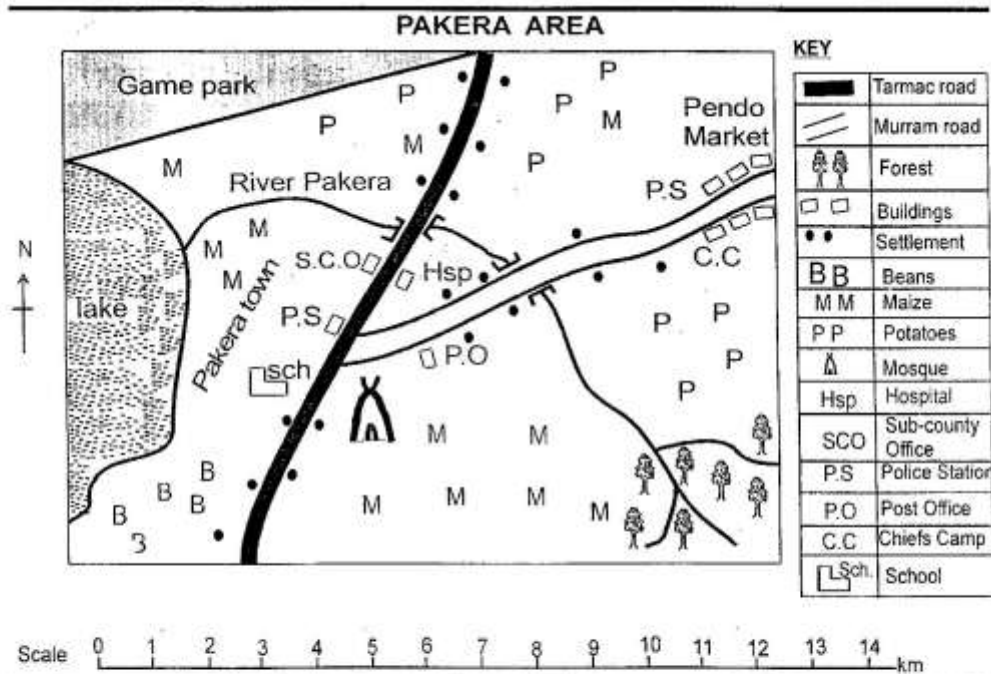


# STD 4 END TERM 3 EXAM 2019

## SOCIAL & RELIGIOUS STUDIES

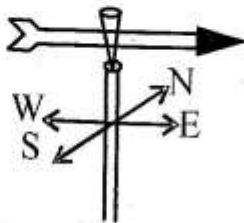


Study the map of Pakera area above and answer questions 1 to 7.





1. River Pakera flows from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. South East to West
  - B. North East to West
  - C. North West to South East
  - D. West to South East
2. People of pakera area belong to a religion known as
  - A. Christianity
  - B. Islamic
  - C. Hindu
  - D. Muslim
3. The following animals can be found in the area shaded to the North East of Pakera area **except**
  - A. zebra
  - B. lion
  - C. horse
  - D. elephant
4. Pakera area is a
  - A. location
  - B. county
  - C. ward
  - D. sub- county
5. Which one of the following shows there is security in Pakera area?
  - A. Chief's camp
  - B. School
  - C. Police station
  - D. Sub- county office
6. People of Pakera area practice a type of farming known as
  - A. commercial
  - B. subsistence
  - C. mixed
  - D. plantation
7. The **main** means of transport in Pakera area is
  - A. road
  - B. water
  - C. air
  - D. railway

8. Which one of the following is **not** an element of weather?  
 A. Temperature                      B. Wind  
 C. Rainfall                              D. Sun.
9. Three of the following items were produced in traditional industry **except**  
 A. cattle bell                      B. wrist watch  
 C. arrow head                      D. bungle
10. Game parks in our country are managed by  
 A. county government  
 B. police  
 C. Kenya Wildlife Services (KWS)  
 D. game rangers
11. The point of a compass that is between South East and North East is  
 A. West                                  B. East  
 C. South                                  D. North
12. Three of the following are importance of vegetation. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Home for wild animals.  
 B. Source of food.  
 C. Attracts rainfall.  
 D. Causes soil erosion.
13. Which one of the following group consists only crops grown for sale?  
 A. Maize, beans, potatoes.  
 B. Bananas, coffee, cassava.  
 C. Tea, flowers, wheat.  
 D. Sugarcane, cotton, maize.
14. Which one of the following skills was taught to boys only in the past?  
 A. Herding                              B. Farming  
 C. Cooking                              D. Weaving
15. The following are products of dairy cattle **except**  
 A. wax                                      B. butter  
 C. yoghurt                              D. fresh milk

Use the diagram below to answer questions 16 and 17.

