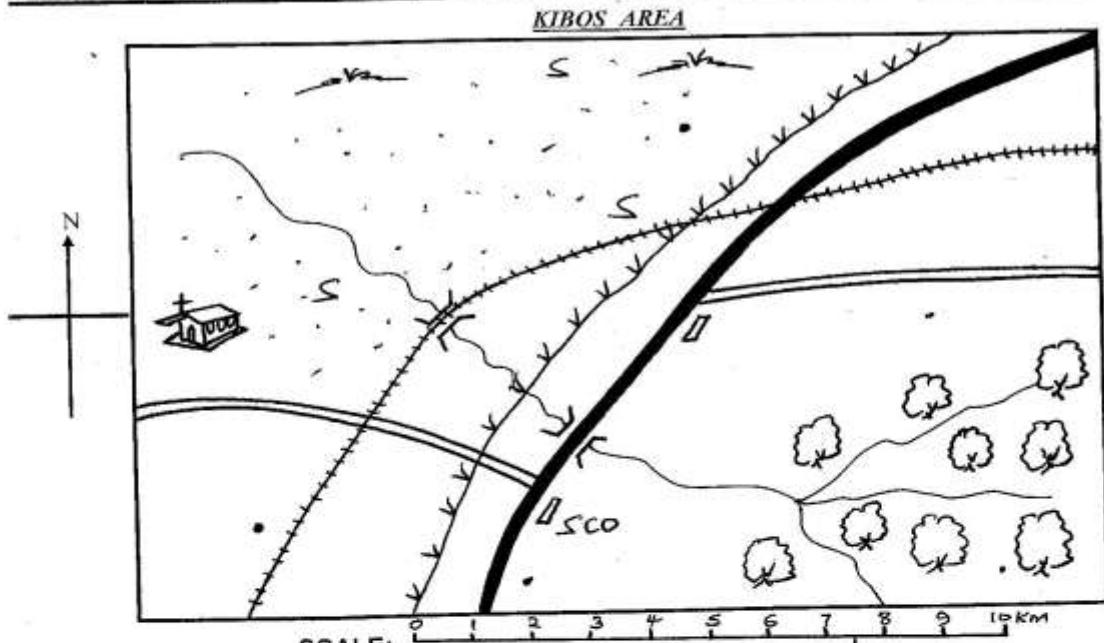


STD 6 MID TERM 3 EXAM 2019

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS

(i) YOUR NAME _____ (ii) NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL _____ Time: 2hrs 15 mins



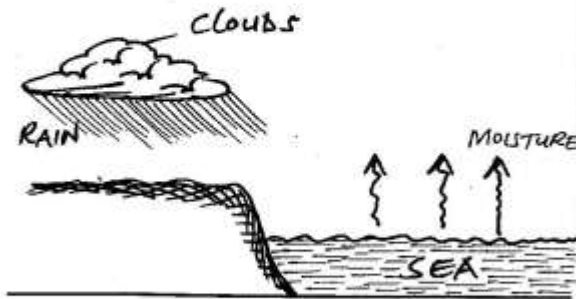
- Key:**
- Murram road
 - Tarmac road
 - Bridge
 - Electricity line
 - Railway line
 - River
 - Forest
 - Church
 - Sisal
 - Scrub
 - S.C.O Sub-county Office

Study the map of Kibos Area above to answer questions 1 - 7.

1. Kibos area is likely to be _____.
 A. county B. sub-county
 C. division D. location
2. The main cash crop grown in Kibos area is _____.
 A. beverage B. chemical crop
 C. food crop D. fibre crop
3. The climate of the Northern part of Kibos area is _____.
 A. Cool and Wet B. Hot and Wet
 C. Hot and Dry D. Cool and Dry
4. The following means of transport are available in Kibos area **except**.
 A. railway B. air
 C. road D. cables
5. The direction of the church from the forest is _____.
 A. North West B. South East
 C. South West D. North East
6. The common religion practised in Kibos area is _____.
 A. Islam B. Christianity
 C. Traditional D. Hindu

