

STANDARD 7 MID TERM 2 EXAM 2019

SOCIAL STUDIES & RELIGIOUS STUDIES

CODE 0052019 STD 7 / SOCIAL STUDIES & R.E Time: 2hrs 15 min

CHEWA AREA

Key		Scale 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 km	
	Tarmac road		Other houses
	Murrum road		County Commissioner's Office
	Forest		County offices
	River & bridge		Police station
	Quarry		Cattle dip
	Grass		School
	Railway line		Dam
	Post office		Hospital
	Chief's camp		Power house
	Market		Church
	Scrub		

Study the map of Chewa area provided and answer questions 1 to 10.

- The highest point in Chewa area is likely to be found
 - near the quarry.
 - around Chewa town.
 - at Ota market.
 - near Mana market.
- The most senior administrator in Chewa area is the
 - governor
 - county commissioner
 - senator
 - chief
- The following services are available in Chewa town except
 - religion.
 - education.
 - administration.
 - recreation.
- Which one of the following statements is true about river Mila? It
 - serves as a town boundary.
 - is seasonal.
 - is used for generating electricity.
 - is used for irrigation.
- The type of climate experienced in the north western part of Chewa area is
 - cool and dry.
 - hot and dry.
 - cool and wet.
 - hot and wet.
- The main economic activity of the people of Chewa area is
 - trading.
 - forestry.
 - mining.
 - farming.
- The population distribution in Chewa area can be described as
 - dense.
 - linear.
 - scattered.
 - clustered.
- Which one of the following was a judicial power of the Kabaka in the Buganda kingdom?
 - Settling major disputes.
 - Declaring war or peace.
 - Head of the government.
 - Linking people with God.
- Which one of the following statements is true about the continent of Africa?
 - It is narrow in the north.
 - It lies north of Europe.
 - Most of the countries are located south of the equator.
 - It has a total land mass of about 30.3km².
- Which one of the following is a responsibility of both the parents and the children in a family?
 - Providing security.
 - Caring for family property.
 - Going to school to learn.
 - Being good role models.

