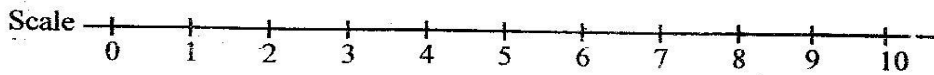
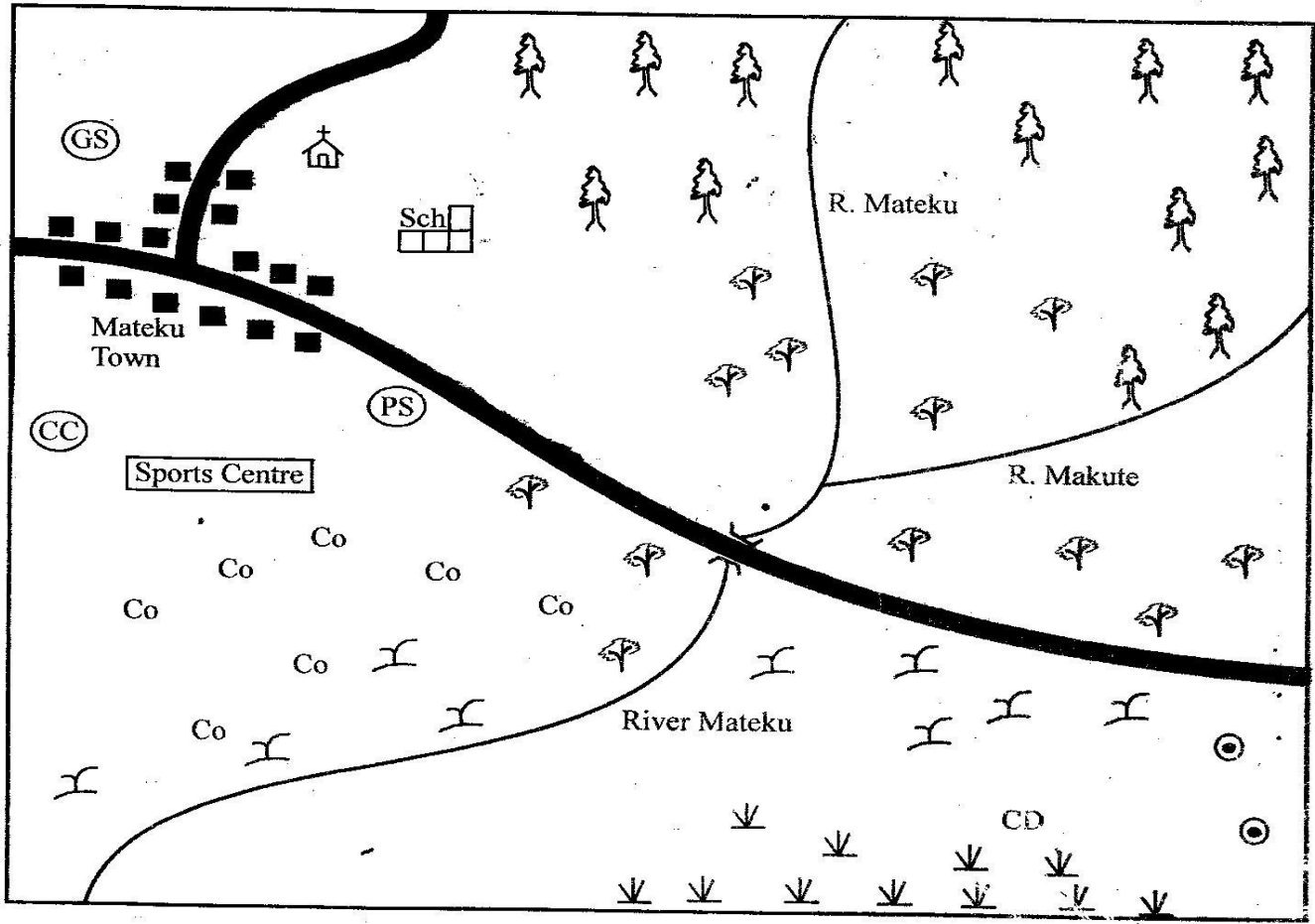