7. The type of settlement is **mainly** found in the area is?
 A. Nuclear B. Clustered
 C. Dense D. Sparse
8. During the pre-colonial period the Abawanga were ruled by _____.
 A. hereditary kings B. hereditary chiefs
 C. council elders D. village elders
9. The **main** factor that influences the climate of the highlands of Eastern Africa is _____.
 A. presence of large water bodies
 B. the latitude
 C. prevailing winds
 D. the altitude
10. The following are ways through which people interacted in the past **except**.
 A. intermarriage B. trade
 C. internate D. wars
11. Which one of the following weather instrument is **correctly** matched with the element it measure?
 A. Raingauge - Humidity
 B. Thermometer - Hotness and coldness of a given place
 C. Windvane - Source of wind
 D. Windsock - Direction of wind
12. Of the following communities, which one **does not** belong to Tanzania Bantus?
 A. Batore, Bagusi
 B. Chagga, Sukuma
 C. Nyamezi, Hehe
 D. Makonde, Zaramo
13. The largest export of countries of Eastern are **mostly** _____.
 A. agricultural produce B. machinery
 C. crude oil D. mineral
14. Among the Eastern African countries, Which one listed below are landlocked?
 A. South Sudan, Sudan
 B. Uganda, Eritrea
 C. Burundi, Ethiopia
 D. Rwanda, Djibouti
15. Desert vegetation grows in places that _____.
 A. recieve unreliable rain
 B. lie of low altitude
 C. experience low temperature
 D. border coastline
16. The following set of rivers drain their water into Indian Ocean?
 A. Shebelle, Juba, Omo
 B. Ruvuma, Shebelle, Pangani
 C. Tana, Athi, Turkwel
 D. Pangani, Rufiji, Kagera
17. Usambara and Ruwenzori mountains belong to _____.
 A. volcanic mountains B. block mountains
 C. residual mountains D. fold mountains
18. Of the following countries of Eastern Africa, which ones lies to the South of Eritrea?
 A. Tanzania, Luanda
 B. Sudan, Eritrea
 C. Ethiopia, South Sudan
 D. Djibout, South Sudan
19. Three of the following are traditional industries. Which one is **not**?
 A. Weaving B. Canoe carving
 C. Ship making D. Barkcloth making
20. The body incharge of elections in Kenya is headed by _____.
 A. Speaker
 B. Attorney general
 C. Chairperson
 D. Judge of supreme court
21. The following are results of lack of peace in a society **except**.
 A. unrest and chaos
 B. injuries and deaths
 C. unity and harmony
 D. insecurity and lawlessness
22. Imperial British East Africa company was led by _____.
 A. Lord Delamere B. William Mackinon
 C. Sir. Charles Elliot D. Carl Peters
23. The new community which resulted from intermarriage between the Arabs and Coastal Bantus was _____.
 A. Waswahili B. Abasuba
 C. Mijikenda D. Nilotes
24. Most people migrate to urban centres **mainly** because towns have _____.
 A. good educational institutions
 B. best roads
 C. comfortable houses
 D. employment opportunities

Use the diagram to answer questions 25 - 27.



