the following statements about an age group is **correct**? Members
- are initiated about the same time.
  - live in the same area.
  - share a similar name.
  - have a common ancestor
28. Which language group do the Dorobo people of Kenya belong? They are
- Plain Nilotes
  - River and Lake Nilotes
  - Highland Nilotes
  - Cushites

29. Citizens of Kenya demonstrate patriotism when they  
 A. support Kenyan teams in international games.  
 B. do not go to vote during elections.  
 C. damage property during demonstrations.  
 D. fail to report criminal activities.
30. In Kenya, diatomite is mined at  
 A. Kimwarer                      B. Athi river  
 C. Lake Magadi                  D. Kariandusi

Use the map of Eastern Africa below to answer questions 31 to 34.



31. Three of the following statements about the community that used the route marked Z during the migration period are true. Which one is **not**? It  
 A. was looking for better pastures  
 B. was a Bantu speaking community  
 C. had escaped from attacks  
 D. was the last Bantu community to migrate
32. The lake marked T was formed through  
 A. faulting                      B. deposition  
 C. erosion                      D. volcanicity
33. The town marked M is  
 A. Kisumu                      B. Eldoret  
 C. Nakuru                      D. Thika
34. The effect of the prevailing winds marked N is that they  
 A. are cool and dry  
 B. raise temperatures along the coast  
 C. bring rain in adjacent areas  
 D. cause cooling effects in the interior
35. Which one of the following countries of Eastern Africa does **not** have Bantu speakers?  
 A. Sudan                      B. Burundi  
 C. Rwanda                      D. Uganda
36. Three of the following statements about the floor of the Rift Valley are true. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Rivers flow on the floor of the Rift Valley.  
 B. The floor has lakes.  
 C. All lakes on the floor of the Rift Valley are salty.  
 D. Some areas are dry.
37. Which one of the following groups is made up of traditional fish conservation methods?  
 A. Sun drying and refrigeration.  
 B. Smoking and salting

- C. Canning and salting  
 D. Salting and freezing
38. Which one of the following factors favours dairy farming in the highland regions of Kenya?  
 A. Nearness to milk factories  
 B. Availability of market for milk  
 C. Availability of good roads.  
 D. Cool and wet conditions.
39. Which one of the following African cultural practices should be preserved?  
 A. Wife inheritance.  
 B. Female circumcision.  
 C. Eating traditional foods  
 D. Cattle rustling
40. Three of the following statements about flower growing in Kenya are correct. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Flowers need high rainfall throughout the years.  
 B. Cut flowers are sold in overseas markets.  
 C. Flowers are grown in greenhouses.  
 D. Some flower farms are found in Naivasha.
- Use the diagram below to answer question 41.



41. Isaac was driving his car when he saw the road sign shown above. The **most** appropriate action that he took was that he  
 A. turned back  
 B. took a right turn  
 C. reduced the speed of his car  
 D. stopped his car
42. The community that was led by Koitalel arap Samoei in fighting the British was  
 A. Nandi                      B. Maasai  
 C. Ababukusu                  D. Agiriama
43. Mukasa is a Ugandan doctor working in Kenya. He can register to be a Kenyan citizen if he  
 A. has been given a permit to work in Kenya.  
 B. owns a hospital in Kenya  
 C. is employed by the Ministry of Health  
 D. has lived in the country continuously for seven years or more.
44. Which one of the following is a lowland natural forest in Kenya?  
 A. Ngong forest  
 B. Arabuko Sokoke forest  
 C. Turbo forest  
 D. Marsabit forest
45. The number of road accidents in Kenya has reduced in the recent past due to  
 A. frequent training of road users.  
 B. recent expansion of roads.  
 C. fitting speed governors on vehicles.  
 D. increase of police officers on the roads.