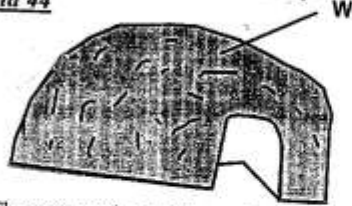


16. The weather instrument above is used to show of wind  
 B. direction of wind  
 C. strength of wind  
 D. amount of wind.
17. In which direction is the wind blowing from in the above diagram?  
 A. North                                  B. East  
 C. West                                  D. South
18. Which of the following is not a source of water in our county?  
 A. Valley                                  B. River  
 C. Bore hole                              D. Lakes
19. Which one of the following games was played by children in the past?  
 A. Football                              B. Netball  
 C. Hide and seek                      D. Volley ball
20. The following activities are best carried out during wet season **except**  
 A. roof thutching  
 B. herding  
 C. crop planting  
 D. weeding
21. The following are traditional ceremonies. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Naming                                  B. Graduation  
 C. Initiation                              D. Death
22. Which one of the following is a moral value?  
 A. Irresponsible                      B. Pride  
 C. Dishonesty                          D. Respect
23. Keeping of domestic birds is known as  
 A. commercial farming  
 B. chicken farming  
 C. poultry farming  
 D. subsistence farming.
24. Three of the following are causes of disagreements between teachers and pupils. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Missing classes.  
 B. Failure to complete homework.  
 C. Misbehaving in class.  
 D. Passing well in exams.

25. Which one of the crops below is used for the manufacture of insecticides?  
 A. Sunflower                      B. Pyrethrum  
 C. Cotton                            D. Sugarcane
26. Three of the following are importance of fishing **except**  
 A. source of food  
 B. source of income  
 C. used to make beverages  
 D. source of protein.
27. Which of the following road signs is found near a school?  
 A. Bumps ahead                  B. Road junction  
 C. Round about                  D. Children crossing
28. Which one of the following traditional industries used iron as a source of raw material?  
 A. Weaving                          B. Blacksmithery  
 C. Pottery                            D. Leather work
29. Plants and animals in their natural habitat are called  
 A. wildlife                            B. tourism  
 C. resources                        D. game park
30. A system of government in which people elect their leaders freely is called  
 A. democracy                      B. Citizenship  
 C. justice                            D. voting
31. Which of the following means of transport is the fastest?  
 A. Road                                B. Water  
 C. Air                                    D. Railway
32. Rainfall is measured in  
 A. degree celcius  
 B. kilometre square  
 C. millilitres  
 D. millimetres.
33. Which one of the following economic activities is carried out in areas receiving low rainfall?  
 A. Irrigation farming.  
 B. Pastoralism.  
 C. Commercial farming.  
 D. Saw milling.
34. A depression between two high areas form a  
 A. plain                                B. valley  
 C. mountain                        D. lake.
35. Indians found in many towns in our county are mainly  
 A. farmers                            B. fishermen  
 C. traders                            D. workers
36. Which one of the following is a modern method of communication?  
 A.  B.   
 C.  D. 
37. Which one is an importance of moral values?  
 A. Enables people to lead a bad life  
 B. Promotes unity and harmony  
 C. Promotes conflict in a society  
 D. Enables people to be irresponsible
38. The liquid that is used to show the highest temperature reached in a day in a thermometer is  
 A. soirit                                B. water  
 C. mercury                          D. petrol
39. Who among the following people is **not** a member of the county assembly?  
 A. County speaker  
 B. ward representative  
 C. Youth representatve  
 D. County head.
40. Areas with few people are said to have \_\_\_ population density.  
 A. medium                            B. low  
 C. high                                D. few
41. Sheep are **mainly** kept for  
 A. milk and wool                  B. meat and eggs  
 C. meat and wool                  D. beef and milk.

42. A place where people meet to buy and sell goods is known as  
 A. an industry                      B. a shop  
 C. a town                              D. a market.

Use the diagram below to answer question 43 and 44



43. The part marked W is mostly made of  
 A. sticks and cowdung  
 B. mud and grass  
 C. iron sheets and wood  
 D. timber and grass
44. This type of shelter was mainly built by  
 A. men                                  B. warriors  
 C. women                              D. elders
45. In a county assembly, debates are controlled by  
 A. member of county assembly  
 B. deputy governor  
 C. county senator  
 D. county speaker.
46. John, a class four pupil is left at home to take care of his young brother during school day. Which human right is he being denied?  
 Right to  
 A. shelter                      B. education  
 C. life                              D. fresh air
47. Which of the following is **not** a function of county governor?  
 A. Initiates development in the county  
 B. Head the county executive committee  
 C. Represents the government of Kenya in the county  
 D. Nominates members of county executive committee.
48. The smallest administrative unit in our county is the  
 A. ward                                  B. location  
 C. sub- county                      D. sub- location
49. Which one of the following rites of passage involves payment of dowry?  
 A. Marriage                              B. Naming  
 C. Initiation                              D. Death

