

STD 7 MID TERM 3 EXAM 2019

ENGLISH

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the **top** of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 to 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the question booklet:

For question 16, choose the alternative that **BEST** fits in the blank space.

16. Many coaches still get paid _____ way the result of their team goes.

- A. whatever
- B. however
- C. whichever
- D. wherever

The correct answer is (C)

On the answer sheet:

6 A B C D **16** A B C D **26** A B C D **36** A B C D **46** A B C D

In the set of boxes numbered **16**, the box with the letter **C** printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question, **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

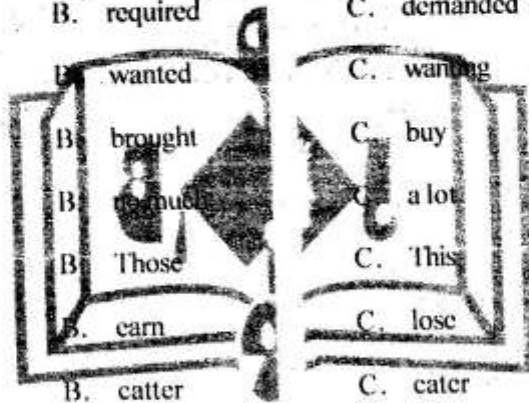
Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the **BEST** alternative from the choices given.

"I have you 1 paraffin to spare?" 2 Moses. "I 3 to 4 some but I didn't have 5 money."

"6 is the third time you have borrowed paraffin this week." Complained Jonah, the neighbour. "Why don't you get a job so as to 7 money to 8 for your regular 9? I don't want to 10 to assist you. Nevertheless, next time I shall not be so 11."

Moses 12 to his house 13 ashamed of himself. What his neighbour 14 said was true. He needed to be 15 to open up his business company instead of waiting for a job.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. some | B. many | C. any | D. a few |
| 2. A. asked | B. required | C. demanded | D. commanded |
| 3. A. wants | B. wanted | C. wanting | D. was wanted |
| 4. A. bring | B. brought | C. buy | D. take |
| 5. A. no enough | B. too much | C. a lot | D. enough |
| 6. A. These | B. Those | C. This | D. They |
| 7. A. loose | B. earn | C. lose | D. develop |
| 8. A. catering | B. catter | C. cater | D. catered |
| 9. A. essentials | B. luxury | C. assential | D. essential |
| 10. A. decline | B. agree | C. accept | D. incline |
| 11. A. misery | B. selfish | C. unkind | D. lenient |
| 12. A. reached | B. returned back | C. returned | D. arrived |
| 13. A. filling | B. felt | C. feeling | D. filled |
| 14. A. could have | B. had | C. did | D. will |
| 15. A. innovative | B. inovative | C. inovate | D. innovative |



For questions 16 to 18, choose the best word to complete the given sentences.

16. Of the twins, Ann is the
A. tallest
B. taller
C. shortest
D. tall
17. Osoro was _____ happy to see his new house.
A. very
B. to
C. so
D. rather
18. Kahiga said that if he had the ability, he _____ assist all the destitutes.
A. shall
B. would
C. might
D. could

For questions 19 to 20, choose the most appropriate **Alternative** that means the **same** as the given sentences.

19. I hardly ate anything last night.
A. I could not eat anything last night.
B. I did not eat anything last night.
C. I ate nothing last night.
D. I had little to eat last night.
20. We have to pay more attention in class.
A. We should pay more attention in class.
B. We may pay more attention in class.
C. We ought to pay more attention in class.
D. We must pay more attention in class.

For questions 21 to 23, choose the **correct** question tag.

21. They rejected the offer they were given, _____?
A. did they
B. were they
C. didn't they
D. weren't they
22. "Hey there! stop wasting time", _____?
A. won't you
B. will you
C. don't you
D. isn't it
23. He used to live in Nairobi, _____?
A. isn't it
B. did he
C. couldn't he
D. didn't he

For questions 24 and 25, choose the **BEST** alternative to fill in.

24. If we work hard, we _____ score high marks.
A. can
B. would
C. could
D. shall
25. My new dress has already _____.
A. shrunk
B. shrank
C. shrink
D. shranked

Read the following passage then answer questions 26 to 38.