46. Kemunto is a banana farmer in Nyamira county. She brings her bananas to Gikomba market in Nairobi for sale. This type of trade is  
 A. domestic trade    B. barter trade  
 C. external trade    D. foreign trade
47. Which one of the following groups of rivers in Eastern Africa consists of those with inland drainage system?  
 A. Nile, Juba, Pangani  
 B. Athi, Tana, Matandu  
 C. Nzoia, Omo, Kagera  
 D. Ruvuma, Nile, Rufiji
48. Which one of the following statements about Waiyaki wa Hinga is **correct**? He  
 A. helped Europeans build a railway line.  
 B. was arrested and deported to Kisii.  
 C. was made a paramount chief.  
 D. lived at Dagoretti near Nairobi
49. The **main** factor that favoured the growth of Nakuru town is  
 A. variety of agricultural products in the area.  
 B. money collected from tourists visiting lake Nakuru.  
 C. settlement of Arab traders in the area.  
 D. building of Trans-African Highway through the town.
50. Which one of the following groups is made up of communities that dispersed from Pubungu-Pakwach area?  
 A. Iteso, Karamojong, Samburu  
 B. Luo, Acholi, Langi  
 C. Taita, Mijikenda, Pokomo  
 D. Nandi, Kipsigis, Marakwet
51. Which one of the following is **not** a service industry in Kenya?  
 A. Tourism                      B. Baking  
 C. Banking                      D. Insurance
52. In traditional Abawanga system of government, the community was headed by  
 A. a king  
 B. a council of elders  
 C. an emperor  
 D. a chief
53. The leeward side of a mountain receives less rainfall because it  
 A. has little vegetation.  
 B. lies at a low altitude.  
 C. is sheltered from warm, moist winds.  
 D. is far away from large water bodies.
54. In Kenya, tea is grown in large plantations in  
 A. Laikipia county  
 B. Kilifi county  
 C. Kericho county  
 D. Taita Taveta county
55. The **main** threat facing natural forests in the highland areas of Kenya is  
 A. pests that destroy trees  
 B. continuous cutting down of trees  
 C. frequent drought in the country  
 D. outbreak of fires in the forests
56. Three of the following statements about Masaku of the Akamba are true. Which one is **not**? He  
 A. led his people in attacking railway builders.  
 B. predicted future events.  
 C. lived near Machakos town.  
 D. was a famous trader.
57. Children can **best** be protected from abuse by  
 A. taking them to boarding schools  
 B. putting abused children in special homes  
 C. treating children who have been abused  
 D. educating people on children's rights.
58. The Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (IEBC) is headed by  
 A. a chairperson    B. the president  
 C. the speaker    D. the chief justice
59. The arm of the government that makes and amends laws is headed by the  
 A. president                      B. attorney general  
 C. speaker                      D. chief justice
60. Representative democracy is practised in the society when  
 A. pupils ask questions during a lesson.  
 B. county assembly members make laws for the county.  
 C. people make decisions in the villages  
 D. pupils make class rules.

#### **CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. When God put Adam and Eve in the garden of Eden, He told them **not** to  
 A. eat the fruit of the tree of knowledge  
 B. speak to the snake  
 C. wear clothes  
 D. eat fruits in the garden
62. Who among the following sons of Noah showed disrespect to his father?  
 A. Japheth                      B. Shem  
 C. Ham                          D. Seth
63. Abraham showed obedience to God in Haran when he  
 A. went to live in Canaan  
 B. accepted to sacrifice his son  
 C. was circumcised  
 D. welcomed three strangers to his home
64. When Jacob lived at the home of Laban, he worked as a  
 A. priest                          B. shepherd  
 C. slave                          D. tax collector
65. When God called Moses near Mount Sinai, he was  
 A. harvesting wheat  
 B. sleeping in a tent  
 C. offering sacrifice  
 D. looking after Jethro's sheep
66. The Israelites were afraid when they reached the Red Sea because  
 A. the Egyptian army had followed them  
 B. they had no water to drink  
 C. Moses had left them  
 D. God had appeared to them on mt. Sinai.