CLASS 6 END TERM 2 2020

SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

KALINGO DISTRICT 1-3 ITEMS

MATEKU AREA



KEY

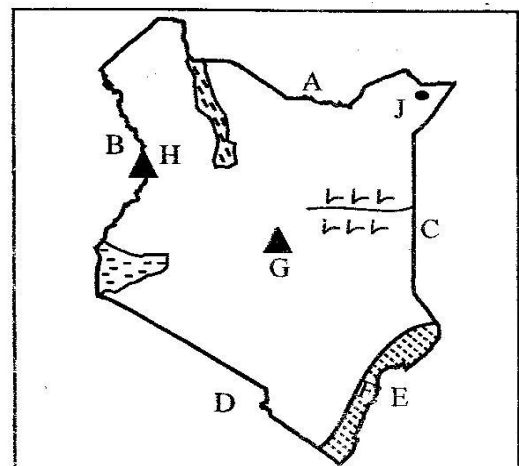
	Forest		Coffee		Buildings		Tarmac road
	School		Maize		River and the bridge	CC	County Council Office
	Grass		Tea		Bore hole	G.S.	Governor's Office
	Church	PS	Police Station				

Study the map of Mateku Area above and then answer questions 1 to 7.

1. What is the general direction of R. Mateku?
A. N.W. to S.W. B. S.E. to N.W.
C. S.W. to N.E. D. N.E. to S.W.
2. Which is the **main** economic activity in Mateku area?
A. Fishing B. Saw milling
C. Farming D. Mining
3. Who is the head of Mateku area?
A. Chief B. Governor
C. Senator D. Sub chief
4. Which one of the following social institutions is **not** in Mateku area?
A. Hospital B. School
C. Church D. Stadium
5. Which is the **main** climatic condition to the North of Mateku area?
A. Hot and dry B. Cool and dry
C. Cool and wet D. Hot and wet
6. Which religion is **mainly** found in Mateku town?
A. Hindu B. Pagan
C. Islamic D. Christianity
7. Which natural feature is found in Mateku area?
A. River B. Bridge
C. Road D. School
8. Which one of the following communities is **wrongly** matched with its leader before Kenya's Independence?
A. Akamba - Sameoi
B. Nandi - Koitalel
C. Abagusii - Mukite wa Nameme
D. Agiriyama - Mekalili
9. Which one of the following was **not** among the methods used to educate people during pre-colonial period?
A. Use of proverbs.
B. Apprenticeship.
C. Reading and writing.
D. Telling stories.
10. Which one of these areas is **not** a fishing ground in Kenya?
A. L. Turkana B. L. Victoria
C. L. Baringo D. L. Elementaita

11. Which one of these is **not** an example of a latitude?
A. 34°E B. 0°
C. 23½°N D. 23½°S
12. Which one of the following communities left their original homeland because they wanted more land for cultivation?
A. Maasai B. Ameru
C. Somali D. Boran
13. Which one of these cultural activities should **not** be preserved?
A. Traditional wedding ceremonies.
B. Use of traditional foods.
C. Female circumcision.
D. Male circumcision.
14. Which artefact below was used for storage?
A. Basket B. Necklace
C. Bows D. Arrows
15. What is the name given to a group of people who have a common ancestor?
A. Clan B. Age set
C. Age group D. A family
16. Which group belongs to the Southern Cushites?
A. Nandi B. Rendille
C. Turkana D. Iraqw
17. Which of the following is **not** an importance of forests in Kenya?
A. Help to hide thieves.
B. Provide water catchment areas.
C. Help to conserve soil.
D. Help as wild habitat.

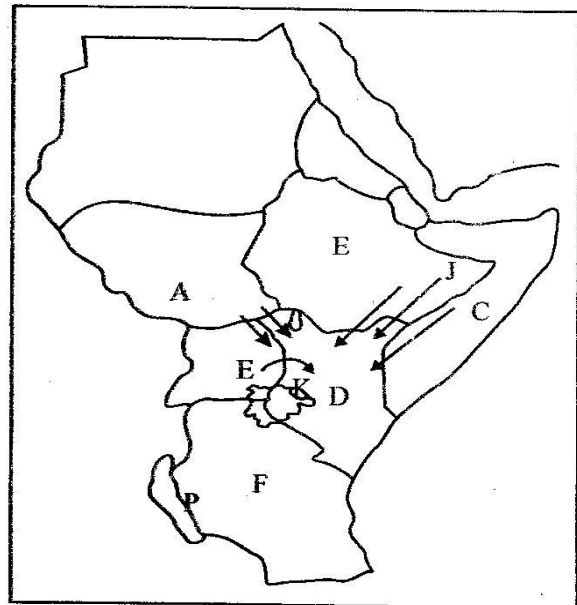
Use the map below to answer questions 18 - 22.