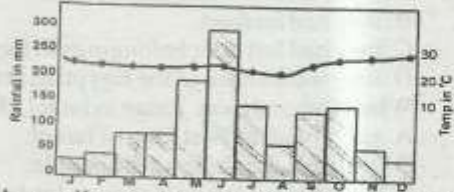
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11. The staple food for most people in Eastern Africa is
 A. banana. B. chapati.
 C. maize. D. pizza.
12. Which one of the following groups of communities live in southern Africa?
 A Bemba B Ovambo
 Balunda Sotho
 Kanuri Xhosa
 C Shona Swazi
 Herero Kwahu
 Ngoni Yao
13. Cultural artefacts are important in all the following ways **except** that
 A. they inform you about the lifestyles of our people.
 B. we learn different activities that people did.
 C. we are able to trace the origin of our ancestors.
 D. they enable us to know the items used in barter trade.
14. Which one of the following modern methods of fishing is used to catch fish in deep sea?
 A. Trawling. B. Net drifting.
 C. Purse-seining. D. Long-lining.
15. The **main** factor that has led to the rapid growth of Nakuru town is
 A. good and reliable transport network.
 B. availability of a variety of tourist attractions.
 C. its strategic position in the Rift Valley.
 D. the rich agricultural neighborhood.
16. Akai lives in the rural areas. His uncle who works in Nairobi has bought him a present for good performance in Social Studies. The **most reliable** way of sending him the present is by
 A. sending a relative
 B. electronic mail.
 C. courier services.
 D. calling him to come for it.
17. The diagram below represents a weather measuring instrument.
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- The above instrument is called
 A. a barometer B. a windvane
 C. a hygrometer D. an anemometer
18. Which one of the following is **not** a function of the Kenya National Anthem? It
 A. encourages service to the nation
 B. entertains people
 C. promotes national unity
 D. calls on Kenyans to love their country.
19. Three of the following reasons made the Nandi people to resist the establishment of colonial rule in their land **except**
 A. the prophecy of Kimnyole Turkat about the black snake had come true
 B. they disliked to be ruled by outsiders.
 C. the British interfered with their sacred places.
 D. interference of their cattle raiding practices.
20. The statements below describes a mountain in Africa.
 (i) It is found south of the equator.
 (ii) It is located at the edge of the continent.
 (iii) It occupies three countries.
 The mountain described above is
 A. Kipengere. B. Drakensberg.
 C. Cape Ranges. D. Kilimanjaro.
21. Which one of the following relief regions of Kenya is **wrongly** matched with the main economic activity carried out there?
- | Relief region | Economic activity |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| A. Plateau | Forestry |
| B. Lake basin | Fishing |
| C. Coastal plains | Tourism |
| D. Highlands | Farming |
22. The type of democracy practised in Kenya is
 A. participatory democracy.
 B. delegative democracy.
 C. parliamentary democracy.
 D. liberal democracy.
23. The **best** way of preventing accidents on our roads is by
 A. giving stiff punishments to careless drivers.
 B. having the correct road signs in place.
 C. constructing foot bridges and tunnels.
 D. ensuring everyone observes road safety rules.
24. Which one of the following is **not** a factor influencing trade in Eastern Africa?
 A. Taxation.
 B. Variety of goods.
 C. Government policy.
 D. Lack of common currency.
25. Which one of the following groups of communities belong to the highland Nilotes?
 A. Boran, Turkana, Sabaot
 B. Kipsigis, Samburu, Nandi
 C. Pokot, Tugen, Marakwet
 D. Maasai, Keiyo, Turkana
26. According to the laws of Kenya, the correct order of dealing with a suspected criminal is
 A. arrest-court-police custody-prison.
 B. arrest-prison-court-police custody.
 C. arrest-police custody-court-prison.
 D. arrest-court-prison-police custody.
- Use the map of Kenya provided below to answer questions 27-30*
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27. The boarder town marked C is
 A. Moyale. B. Marsabit.
 C. Isiolo. D. Mandera.
28. Which tourist attraction common to the area marked D?
 A. wildlife B. historical sites
 C. mountains D. cultural centre
29. The type of climate experienced in the shaded area marked E is
 A. hot and wet B. cool and wet
 C. hot and dry D. cool and dry
30. The type of vegetation found in the dotted area marked F is
 A. rain forest B. coastal grassland
 C. bushland and thicket D. mangrove forest
31. Some wild animals have strayed from a park into nearby farms. The owners of the farms should report the matter to the.
 A. nearest police station.
 B. county agricultural officer.
 C. Kenya Wildlife Service.
 D. Wildlife Clubs of Kenya.
32. The northern part of Sudan has low population density due to
 A. frequent civil wars.
 B. presence of tsetse flies.
 C. harsh climate.
 D. farming of sugarcane through irrigation.
33. The main problem facing communication in Eastern Africa is
 A. changes in technology.
 B. illiteracy.
 C. power interruptions.
 D. inadequate funds for extension.
34. Who among the following early visitors to Eastern Africa was both a missionary and an explorer?
 A. Vasco da Gama.
 B. Dr. Ludwig Krapf.
 C. Sir William Mackinnon.
 D. David Livingstone.
35. Which one of the following plateaus in Africa is correctly matched with the country where it is located?

Plateau	Country located
A. Fouta Djallon	Angola
B. Yatta	Tanzania
C. Jos	Nigeria
D. Bie	Guinea

36. The graph below represents the climate of a town in Africa.



- According to the graph, it is true to say that
 A. the town has one dry season
 B. temperatures are lowest when the highest rainfall is received
 C. the town experiences double maxima rainfall.
 D. the town has one rain season.