50. A wet marshy ground is known as  
 A. an ocean                      B. a lake  
 C. a swamp                      D. a hill
51. Which colour of our national flag represents our land?  
 A. White                              B. Red  
 C. Black                              D. Green
52. Three of the following groups of communities belong to bantu language group which one is **not**  
 A. Abagusii                      B. Luo  
 C. Agikuyu                      D. Wataita
53. Shrines in the traditional society were used for  
 A. playing                              B. worshipping  
 C. ceremonies                      D. treatment.
54. The safest place for a pedestrian to cross a busy road is at a  
 A. foot bridge    B. round about  
 C. corner                      D. junction.
55. Forests are important to our county because they  
 A. attract tourists  
 B. are sources of minerals  
 C. attracts rainfall  
 D. are hidout for bad people.
56. In olden days disputes among the members of community were solved by  
 A. warriors                      B. police  
 C. medicinemen                      D. eiders.
57. On 12th December every year, Kenya celebrates  
 A. Jamhuri day                      B. Mashujaa day  
 C. Madaraka day                      D. Labour day.
58. Which one of the following **cannot** be used to describe peoples culture?  
 A. Food  
 B. Dressing  
 C. Means of transport  
 D. Songs and dances
59. A good citizen will promote all of the following **except**:  
 A. justice                      B. tribalism  
 C. peace                      D. harmony
60. The first president of Kenya was known as  
 A. Mwai Kibaki                      B. Daniel Moi  
 C. Jomo Kenyatta                      D. Uhuru Muigai.

**SECTION II**  
**CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. How many days did the whole creation take in the book of Genesis?  
A. Four            B. Five  
C. Six              D. Seven
62. The following were sons of Noah **except**  
A. Ham            B. Seth  
C. Shem           D. Japheth
63. Who among the following did the children of Israel complain to when they lacked water in the wilderness?  
A. God            B. Aaron  
C. Joshua        D. Moses
64. From the story of king Solomon, the **best** gift one can ask God for is  
A. wisdom  
B. knowledge  
C. wealth  
D. power.
65. The wives of Elikana were Hannah and  
A. Elizabeth  
B. Peninah  
C. Naomi  
D. Mary
66. Abraham sacrificed his own son on Mt.  
A. Ararat            B. Sinai  
C. Moriah           D. Carmel
67. The **best** lesson christians can learn from the story of Ruth and Naomi is  
A. trustworthy  
B. courage  
C. generosity  
D. forgiveness
68. "... *I am fearfully and wonderfully made,*" These words are found in the book of  
A. Genesis  
B. Exodus  
C. Proverbs  
D. Psalms.
69. The father -in-law of Moses was known as  
A. Jethro            B. Aaron  
C. Haran            D. Jesse
70. The prophet who prophesied that Jesus will be born in Bethlehem was  
A. Isaiah  
B. Micah  
C. Hosea  
D. Jeremiah.
71. The wisemen knew where Jesus was born through the  
A. star              B. angel  
C. dream           D. prophet.
72. Jesus was a refugee in  
A. Moab  
B. Egypt  
C. Bethlehem  
D. Jericho.
73. Jesus washed his disciples feet to demonstrate  
A. hardwork in service  
B. tolerance to others  
C. generosity to others  
D. humility in service.
74. The promised gift of the Holy Spirit came upon disciples during the day of  
A. resurrection  
B. Easter  
C. Pentecost  
D. baptism.
75. Who among the following disciples of Jesus were known as sons of thunder?  
A. Simon and Andrew.  
B. John and James.  
C. Levi and philip.  
D. Thomas and Peter.
76. Jesus walked on water to show that he had power over  
A. lakes  
B. death  
C. wind  
D. nature.

77. Which one of the following miracles of Jesus was performed in Bethsaida?
- The feeding of the five thousand people.
  - The raising of Lazarus.
  - Turning water into wine.
  - The calming of the storm.
78. The man who was attacked by robbers in the parable of the good Samaritan was travelling from Jerusalem to
- Judea
  - Nazareth
  - Bethlehem
  - Jericho.
79. When Jesus sent His disciples to preach about the kingdom of God, He gave them
- food
  - money
  - authority
  - bible.
80. The two sisters of Lazarus were Mary and
- Sapphira
  - Zipporah
  - Priscilla
  - Martha
81. ".....*Eloi! Eloi! Lama sabachthani*". These words were said by Jesus during his
- resurrection
  - crucifixion
  - birth
  - baptism.
82. Jesus was buried by
- Joseph of Arimathea
  - Simon of Cyrene
  - Simon Peter
  - Mary Magdalene.
83. The following are qualities of a good leader **except**
- hardwork
  - courage
  - selfish
  - trustworthy.
84. Jesus helped the Centurion's servant because of his mater's
- courage
  - faith
  - resect
  - generosity.
85. The work that Levi the disciple of Jesus did before being called by Jesus was
- fishing
  - farming
  - tax collecting
  - tent making
86. Who among the following people lied to the holy spirit in the early church?
- Barnabas
  - Ananias
  - Philip
  - Dorcas
87. The second temptation of Jesus by the devil in the wilderness was to
- turn stone to bread
  - jump from highest point of the temple
  - turn water into wine
  - bow down and worship the devil.
88. "Children, it is your christian duty to \_\_\_ your parent". Ephesians 6:1
- |            |         |
|------------|---------|
| A. obey    | B. love |
| C. respect | D. hate |
89. Three of the following was done by early believers. Which one is **not**?
- Build churches together
  - Prayed together
  - Shared their belongings
  - Lived together
90. A group of people who believe in Jesus Christ are known as a christian
- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| A. disciple  | B. apostles |
| C. community | D. church.  |