18. Which relief region is marked F?
 A. The plateau
 B. The highlands
 C. The Lake Victoria basin
 D. Coastal plains
19. How was the relief feature marked G formed?
 A. Through faulting B. Through sinking
 C. Through uplifting D. Through volcanicity
20. Which country is marked D above?
 A. Uganda B. Tanzania
 C. Somalia D. Ethiopia
21. Which tourist attraction can one find at the area marked E?
 A. Wildlife B. Hot springs
 C. Sandy beaches D. Beautiful sceneries
22. Which town is marked J above?
 A. Mandera B. Marsabit
 C. Moyale D. Wajir
23. Which one of the following does **not** influence human activities around the swampy areas?
 A. Reeds are used in basket making.
 B. People settle in a swamp.
 C. Fishing can be carried out in a swamp.
 D. Vegetation there can be used in construction of houses.
24. Which one of the following does **not** influence climate of a place?
 A. Longitude
 B. Latitude
 C. Relief
 D. Nearness to large water body
25. Which of the following is the state of belonging to a certain country?
 A. Patriotism B. Citizenship
 C. Democracy D. Human right
26. Which is the most widely used means of transport in Kenya?
 A. Air B. Pipeline
 C. Railway D. Road
27. Which is the **best** climate for keeping animals meant for meat?
 A. Hot and wet climate.
 B. Hot and dry climate.
 C. Cool and dry climate.
 D. Cool and wet climate.
28. Which among groups of people is **not** an example of River Lake Nilotes found in Uganda?
 A. Iteso B. Labwor
 C. Lango D. Jopadhola

29. Which one of the following ways does **not** help in solving disagreements in school?
 A. Use of school rules to resolve disagreements
 B. Giving materials in unfair way.
 C. Discussing to reach an agreement.
 D. Giving an apology.
30. When did Kenya become a British Protectorate?
 A. 1963 B. 1978
 C. 1895 D. 1920
31. Which one of these types of fish is caught in fresh water fishing area?
 A. King fish B. Mackerel
 C. Tuna D. Tilapia
32. Which weather instrument below is commonly found in air strip?
 A. Windsock B. Hygrometer
 C. Raingauge D. Thermometer
33. Which of the following are privileges that one enjoys and is entitled to?
 A. Moral values B. Democracy
 C. Power D. Human rights
34. Which of these industries is an example of a processing industry?
 A. Cement making industry.
 B. Radio repair.
 C. Motor vehicle.
 D. Tea factory.

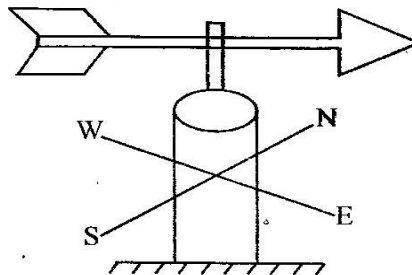
Use the map below to answer questions 35 - 39.



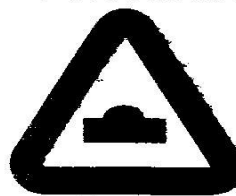
35. Which country above has the longest Coastline?
 A. D B. C
 C. A D. B