37. The leading mineral export in Kenya is
 A. soda ash. B. diatomite.
 C. fluorspar. D. limestone.
38. Three of the following are factors favouring the growth of Nairobi **except**
 A. good transport networks.
 B. availability of land.
 C. activities of early traders.
 D. centre of international organizations.
39. The statements below describe a prominent leader in Eastern Africa.
 (i) Was a founder member of OAU.
 (ii) Started communal farming.
 (iii) Helped some countries gain independence.
 (iv) United his people through Kiswahili language.
 The leader described above is
 A. Jomo Kenyatta. B. Haile Selassie.
 C. Sheikh Karume. D. Julius Nyerere.
40. Candidates contesting for civic electoral seats in Kenya must meet all the following conditions **except**
 A. being a member of a registered political party
 B. be nominated by the ruling party.
 C. one must not be a civil servant.
 D. one must be registered in the ward where he or she wishes to vie for the seat.
41. During the pre-colonial period, the Akamba and the Agikuyu interacted **mainly** through
 A. cattle raids B. marriages
 C. games and sports D. trade
42. Which one of the following factors **least** influenced the settlement of people in Eastern Africa during the pre-colonial period?
 A. Existence of transport routes.
 B. Availability of food.
 C. Need for adventure.
 D. Peaceful areas.
43. Julie, a British lady, marries a Kenyan. She will become a Kenyan citizen through
 A. birth B. recommendation
 C. registration D. dual citizenship.
44. Which one of the following was a positive effect of the colonial rule in Eastern Africa?
 A. Settlement of the Europeans on African land.
 B. Creation of political boundaries
 C. Abolition of slave trade.
 D. Erosion of traditional political systems.
45. The **main** conflicts between the Karamojong of Uganda and the Pokot of Kenya is as a result of
 A. leadership rivalry.
 B. cattle rustling.
 C. border disputes.
 D. competition for farming land.
46. Which one of the following statements is **true** about the political organization of the Wanyamwezi people?
 A. Leadership was through kingship.
 B. They were ruled by council of elders.

- C. The Wanyamphala collected taxes.
D. They were ruled by hereditary chiefs
47. The colour of the National flag of Kenya that symbolizes unity among Kenyans is
A. green B. white
C. black D. red.
48. Which one of the following was **not** a factor that led to the growth of the Buganda kingdom in the 19th century?
A. Kabaka army had modern firearms.
B. The kingdom was surrounded by weak neighbours.
C. Participation in long distance trade.
D. Availability of food.
49. Which one of the following is **not** a feature of drainage?
A. River. B. Lake.
C. Bore hole. D. Tap.
50. Which one of the following crops is grown on large scale in Nakuru county?
A. Coffee. B. Wheat.
C. Sugarcane. D. Cotton.
51. The government of Kenya collects taxes from the people in order to
A. pay debts to other countries.
B. know how much they earn
C. provide services to the citizens.
D. give loans to friendly countries.
52. Lake Kyoga was formed as a result of
A. faulting.
B. down warping.
C. erosion and deposition.
D. volcanic action.
53. Traditional African homesteads were surrounded with thorns in order to
A. protect themselves from witchcraft.
B. mark their boundaries.
C. offer security against wild animals.
D. ensure no one escaped during the night.
54. Which one of the following countries of Africa has two different time zones?
A. Ghana.
B. Somalia.
C. Sudan.
D. Democratic Republic of Congo.
55. Which one of the following factors does **not** promote peace in a society?
A. Border disputes.
B. Giving equal opportunities to all.
C. Respecting people and their property.
D. Equal distribution of resources.
56. Who among the following is an ex-official member of the Senate in Kenya?
A. Leader of the minority.
B. Speaker.
C. The president.
D. Women representative.
57. The **main** function of the Legislature in Kenya is to
A. interpret the laws
B. implement government policies.
C. make laws
D. advise the president on national matters.
58. In Kenya, the chief justice is
A. elected by citizens.
B. nominated by the president.
C. recommended by the Senate.
D. appointed by the president.
59. Which one of the following national holidays in Kenya commemorates the freedom fighters?
A. Moi day. B. Mashujaa day.
C. Madaraka day. D. Jamhuri day.
60. In 1952, state of emergency was declared in Kenya by
A. Sir Edward Northey
B. Malcom Macdonald
C. Everlyn Baring
D. Sir James Hayes
- PART II: SECTION A:**
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
61. When God created Eve, He
A. brought her to Adam.
B. made clothes for her.
C. told her to name all animals.
D. told her not to talk to the snake.
62. Abraham's ancestral home was in
A. Goshen in Egypt
B. Ur in Babylonia.
C. Midian in Canaan
D. Haran in Canaan
63. At which one of the following places was Jacob given the name Israel?
A. Bethel B. Dothan
C. Peniel D. Shechem
64. When God called Moses, he told him to
A. go to speak to the king of Egypt.
B. go up the mountain.
C. strike the water in River Nile.
D. appoint Aaron as a priest.
65. The Israelites complained to Moses when they reached the Red Sea because
A. there was no water in the place.
B. they had no food.
C. they had left their belongings in Egypt.
D. they were afraid of the Egyptian army.
66. When Deborah was judge in Israel, she
A. appointed the first king of Israel.
B. decided cases among the people.
C. led the Israelites across river Jordan.
D. built a temple in Jerusalem.
67. The first king of Israel was appointed by
A. Samuel B. Eli
C. David D. Nathan