Latin America's greatest rivals - Brazil and Argentina will compete for one spot in the finals of the World Youth Championship today. At the same time, Nigeria and Morocco will play an all-African showdown for the other. Both semi-finals should feature contrast in styles. Brazil and Nigeria, **on paper** the most defensive teams, will face the most aggressive in Argentine and Morocco.

The semi-final meetings could be decided by individual match-ups. These include Argentina and midfielder John Obi Mikel against Morocco striker Mouhissiner Lajour. Brazil and Argentina have each won the title four times and the winner of their match will be heavily favoured to take a record fifth.

An African team has won the tournament but atleast the continent is still in the running. Europe's entries folded when faced with better teams from the Southern hemisphere in the last quarter finals. This is when Germany lost to Brazil, Spain fell to Argentina, Italy were eliminated on penalties by Morocco and the Netherlands lost the same way to Nigeria.

Brazil are the defending champions and their emphasis so far has been on defender. Their leading scorer is a defender, Rafael and goalkeeper Renan has made a huge contribution to his team's survival.

Argentina have had a tough test at every stage, recovering from an opening loss to the unlimited states to beat Germany and Egypt. They then went on to win tough elimination matches with Columbia and Spain.

Nigeria beat Morocco once in qualifying but coach Siasia expects this game to be different. Nigeria have also grown in the tournament and John Obi Mikel has been made a major force. "Mikel is like a general in the midfiled. He makes the play," coach Siasia said.

(Source Daily Nation June 28, 2003)

26. From the first paragraph, we learn that Brazil and Argentina
- are always fighting.
 - are great enemies.
 - try to beat each other in soccer.
 - are latin America's greatest fighters.
27. According to the passage,
- Brazil and Argentina are in the finals.
 - Nigeria and Morocco are in the same finals.
 - Brazil and Argentina will play against Morocco and Nigeria in the finals.
 - Nigeria and Morocco are in the finals.
28. ".....an all African showdown...." means
- only teams from Africa will participate.
 - only teams with black Africans will take part.
 - the match will only take place in Africa.
 - only African teams will be shown the match.
29. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?
- Brazil and Argentina are both aggressive.
 - Nigeria is not as defensive as Brazil.
 - Argentina, unlike Nigeria, is aggressive.
 - Morocco, like Brazil, is defensive.
30. "On paper" as used in the passage means
- according to newspaper.
 - in the theory.
 - in practice.
 - obviously

31. We learn from the passage that
- Lionel will face Nigerian John Obi.
 - Mouhssine plays for Argentina as a striker.
 - Brazil's Rafael will square it out with Mesi.
 - Obi and Mouhssine will play on the same side.
32. What does the match between Brazil and Argentina portend?
- the Victor will win the title a fifth time.
 - the Victor will most likely win the title a fifth time.
 - both teams will have won the title five times.
 - both teams will have won the title a record four times.
33. African means
- have already been locked out of the tournament.
 - will never win the tournament.
 - are still battling it out for the title.
 - are too good to compete with European teams.
34. Which of the following countries is **NOT** beaten in the quarter finals?
- Italy
 - Germany
 - Morocco
 - Netherlands
35. European teams
- are much better than African
 - have been eliminated from the tournament.
 - were knocked out by African teams.
 - are the best in the southern hemisphere.
36. Which of the following is the **correct** outcome of the matches already played?
- Argentina was beaten by Spain.
 - Germany fell Italy.
 - Morocco was beaten by Italy.
 - Nigeria overwhelmed the Netherlands.
37. From the information above, which team is currently holding the tournament trophy?
- Argentina
 - Nigeria
 - Germany
 - Brazil
38. Which would be the **best** title for the passage?
- Argentina and Brazil are the soccer giants.
 - The soccer championship in Europe.
 - The world youth soccer championship.
 - European soccer teams fail to shine.

Read the following passage then answer questions 39 to 50.

Even though vegetables such as garlic, leeks and onions were widely used in **ancient Egypt**, their use in the West wasn't valued except in the countries around the Mediterranean sea. Here, the Arabs from North Africa introduced and promoted the cultivation and use of many vegetables including leafy greens.

Human nutrition depends in the first place on vegetables. Even carnivores would not survive if their prey could not find vegetables to eat! This means that vegetables are at the **base** of the food chain and should not be considered as mere side dish to a main course. Rather, vegetables, together with grains and fruit, should be principal elements of a healthy and nutritious diet.