36. Which type of climate is found around the feature marked **K**?
- A. Cool and dry B. Hot and dry
C. Cool and wet D. Hot and wet
37. Which country above is landlocked?
- A. D B. C
C. A D. F
38. What was the original homeland of the people who followed route **J**?
- A. South Sudan B. Uganda
C. Horn of Africa D. Congo basin
39. The lake marked **P** was formed as a result of
- A. volcanicity B. faulting and sinking
C. folding D. eruption
40. Which one of the following is the **best** way of preventing road accidents?
- A. Driving new vehicles only.
B. Erecting bumps.
C. Employing many traffic police officers.
D. Educating all road users on road safety.
41. Which one of the following is **not** a responsibility of a good citizen?
- A. Evading paying of taxes.
B. Enhances harmony among people.
C. Promotes co-operation among people.
D. Discourages corruption among people.
42. Which one of the following groups of crops was grown by the Agikuyu before the coming of the Europeans?
- A. Tea, coffee, pyrethrum.
B. Rice, yams, sweet potatoes.
C. Millet, maize, barley.
D. Cassava, yams, millet.
43. Which one is **not** a basic need?
- A. Ugali B. Manyatta
C. Radio D. T-shirt
44. What is the **main** reason as to why perishable goods are transported by air from one country to another?
- A. They rot fast.
B. They rippen fast.
C. They smell fast.
D. They are durable.

Use the weather instrument below to answer questions 45 to 47.



45. What is the name of the weather instrument shown above?
- A. Windsock B. Windvane
C. Rain gauge D. Anemometer
46. Which element is measured using the weather instrument above?
- A. Wind speed B. Humidity
C. Wind direction D. Wind strength
47. From the diagram, what direction is the wind blowing towards?
- A. South East B. North West
C. North East D. South West
48. Which one of the following should **not** be done by a person who is under 18 years of age?
- A. Providing security to the family.
B. Helping parents in daily chores.
C. Learning in school.
D. Looking and taking care of the young children.
49. How frequent is census conducted in Kenya?
- A. After 5 years B. After 10 years
C. After 7 years D. After 2 years
50. What should a motorist do when he or she comes across the road sign shown alongside?



- A. Stop immediately
B. Turn left
C. Drive faster
D. Slow down
51. What is the **main** problem facing trade in Kenya?
- A. Poaching
B. Poor road network
C. Production of similar goods
D. Insecurity

52. Which one of the following skills learnt in the past is the odd one out?
 A. Singing B. Writing
 C. Story telling D. Wrestling
53. Through which one of the following can one become a Kenya citizen?
 A. By birth B. By voting
 C. By democracy D. By confirmation
54. Which one of the following is the **main** function of county assembly?
 A. Formulating and making budget.
 B. Administering justice.
 C. Formulating county policies.
 D. Formulating county laws.
55. Which colour of our National flag represents peace in our country?
 A. White B. Green
 C. Red D. Black
56. Which is the capital city of Djibouti?
 A. Asmara B. Djibouti
 C. Eritrea D. Juba
57. Which one of the following is a benefit of trade?
 A. Stealing of goods.
 B. Lack of goods.
 C. Competition of resources.
 D. Earning of foreign exchange.
58. Which of the following are examples of plains?
 A. Lorian, Yala, Ewaso Nyiro.
 B. Tana, Athi, Sio.
 C. Serengeti, Lotikipi, Bilesha.
 D. Mt. Kenya, Elgon, Kilimanjaro.
59. Who ruled the Abawanga during the pre-colonial period?
 A. Chiefs B. Kings
 C. Emperors D. Clan heads
60. Which one of the following is a cause of lawlessness in a society?
 A. Insecurity.
 B. Free corruption areas.
 C. Employment.
 D. Fair distribution of resources.

SECTION B

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following is **true** about man from the Genesis story of creation?
 A. He was created on the 5th day.
 B. He did not have any form or image.
 C. He was created in God's image.
 D. He was the first to be created.
62. Through which of the following ways can human beings take care of God's creation?
 A. Killing animals.
 B. Draining water into a garden.
 C. Cutting down trees.
 D. Conserving the soil.
63. Who among the following is the odd one out?
 A. Joseph B. Abel
 C. Abraham D. Isaac
64. How did God appear to Moses when he was called by God?
 A. In form of fire in a burning bush.
 B. In form of a dove.
 C. In form of a cloud.
 D. In form of a spirit.
65. Why was Abraham regarded as the father of faith?
 A. He agreed to be circumcised.
 B. He saw many stars.
 C. He was ready to sacrifice his son Isaac.
 D. He went to a new place unknown to him.
66. He killed Naboth and took his vineyard. Who was he?
 A. Abel B. Mahlon
 C. Ahab D. Cain
67. Who among the following **was not** a son of Noah?
 A. Ham F. Joseph
 C. Shem D. Japheth
68. Which of the following books of the bible is **not** found in the New Testament?
 A. Mark
 B. Malachi
 C. John
 D. James