68. King Ahab made God angry when he
 A. planned to kill Uriah.
 B. took Naboth's vineyard.
 C. conducted a census.
 D. differed with prophet Elisha.
69. Micah prophesied that Jesus would be
 A. called Immanuel.
 B. conceived by the Holy Spirit.
 C. born of a virgin.
 D. born in Bethlehem.
70. When angel Gabriel appeared to Zechariah, he told him that
 A. his wife would become pregnant.
 B. his kingdom would last forever.
 C. he would be the father of a great nation.
 D. his family would produce priests.
71. At the age of eight days, Jesus was
 A. baptised B. purified
 C. shaved D. named
72. When Jesus called Levi to be a disciple, he was
 A. fishing in Lake Galilee.
 B. looking after sheep.
 C. seated in a tax booth.
 D. ploughing the fields.
73. When Jesus found John and James fishing with their father, he told them to
 A. cast their nets. B. follow him.
 C. avoid being tempted. D. give him some fish.
74. The value of forgiveness was taught by Jesus in the parable of
 A. the lost son.
 B. the widow and the judge.
 C. the lamp under a bowl.
 D. the great banquet.
75. When Jesus changed water into wine, he had gone to Cana to
 A. preach in the synagogue. B. raise Lazarus.
 C. attend the Passover. D. attend a wedding.
76. On the night Jesus was arrested, he had gone to the garden of Gethsemane to
 A. fast B. pray
 C. hide D. preach
77. Who spoke to the women who went to the tomb of Jesus early in the morning?
 A. The disciples B. The high priest
 C. Angels D. Cleopas
78. On the day of Pentecost, the disciples were able to
 A. speak foreign languages.
 B. choose the seven helpers.
 C. repair the temple.
 D. witness Jesus' ascension.
79. Saul got converted in the town of
 A. Phillipi B. Damascus
 C. Caesarea D. Antioch
80. The story of Ananias and Sapphira teaches Christians to
 A. refuse selling their property.
 B. be kind to the needy.
 C. preach to other people.
 D. speak the truth.
81. The gift of preaching enables Christians to
 A. spread the gospel. B. read the scriptures.
 C. avoid temptations. D. foretell the future.
82. Which one of the following statements about shrines in traditional African communities is true?
 A. Ancestors are buried there.
 B. They are visited by evil spirits.
 C. They are considered sacred.
 D. They are occupied by angels.
83. Ancestors in traditional African societies are respected mainly because
 A. they own the community.
 B. they are old wise men.
 C. they know the origin of the community.
 D. it is believed they are close to God.
84. The best way of showing respect of life before birth in traditional African societies is by
 A. buying clothes for an unborn baby.
 B. giving an expectant mother special foods.
 C. naming an unborn child.
 D. baptising a baby after birth.
85. Some communities in traditional African societies pray under particular trees because it is believed that
 A. the trees were planted by God.
 B. the trees provide medicine.
 C. the trees are sacred.
 D. no one can climb the trees.
86. Benard, your deskmate has damaged your bag. As a Christian you should
 A. forgive him and repair the bag.
 B. give him the bag to repair.
 C. make him buy a new bag.
 D. seek a new deskmate.
87. Worshippers who arrest a suspected thief in the church compound should
 A. beat him and release him.
 B. forgive him and take what he had stolen.
 C. take him to a police station.
 D. give him food.
88. Which one of the following activities best shows how Christians should spend their leisure time?
 A. Preparing food at home.
 B. Visiting homes of the aged.
 C. Playing football.
 D. Sleeping in their homes.
89. John has been asked to look after the family livestock on the day of worship. As a Christian he should
 A. obey.
 B. leave the livestock and go to church.
 C. get his brother to do the work.
 D. run away from home.
90. The church takes part in promoting the social welfare of the community by
 A. voting during elections.
 B. preaching to people.
 C. singing in the church choir.
 D. donating food to famine victims.