25. The diagram shows _____.
- A. relief rain B. convectional rain
C. land breeze D. sea breeze
26. This occurrence is experienced in _____.
- A. Coastal plain B. Highlands
C. Arid areas D. Nyika region
27. Of the following statements, which one is **true** about the illustration?
- A. The sea is warmer than the land
B. The land is warmer than the sea
C. Cold moisture rises up
D. The rain is warm
28. A member of county assembly represents _____.
- A. constituency B. county
C. ward D. sub-county
29. The **best** way to conserve wildlife is by _____.
- A. arresting and jailing poachers
B. fencing all National parks and game reserves
C. employing more game wardens
D. educating citizens on importance of wildlife
30. One of the following encourages members of the school community to work hard?
- A. Board of management
B. School routine
C. School motto
D. The National Anthem
31. Which one of the following mineral is **correctly** matched with method of mining?
- A. Flourspar - Open cast
B. Sand - Dredging
C. Soda ash - Evaporation
D. Salt - Excavation
32. One of the following is **not** a benefit of industries. Which one is it?
- A. They are sources of employment
B. They pollute soil, air and water
C. Their products earn the country foreign exchange
D. They lead to better standards of living
33. Of the following groups of industries, which one consists of processing industries?
- A. Tea, soda ash, radio
B. Coffee, cement, bicycle
C. Flour, salt, television
D. Fruit, soft drink, pyrethrum
34. A group of people belonging to a common ancestor is known as _____.
- A. tribe B. age-set
C. clan D. age group
35. Three of the following are arms of the government of Kenya **except**.
- A. executive B. judiciary
C. legislature D. constitution
36. Three of the following countries are **correctly** matched with its capital city. Which one is **not**?
- A. Rwanda - Asmara
B. Burundi - Bujumbura
C. South Sudan - Juba
D. Ethiopia - Addis Ababa
37. The following is a description of a mountain, it is situated near the boundary of two countries;
- (i) It is a major tourist attraction
(ii) It has no mineral deposit
(iii) It is not in the Rift valley
- The mountain is _____.
- A. Mount Kilimanjaro
B. Mount Elgon
C. Mount Kenya
D. Ruwenzori mountains

Use the map of Eastern Africa to answer questions 38 - 42.



38. The water body labelled K _____.
- A. Red sea B. Indian Ocean
C. Gulf of Aden D. Suez Canal
39. The main economic activity of the lake marked L is _____.
- A. fishing B. transportation
C. mining D. tourism
40. The town indicated by letter T is headquarters of _____.
- A. IGAD B. UNEP
C. EAC D. Tanzania
41. The region shown by two was original homeland of the _____.
- A. plain nilotes B. highland nilotes
C. cushites D. semites
42. The government of the country marked S is headed by _____.
- A. Prime minister B. President
C. Chief minister D. Speaker
43. The newly elected President in Kenya is sworn by _____.
- A. Speaker
B. Cabinet secretary
C. Attorney general
D. Chief justice
44. _____ is the head of the county for the National government?
- A. Governor
B. Deputy county commissioner
C. Assistant county commissioner
D. County commissioner
45. Three of the following are ways of becoming citizen in Kenya **except**.
- A. dual citizenship B. registration
C. naturalization D. birth
46. The Nandi resistants movement against the British was led by _____.
- A. Oloibon Lenana
B. Luanda Magere
C. Koitalel Arap Somoei
D. Masaku
47. In traditional African society skills were taught to the youth **mainly** by _____.
- A. peers B. elders
C. parents D. agemates
48. Games and sports help to promote peace in that _____.
- A. they are held in different parts of the country
B. participants earn money
C. people from different parts of the country work as a team
D. people are involved
49. It is advisable to hold dialogue when people disagree. Who should do this?
- A. Members of parliament
B. National government officials
C. Community leaders
D. Family members
50. Kenya became a republic in _____.
- A. 1963 B. 1992 C. 1962 D. 1964
51. Human rights are found in the _____.
- A. senate B. parliament
C. supreme court D. constitution
52. The winning civic candidate during general election at constituency level is announced by _____.
- A. clerk B. chairperson
C. returning officer D. presiding officer

53. The main tourist attraction in Nairobi is _____.
- The parliament
 - Kit Mikay
 - The beautiful hotels
 - The snow capped Mt. Kenya
54. The following are inland ports on Lake Victoria **except**.
- Kigoma and Ujiji
 - Kisumu and Mwanza
 - Port Bell and Bukoba
 - Musoma and Homabay
55. One of the following is **not** a basic need. Which one is it?
- Clothing
 - Electronic goods
 - Shelter
 - Food
56. All of the following are mode of transport. Which one is least spread in Eastern Africa?
- Road
 - Pipeline
 - Cables
 - Air
57. Ranching is **commonly** practised in the _____.
- Highlands
 - Lake Basin
 - Nyika plateau
 - Rift valley
58. The right to belong to a certain country is known as _____.
- patriotism
 - nepotism
 - citizenship
 - democracy
59. The king of Buganda as the chief land owner was called _____.
- Ssaza
 - Kabaka
 - Katikiro
 - Sabatata
60. Urban centres face several challenges **except**.
- insecurity
 - congestion
 - adequate jobs
 - growth of shanties