69. One of the following items was not used by Gideon and his army to fight the Midianites. Which one is it?
 A. A jar B. A torch
 C. Sword D. Trumpet
70. Who among the following was able to use his wisdom to judge a difficult case between two women?
 A. David B. Saul
 C. Samson D. Solomon
71. Where was the first miracle performed by Jesus?
 A. At Cana B. At Capernaum
 C. Judea D. At Antioch
72. Who helped Jesus to carry the cross?
 A. Simon Peter B. Simon of Cyrene
 C. Nicodemus D. Joseph of Arimathea
73. When were the disciples filled with the Holy Spirit?
 A. During Passover night.
 B. During the last supper.
 C. On the day of Pentecost.
 D. On Christmas day.
74. I commanded and ordered census to be carried out in Bethlehem when Jesus was born. Who am I?
 A. King Herod
 B. Pontious Pilate
 C. King Darius
 D. Emperor Augustus
75. Which was the second group that came to visit baby Jesus when He was born?
 A. Augustus
 B. King Herod
 C. The shepherds
 D. Wisemen
76. Who among the following people called upon people to straighten the Lord's path through repentance?
 A. John the Baptist
 B. Matthew
 C. Ezekiel
 D. Zachariah
77. Who took Jesus to the wilderness when He prayed and fasted for 40 days and 40 nights?
 A. Satan
 B. The spirit of God
 C. John
 D. Peter
78. Which parable below teaches Christians to help the needy?
 A. The mustard seed
 B. The yeast
 C. The rich man and Lazarus
 D. The prodigal son
79. Blessed are those who mourn for _____ (according to Matthew Chapter 5.)
 A. the kingdom of God is theirs.
 B. God will call them his children.
 C. they will see God.
 D. God will comfort them.
80. How can Christians **best** use their wealth?
 A. Assisting those in need.
 B. Visiting national parks.
 C. Purchasing new clothes.
 D. Going for their own entertainments.
81. Which one of the following rites of passage shows that one is ready to become an adult?
 A. Death B. Initiation
 C. Birth D. Marriage
82. Which one of the following is **not** given by the Holy Spirit of God?
 A. Goodness B. Loyalty
 C. Faithfulness D. Jealousy
83. Which took the responsibility of teaching young girls in Traditional African Society?
 A. Prophets B. Medicine men
 C. Grandmothers D. Grandfathers
84. As a leader, you are not supposed to _____
 A. fear God.
 B. serve all people equally.
 C. favour one group of people.
 D. be honest.
85. What do the Akamba people call their God?
 A. Mulungu B. Asis
 C. Were D. Enkoro

86. John refuses to clean the class always when his turn comes. What should you do to him as a Christian?
- Tell the class teacher.
 - Beat him up.
 - Clean for him.
 - Avoid him.
87. Which of the following cannot lead to one being infected with HIV and AIDS?
- Donating blood.
 - Sharing or coming into contact with open wounds.
 - Shaking hands.
 - Sharing sharp objects.
88. Duties should be assigned to us by the teachers so as to be
- loving
 - humble
 - lazy
 - responsible
89. Which is the **main** reason that makes Christians to go to church? To
- collect offerings.
 - worship God.
 - correct one another.
 - meet with other friends.
90. Who wrote the Holy Bible?
- Angels
 - Satan himself
 - People guided by God
 - Jesus Christ

SECTION B

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. The word 'NIFAS' means _____
- the blood of child birth.
 - dead body.
 - a spice.
 - monthly periods.
62. Which Surah tells us **not** to put up all our time on acquiring wealth?
- Dhuha
 - Zilzalah
 - Asr
 - Takathur