67. The first king of Israel who was anointed by Samuel was  
 A. David                      B. Solomon  
 C. Saul                        D. Ahab
68. David was able to kill Goliath with a stone because he  
 A. was a good shepherd  
 B. was brave  
 C. was good at throwing stones  
 D. had faith in God
69. The widow whose son was raised by prophet Elijah lived in  
 A. Shunem                      B. Zarephath  
 C. Carmel                       D. Jericho
70. The parents of John the Baptist were  
 A. Zechariah and Mary  
 B. Zechariah and Elizabeth  
 C. Zechariah and Martha  
 D. Zechariah and Salome
71. Mary was surprised by Angel Gabriel's message because she  
 A. was a virgin  
 B. had no child  
 C. was too young  
 D. was not an important person
72. Herod wanted to kill Jesus when He was born because  
 A. babies were being killed  
 B. the wisemen had tricked him  
 C. Jesus had been born in a poor family  
 D. he wanted to continue ruling
73. An event that happened when Jesus was born was that  
 A. darkness covered the earth  
 B. a voice was heard from heaven  
 C. there was an earthquake  
 D. a cloud covered Jesus
74. When the devil told Jesus to change a stone into bread, He replied that  
 A. human being cannot live on bread alone  
 B. He was not hungry  
 C. He was fasting  
 D. His time had not yet come
75. The first two disciples called by Jesus from their fishing boat were  
 A. John and James  
 B. Philip and Nathaniel  
 C. Peter and Andrew  
 D. Matthew and Thomas
76. The town where the Jews rejected Jesus was  
 A. Capernaum  
 B. Bethany  
 C. Jerusalem  
 D. Nazareth
77. Jesus went to the house of Zacchaeus because  
 A. He wanted to eat a meal.  
 B. He wanted to bring salvation to him  
 C. Zacchaeus had invited Him  
 D. He wanted to spend the night there
78. Jesus raised a widow's son in the town of  
 A. Nain                         B. Capernaum  
 C. Bethany                      D. Cana
79. The parable of the good Samaritan teaches Christians to be  
 A. honest                        B. humble  
 C. kind                           D. faithful
80. Jesus washed His disciples' feet when they were  
 A. eating the last supper  
 B. fishing in lake Galilee  
 C. walking to Emmaus  
 D. seated in the temple
81. On the night Jesus was arrested, He had gone to the garden of Gethsemane to  
 A. sleep    B. hide    C. fast    D. pray
82. On which day of the week did Jesus resurrect?  
 A. Monday                        B. Friday  
 C. Sunday                         D. Sabbath
83. Why were the disciples of Jesus able to speak in different languages on the day of Pentecost?  
 They  
 A. were filled with the Holy Spirit  
 B. were drunk with wine  
 C. had learnt other languages  
 D. had travelled to other countries
84. Saul persecuted the followers of Jesus because they were  
 A. mixing with sinners  
 B. preaching in the name of Jesus  
 C. not performing miracles  
 D. working on the Sabbath day.
85. In traditional African communities, it is believed that human beings were created by  
 A. an ancestor                    B. elders  
 C. a priest                         D. a supreme being
86. Standard Six pupils can best spend their free time during the school holiday by  
 A. attending birthday parties  
 B. visiting and helping old people  
 C. hunting animals  
 D. playing football.
87. In a Christian family, children are taught moral values in order to  
 A. grow up into responsible adults  
 B. get jobs when they grow up.  
 C. get marriage partners in future  
 D. become leaders in future
88. Which one of the following is the most important value expected from children?  
 A. Obedience                      B. Wisdom  
 C. Courage                         D. Bravery
89. Nathaniel, a Standard Six pupil, avoids cleaning the classroom with the other pupils. He should be advised to  
 A. transfer to another school  
 B. request his sister to do the work  
 C. stop the habit and work with the others  
 D. transfer to another class
90. It is important for Christians to work in order to  
 A. become rich  
 B. do what God requires  
 C. be rewarded  
 D. please their leaders

**ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. The surah that teaches Muslims how to pray is  
A. Ikhlas                      B. Maun  
C. Fatiha                      D. Aadiyat
62. We should avoid worldly things according to surah  
A. Kauthar                      B. Takaathur  
C. Ikhlas                      D. Lahab
63. **Alkauthar** means  
A. river in paradise  
B. purity  
C. small kindness  
D. opening chapter
64. Where was Al Qaariah revealed?  
A. Makkah                      B. Madina  
C. Ethiopia                      D. Somalia
65. \_\_\_\_\_ is Muhammad's (SAW) uncle mentioned in Masad.  
A. Abdallah                      B. Abu Lahab  
C. Hamza                      D. Albas
66. \_\_\_\_\_ talks of running horses.  
A. Aadiyat                      B. Lahab  
C. Maun                      D. Kauthar
67. Keep off worldly affairs and be loved by  
A. people                      B. Allah  
C. angels                      D. prophets
68. Ihsaan is the way of worshipping Allah as if you are  
A. seeing Him  
B. nearing death  
C. not going to die  
D. alone
69. We greet one another in Islam by saying  
A. wa aleikum salaam  
B. as salaam aleikum  
C. hi  
D. how are you
70. Which among these is the fourth pillar of Islam?  
A. Swalah                      B. Hajj  
C. Saum                      D. Zakat
71. Kabniah is laailaha ilallahu \_\_\_\_\_  
rusulullah.  
A. Shahidi                      B. Allah  
C. Ambiyah                      D. Muhammadu
72. Who is an angel among the following?  
A. Idris                      B. Rahma  
C. Shwaib                      D. Munkar
73. Who was the first prophet to be sent by Allah?  
A. Isa  
B. Muhammad  
C. Daud  
D. Adam
74. There are \_\_\_\_\_ attributes of Allah mentioned in the Quran.  
A. 114                      B. 313  
C. 99                      D. 100
75. Select the favour of Allah that helps us to see.  
A. Ears                      B. Eyes  
C. Stomach                      D. Back
76. \_\_\_\_\_ is the Eid of the week for Muslims.  
A. Adhha                      B. Fitr  
C. Jum'ah                      D. Suhr
77. \_\_\_\_\_ is the celebration observed on 12th of Rabiul Awal.  
A. Eid                      B. Israa wal Miraj  
C. Miladun nahi                      D. Hijra
78. The second faradh prayer of the day is called  
A. Dhuhur                      B. Asr  
C. Maghrib                      D. Isha
79. What is wudhu in Islam?  
A. Cleaning oneself after toileting  
B. Ablution  
C. Alternative of wudhu  
D. Praying
80. One of these will nullify one's tayammum. Which one?  
A. Eating food                      B. Farting  
C. Reading Quran                      D. Walking
81. Before doing something good, we should say  
A. Insha Allah  
B. Masha Allah  
C. Billahi  
D. Bismillahi
82. One should enter the toilet using \_\_\_\_\_ foot.  
A. any                      B. the right  
C. the left                      D. the first
83. Who among these is the recipient of Zakat?  
A. Widows  
B. Orphans  
C. Those in debts  
D. The rich
84. After heidh, Muslim ladies should  
A. sleep  
B. take a bath  
C. migrate  
D. celebrate
85. There are \_\_\_\_\_ Islamic months.  
A. 12                      B. 4  
C. 24                      D. 10
86. Which of these means the opener? Al  
A. Muswawir                      B. Khaliq  
C. Mutakahur                      D. Fatah
87. All prophets of Allah were forgiven their sins, therefore they were  
A. Muswawir                      B. Maasumin  
C. Mushrikwan                      D. Munafik
88. Only the \_\_\_\_\_ can use gold in Islam.  
A. female                      B. boys  
C. youths                      D. old men
89. The most important thing in Islamic marriage is  
A. dowry  
B. consent from parents  
C. bride's consent  
D. sheikh's consent
90. During Hijra, \_\_\_\_\_ played the major role.  
A. Ali                      B. Abubakr  
C. Hamza                      D. Abbas