C.R.E

61. In John 13:4 - 6, Jesus washed the disciples feet. He taught Christians to be _____.
- washing others feet
 - using towel when washing
 - simple and humble
 - not of service to others
62. _____ and _____ were locked up in prison and a great earthquake opened the prison doors (Acts 16:25 - 26).
- Janathan, David
 - Ruth, Naomi
 - Jacob, Abraham
 - Paul, Silas
63. The Holy spirit produces all the following fruits **except**.
- love
 - riches
 - joy
 - peace
64. The following was the first king of Israel _____.
- Saul
 - Solomon
 - David
 - Ahab
65. James and John were sons of _____.
- Elijah
 - Zebedee
 - Isaac
 - Jacob
66. The Holy spirit came upon the believers on the day of _____.
- Transfiguration
 - Ascension
 - Pentecost
 - Palm Sunday
67. _____ is one of the gifts was taken to baby Jesus by the Wise Men.
- Sheep
 - Money
 - Silver
 - Gold
68. The following is the commandments which has a promise _____.
- do not covet
 - do not worship idols
 - observe the sabbath day and keep it Holy
 - honour your father and mother
69. _____ represents the body of Christ during the Eucharist.
- wine
 - water
 - bread
 - stone

70. One of the following is a quality of a good friend.
 A. Rich B. Hardworking
 C. Proud D. Rich
71. The following in John 20:1 was the first to see the risen Christ?
 A. Thomas B. Peter
 C. Judas D. Mary Magdalene
72. _____ went to the Sanhedrin to ask for permission to bury the body of Christ.
 A. John the Baptist
 B. Mary Magdalene
 C. Nicodemus
 D. Joseph of Arimathea
73. A person who dies for the Christian faith is called _____.
 A. Christian B. Reformer
 C. Martyr D. Disciple
74. Birth, initiation, marriage and death are rites of passage. Which one marks passage from childhood to adulthood?
 A. marriage B. naming
 C. death D. initiation
75. Genesis chapter 1 and 2 tells us that human beings are the best of God's creation because _____.
 A. posses bigger brains
 B. were created last
 C. were created in God's image
 D. can argue with God
76. From the story of Adam and Eve (Genesis 5 - 3) we see that disobedience leads to _____.
 A. judgment B. blessing
 C. salvation D. death
77. God in Genesis 1:29 - 30 gave _____ control over rest of the creation.
 A. animals B. the Holy spirit
 C. the sun D. human kind
78. Mose's father-in-law was a _____.
 A. pastor B. bishop
 C. farmer D. priest
79. The first Passover feast took place in _____.
 A. Haran B. Jericho
 C. Moab D. Eavpt
80. The last book in the Old Testament is _____.
 A. Genesis B. Revelation
 C. Exodus D. Malachi
81. Who among the following was one of the twelve disciples of Jesus?
 A. Tom B. Abraham
 C. Silas D. Judas
82. One first day God created _____ in Genesis chapter 1.
 A. sea creatures
 B. human beings
 C. sun, moon, day, stars
 D. day and night
83. _____ was the wife of Isaac?
 A. Sarah B. Leah
 C. Rebecca D. Recheal
84. During Easter holidays Christians celebrate the _____.
 A. birth of Jesus
 B. burial of Jesus
 C. death of resurrection
 D. baptism of Jesus
85. One of the following went to heaven without tasting death.
 A. Elisha B. Anania
 C. John D. Elijah
86. Traditional African society has sad rites of passage like _____.
 A. Death B. crying C. weeping D. sorrow
87. God made a covenant with the children on Israel on Mt. _____.
 A. Ararat B. Moriah C. Olives D. Sinai
88. One of the following activities best shows Christian use of leisure time.
 A. Watching movies B. Visiting the sick
 C. Singing in the choir D. Reading the Bible
89. According to 'Bukusu' creation story, the world was created by _____.
 A. Enkai B. Were Khakaba
 C. Asis D. Mulungu
90. The king of Egypt who refused to let the Israelites go out of Egypt was _____.
 A. Ahab B. Pharaoh