PART II SECTION B:
ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. According to Islam, the earth and heaven were created by Allah in
A. six days B. one day
C. one week D. only Allah knows
62. Hadith Akbar is removed by
A. taking istinja B. taking wudhu
C. by praying D. taking complete ghust
63. The sunnah prayers which are said after fardh prayers are called
A. Qabliya B. Baadiya
C. Sunniya D. Fardhiya
64. The angel that is in charge of directing rains is
A. Mikaeel B. Malik
C. Jibril D. Ridhwan
65. Which one of the following activities is not associated with fasting?
A. dates B. Itikaf
C. Sadaqatul fitri D. starvation
66. Dhul Hijah
A. comes immediately after Ramadhan
B. comes immediately after Iddul Hajj
C. reminds us of Nabii Ismail
D. is celebrated the same day with those in Makaa
67. Adam was created from
A. sperms B. ribs C. clay D. blood
68. Which one of the following statements is untrue?
A. Face the Qibla B. Sit down
C. Carry the Quran D. Stand up
69. The number of Rakaat that is performed during Salatul Janaza is
A. five B. none C. three D. two
70. Isra-wal-miraj mark the
A. commandment of five prayers a day
B. revelation of the holy Quran
C. commandment of giving zakat
D. commandment of fasting
71. Which one of the following is not a function of a mosque?
A. It is a place of worship
B. It is a centre of learning
C. It is a place of religious gathering
D. It is a place for conducting business
72. To which country did the prophet (PBUH) send muslims to escape persecution by the Quraish?
A. Syria B. Iraq
C. Egypt D. Abbyssinia
73. Allah has many tributes. Which attribute means the most gracious?
A. Rahmanir B. Rahim
C. Aleem D. Bismillah
74. They can change to any form. It is the attribute of the
A. angels B. Imams C. prophets D. mothers
75. The night of power is believed to occur in the following dates. Which one is not?
A. 23 of Ramadhan B. 25 of Ramadhan
C. 21 of Ramadhan D. 4 of Ramadhan
76. Who among the following Calipha moved the capital from Madina to Kufa?
A. Ali B. Firaun
C. Uthman D. Muhaamad
77. Which one of the following is a business practice forbidden in Islam?
A. Keeping business records
B. Issuing receipts for goods sold
C. Lending money to gain interest
D. Displaying price of goods
78. Iftaar means
A. miraa B. deeds C. food D. smoke
79. The following are good reasons for one not to fast except
A. traveller B. sickness C. healthy D. pregnancy
80. Which sacred month is between Jumasal-Akhir and Shaban?
A. Rajab B. Swafar
C. Dhul Hijja D. Muharram
81. Who among the following killed his brother?
A. Qabila B. Musa C. Ishaq D. Ismail
82. According to the teachings of prophet Muhammed all muslims are
A. kadhis B. brothers C. anpels D. Imams
83. Hindu was the wife of
A. Ikrimal B. Umar
C. Abulahab D. Abu Sufyan
84. Which one is an example of monetary worship?
A. Zakat B. Fasting C. Swadaqa D. Swafa
85. In the battle of Badr
A. dead bodies of the quraish were mutilated
B. only those who paid ransom were forgiven
C. the quarish who taught the muslim read were forgiven
D. the prophet punished Suhail who had insulted him
86. The best way of thanking Allah for his gift is by
A. taking care of them
B. using them to please Allah
C. counting the gifts and thanking Allah
D. saying the regular Suralah daily
87. Wahadhal baladil Amin is mentioned in Surah At-Tiyn the words refer to
A. Makkah B. Madinah
C. Jerusalem D. Baitul Maqdir
88. Which among these does not spoil the fast?
A. Having sex.
B. Un intentional vomiting.
C. Eating or drinking anything.
D. A woman who gets her menstruation a few minutes to sun-set.
89. Who planned to kill Nabii Issa?
A. The Jews and the Romans
B. The Persians and the Romans
C. The Greek and the Persians
D. The Romans and the Greeks
90. Which right is not a Ummah one?
A. Sharing or clipping the hair
B. Running between Swafa and Marwa
C. Sleeping at Mina and Muzdalifa
D. Wearing Ihraam