63. After the defeat of Badr, the Quraish wanted to
- convert to Islam.
 - remove idols from the Qaaba.
 - take revenge.
 - sign a peace-treaty with the Muslims.
64. Which pillar of Islam is mentioned 82 times alongside Swalat?
- Zakat
 - Shahad
 - Saum
 - Hajj
65. The second source of Sharia is _____
- Hadith
 - Quran
 - Suhuf
 - Ijma
66. How many Muslims fought in the battle of Badr?
- 113
 - 131
 - 311
 - 313
67. _____ was the mother of Nabii Ismail.
- Hajar
 - Marwa
 - Swafa
 - Sarah
68. The prophet who lived in the time of king Firaun was _____
- Nuh
 - Musa
 - Daud
 - Mohammed
69. The person who is the _____ to enter the mosque on Friday is like a person who has offered an egg.
- 2nd
 - 3rd
 - 5th
 - 7th
70. Which of the following is **not** "Ash-Hural"?
- Ramadhan
 - Rajab
 - Dhul-Dadha
 - Dhul-Hijja
71. The third pillar of Islam is
- Hajj
 - Saum
 - Shahada
 - Zakat
72. Prophet Ibrahim was given _____ to sacrifice instead of his son Ismail.
- camel
 - goat
 - sheep
 - cow
73. The Surah that mentions three places of revelation is _____
- Asr
 - At-Tiin
 - Al-Qariah
 - Inshirah

74. Which Sunnah prayer is performed during daytime?
 A. *Witr* B. *Taraweh*
 C. *Tahajud* D. *Dhuha*
75. Sunnah fasts were observed **mostly** by the prophet S.A.W. in the month of _____
 A. *Muharaam* B. *Rajab*
 C. *Shaaban* D. *Rabiul Awwal*
76. Which angel is correctly matched with his duties?
 A. *Jibril - Revelation*
 B. *Raqib - Heaven*
 C. *Izrail - Hell*
 D. *Israfil - Rain*
77. According to Islam, the first Muadhbin was
 A. *Abubakar Sadia*
 B. *Billal Bin Rabah*
 C. *Uthman Bin Affan*
 D. *Omar Bin Samit*
78. Muharram is the _____ month of Islamic calendar.
 A. *first* B. *last*
 C. *third* D. *tenth*
79. The third pillar of Iman is belief in
 A. *books of Allah (SW)*
 B. *Allah (SW)*
 C. *angels of Allah (SW)*
 D. *prophets of Allah (SW)*
80. A Muslim entering the Mosque on Friday should
 A. *read the Quran.* B. *give salaam*
 C. *pray two rakats* D. *take udhu*
81. Taqwa means _____
 A. *fear of Allah.*
 B. *spending money in the cause of Allah.*
 C. *praising Allah day and night.*
 D. *doing good and avoiding evil.*
82. Which Surah clearly explains the oneness of Allah (SW)?
 A. *Fatiha* B. *Al-Fityl*
 C. *Kauthar* D. *Al-Ikhlal*
83. The saying and deeds of the prophet (SAW) are known as _____
 A. *halal* B. *hadith*
 C. *fardh* D. *sunnah*
84. Nabii Nuh built the ark because
 A. *he wanted to be a fisherman.*
 B. *he was a good carpenter.*
 C. *he knew there were going to be floods.*
 D. *he was commanded by Allah.*
85. Which is **not** a sacred month?
 A. *Rajab* B. *Dhul-Hijja*
 C. *Ramadhan* D. *Dhul-Qaadah*
86. The battle in which Muslim women actively took part in is _____
 A. *battle of Uhud*
 B. *battle of Khandaq*
 C. *battle of Badr*
 D. *battle of hunnein*
87. Muslims were boycotted by the Quraish in the valley of _____
 A. *Badr* B. *Mina*
 C. *Shib* D. *Hunnein*
88. Who was **not** an uncle of the prophet?
 A. *Hamza*
 B. *Abu Twalib*
 C. *Abu Sufyan*
 D. *Abbas*
89. The prophet (SAW) was born in 570 AD. The year was called the year of _____
 A. *peace*
 B. *the elephant*
 C. *sorrow*
 D. *blessings*
90. The **main** thing the prophet did after **reaching** Madina was
 A. *fight Jews.*
 B. *settle the Muhajirun.*
 C. *build a Muslim army.*
 D. *change name of Yathrib to Madina.*