

STD 7 MID TERM 3 EXAM 2019

ENGLISH

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1-15. For each blank space, choose the best alternative from the choices given.

_____ 1 _____ was a time when there _____ 2 _____ very many butterflies. _____ 3 _____ in many parts of the country these days, there are very few indeed. Butterflies _____ 4 _____ beautifully coloured wings. They _____ 5 _____ dance happily, flying _____ 6 _____ one place to another. Sometimes they just fly until they come to a place _____ 7 _____ they can stop for a while. _____ 8 _____ children have a lot of fun chasing butterflies as they fly _____ 9 _____ grass and small bushes.

When butterflies were very many, whole colonies of them _____ 10 _____ been seen moving happily _____ 11 _____ the direction of the wind. _____ 12 _____ a time came when the forest became fewer and fewer. The butterflies almost disappeared.

Many of the butterflies like insects we see _____ 13 _____ actually are moths. They are not as brightly coloured _____ 14 _____ butterflies. Moths often fly at night and are attracted _____ 15 _____ light. Let us save our forests and flowers so that the beautiful butterflies will not disappear completely.

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|-----|------------|------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1. | A. They're | B. They | C. There | D. Their |
| 2. | A. are | B. was | C. where | D. were |
| 3. | A. finally | B. likely | C. fortunately | D. unfortunately |
| 4. | A. have | B. having | C. has | D. had |
| 5. | A. rarely | B. usually | C. suddenly | D. seldom |
| 6. | A. in | B. at | C. from | D. besides |
| 7. | A. where | B. which | C. when | D. that |
| 8. | A. Much | B. Many | C. More | D. A little |
| 9. | A. besides | B. under | C. beyond | D. over |
| 10. | A. can | B. might | C. could | D. should |
| 11. | A. in | B. besides | C. from | D. towards |
| 12. | A. As | B. Then | C. So | D. There |
| 13. | A. were | B. is | C. was | D. are |
| 14. | A. with | B. like | C. as | D. about |
| 15. | A. to | B. on | C. over | D. in |

For questions 16 and 17, select the word that means the same as the underlined word.

16. Sam is a very generous man. He offered to pay the dentist's fee for an old woman.
A. careful B. obedient
C. big-hearted D. mean
17. Komu showed a high degree of trustworthiness when he gave the purse she found in the bus back to the conductor.
A. honesty B. patient
C. diligence D. dishonesty

For questions 18 - 20, choose the correct question tag to complete the sentences.

18. He won't watch the football match, _____?
A. don't he B. won't he
C. isn't he D. will he
19. He drove recklessly and caused an accident, _____?
A. didn't he B. shouldn't he
C. won't he D. did he
20. She shouldn't cut down that tree, _____?
A. will she B. should she
C. won't she D. does she

For question 21, choose the correctly punctuated sentence.

21. A. My fathers leg is better now
B. My fathers leg's is better now
C. My father's leg is better now
D. My fathers' leg is better now

For questions 22 and 23, choose the best word that fits in the blank space.

22. Many people who work in that school are very _____ they make you feel welcome.
A. harsh B. quiet
C. friendly D. careful
23. I have never seen such a _____ wedding. The hall was beautiful decorated. "*Magdaline said*"
A. suitable B. big
C. colourful D. nice

For questions 24 and 25, replace the underlined word with its opposite.

24. The entrance to the supermarket was blocked.
A. gate B. exit
C. backyard D. front
25. The children crossed the narrow river.
A. wide B. small
C. shallow D. big

Read the passage below and then answer the questions 26 - 38.

The hare was a very cunning animal. He never accepted to work with other animals. He was always up to some mischief. One day all the animals assembled together because they realised that they all had a common problem. They all decided to dig a well. This would solve their problem.

The lion was a King of the jungle prepared a programme. Work was to begin the next day. Each animal was supposed to participate. The cheetah, the leopard, the tortoise, the hyena, the elephant and all other animals of the jungle had work to do. And so, work began, unfortunately on the day that the hare was supposed to go and dig the well, he did not turn up. He claimed that his mother was sick. The next day he had another excuse. And every other day he did not turn up.

However, the other animals continued to dig. Finally they succeeded in making a nice well. The animals agreed that there was no way they would allow hare drink from the well. Therefore, every animal agreed that there was no way they would allow hare drink from the well. Therefore, every day there was a guard at the well. Whenever the hare tried to drink from the well, he was chased away.