Leafy greens are perfect for people who want quick, tasty and healthy dishes. Common ones include lettuce, sukuma wiki, broccoli, terere', spinach, Osuga and the leaves of sweet potato, turnip and cassava. These greens can be briefly steamed or sauteed with fresh **seasoning**.

When buying leafy greens, look for whole, fully formed leaves that are crisp and shiny. Beware of small holes and dark blemishes that usually indicate that insects have been at work. Because leafy greens are delicate and **perishable**, it is obvious when they are past their peak of freshness.

The leaves should never be limp, discoloured or brown. Always check the cut stem for misty brown or slimy ends, which means the greens have been sitting for a long time. If you buy your leafy greens wet, they should be dried before you store them in your refrigerator.

Leafy greens should be used within three days of purchase and stored in perforated plastic bags (to allow them to breathe), which you can make by punching small holes in ordinary produce bag with a large fork.

Before you cook the greens, trim tough stem ends, discard tough or discoloured leaves and wash them well. Give them a good **rinse** but handle them gently. To wash them, fill a large bowl or a clean sink with cold water. Submerge the greens briefly, shake them gently to release any clinging dirt and drain them in a colander. Repeat the process if the greens are particularly gritty or rinse them under a running tap. Resist the urge to soak the greens as this can cause them to lose valuable minerals.

After washing, it isn't necessary to dry the greens before **sauteing** or steaming them because the water left on the leaves will aid in their cooking. Cut the tougher greens into bite-sized pieces or shred them, but leave the smaller, more delicate greens whole.

Because greens have their own unique flavours, it is best to use them in simple **recipes** such as heating a little oil in a pot over moderate heat and then putting in the washed greens, adding some seasoning and stirring the leafy greens constantly until they begin to wilt. If you are trying to avoid added fat in your diet, this is a quick and easy method of cooking.

The distinctive flavours of leafy greens go well with seasoning such as chill powder, garlic, lemon juice, dhania, basil, tomatoes, nuts and even fish sauces.

39. What vegetables were widely used in ancient Egypt?
- Garlic, leeks and carrots.
 - Garlic, leeks and tomatoes.
 - Garlic, leeks and onions.
 - Garlic, leaves and greens
40. The word **ancient** as used in the passage means the same as
- modern
 - new
 - old
 - foreign
41. Human nutrition depends on vegetables because
- even carnivores would not survive if their prey could not find vegetables to eat.
 - vegetables are at base of the food chain.
 - vegetables are perfect for people who eat tasty and healthy dishes.
 - vegetables together with grains and fruits, should be principal elements of healthy and nutritious diet.
42. According to the passage, what are the common leafy greens?
- Lettuce, sukuma wiki, broccoli, terere, osuga.
 - Leaves of sweet potato, turnip, cassava and garlic.
 - Lettuce, broccoli, terere, osinga, leeks
 - Lettuce, sukuma wiki, broccoli, osuga, onions.
43. What is the meaning of the term **seasoning** according to the way it has been used in the passage
- occurring in seasons.
 - can be cooked with some spices or flavours.
 - can be used for different seasons.
 - can be used only on particular seasons.
44. Small holes and dark blemishes indicate that
- insects have been at work.
 - the leaves have crisp and shiny.
 - the leaves are not fresh.
 - the leaves are fully formed.
45. Which of the following are perishable?
- Potatoes and onions.
 - Spinach and lettuce.
 - Garlic and leeks.
 - Potatoes and garlic.
46. What do you understand by the term **sauting**?
- Adding sauce to the vegetables.
 - Cleaning the greens.
 - Cutting the greens into bite-sized pieces.
 - Steaming the greens.
47. What is the method used to cook greens for one who is avoiding added fat in their diet?
- Boiling the greens until they are brown.
 - Deep frying the greens until they are golden.
 - Using a little oil and moderate heat to fry the greens till they begin to wilt.
 - Adding chili powder, garlic and tomatoes so as to maintain the distinctive flavours of leafy greens.
48. Leafy greens get their colour from
- the seasoning that brings out their flavours
 - the stem and stock of the plant.
 - from their chlorophyll.
 - from them not being discoloured.
49. Any set of instructions for preparing a mixture of ingredients is known as
- salting
 - recipe
 - seasoning
 - cooking
50. Suggest a suitable title for this extract
- Cleaning green vegetables.
 - Nutritional value of green vegetables.
 - How the Egyptians started growing vegetables.
 - The origin of vegetables.