One day, the tortoise was keeping guard. After a few minutes the hare came coughing. He told the tortoise that he was a very slow animal. He made fun of him so much that tortoise got angry. The two animals decided to have a road race and see who could run faster. When hare blew the whistle, he took off very fast, within no time he was back. He quickly drink to his full and disappeared, poor tortoise! By the time he came back all the other animals had assembled at the well. He did not know what to tell them. He was sure he would heavily punished. The hare had tricked the animals again.

26. The word **cunning** as used in the passage in the first paragraph means _____.
- A. liar B. tricky
C. foolish D. thief
27. Why did the hare refuse to work with the other animals? He was _____.
- A. the smallest animals
B. cunning
C. funny
D. very big
28. Why did the animals assembled together?
- A. They had a common problem
B. They had a meeting
C. There were many problems
D. The King had called them
29. How did they solve their problems according to the passage?
- A. By meeting
B. Digging a well
C. By getting water
D. The hare was to be killed
30. Who was the King of the jungle? The _____.
- A. elephant B. lion
C. hare D. tortoise
31. The word **jungle** as used in the passage means _____.
- A. farm B. location
C. groups of animals D. forest
32. Who was supposed to dig the well?
- A. The hare
B. The cheetah, leopard, tortoise and hyena
C. The lion
D. All the animals
33. What excuse did the hare give for not turning up to dig the well?
- A. He was tired
B. He was sick
C. His mother was sick
D. He was cunning
34. After digging the well all the animals agreed that the hare would _____.
- A. guard the well
B. not drink from the well
C. would drink from the well
D. would not guard the well
35. Who was guarding the well on the day that hare came laughing?
- A. The tortoise B. The hare
C. The lion D. All the animals
36. Why did the tortoise accept to have a race with the hare? To _____.
- A. complete
B. see who was fastest
C. annoy the tortoise
D. make fun of the tortoise
37. Who won the race according to the passage?
- A. None of them
B. The tortoise
C. The hare
D. Both of them
38. What would happen in the end according to the passage?
- A. Hare would be rewarded
B. Tortoise would be punished
C. Hare would be punished
D. Tortoise would be rewarded

Read the passage below and then answer the questions 39 - 50.

Pupils have problems related to themselves, their parents and family, their friends, and teachers. Some may have disappointing memories related to home or family. Parents could leave their children feeling of incompetence and insecurity. When they fail to live up to their expectations.

Some parents nag their children and create an unfavourable atmosphere at home. At times the strained and unhappy relationship at home prevent progress in study. There may be lack of sense of belonging, mistreatment of children and hatred amongst the children. These many lead to mental disturbance and the young students could result to poor performance or achievements.

Some students are faced with problems such as lack of friends, loneliness, failure and fe..... while going through these problems.

* Students also face difficulties when changing schools and when getting involved in ne..... situations. They need guidance so as to adjust properly.

They need guidance and counselling to overcome these problems. They also need information on life and family life education can be provided through education programmes.

39. Students have problems related to _____.
- A. parents
B. their friends and teachers
C. themselves, family
D. all the above
40. Some students have memories that are not as good as expected is related to _____.
- A. their teachers B. fellow students
C. school D. home or family
41. What happens when parents fail to live up to their children expectations? The _____.
- A. students feel sad
B. students feel mature
C. students feel insecure and incompetent
D. parents feel insecure and incompetent
42. The word **incompetence** as used in the passage means _____.
- A. lack of skill or ability to do something
B. skillful
C. with alot of ability
D. non of the above
43. The synonym of the word **nag** as used in the passage is _____.
- A. quarrel B. poster
C. companion D. fight
44. According to the passage, what prevents progress in study?
- A. Insecurity and incompetence
B. Insecurity and competence
C. Strained and unhappy relationship
D. Unstrained and happy relationship
45. Problems such as lack of friends, love and failure create _____.
- A. nagging B. incompetence
C. physical conflicts D. emotional conflicts
46. The opposite of the word **incompetence** is _____.
- A. uncompetent B. incompetent
C. competent D. knowledge
47. _____ helps students to adjust to problems according to the passage.
- A. Fighting B. Guidance
C. Praying D. Playing
48. The pupils at times have difficult in _____.
- A. concentration, learning and recall
B. counselling
C. guidance
D. education programmes
49. When pupils feel anxious and depressed they need _____.
- A. guidance and counselling
B. education programmes
C. their friends and teachers
D. nagging
50. The word **depressed** as used in the passage means, very _____.
- A. sad and with hope
B. happy and with hope
C. sad and without hope
D. happy and without hope