KCSE PREDICTIONS 2020

CHEMISTRY PAPER 1

1. Gas X was found to decolorize moist litmus paper. A colorless solution of potassium Bromide brown when gas X was passed through it.	turned red-
a) What is observed when gas x is passed through potassium iodide solution.	(1mark)
b) Write an equation to accompany the observation in (a) above.	(1 mark)
2. An organic compound J has the following percentage by mass, carbon, 64.86%, hydrogen, 13.5	
rest oxygen. The relative molecular mass of the compound is 74. Work out the molecular for compound J. [C=12. H=1 O=16]	mula of (3 marks)
3. The scheme below shows the energy changes that are involved between ice, water and steam. answer the questions that follow	Study it then
$\begin{array}{c c} AH_1 & AH_2 \\ \hline H_2O_{(S)} & AH_4 \end{array}$	
(a) What name is given to the process represented by energy change ΔH_4 ?	(1 mark)
(b) What is the sign of ΔH_3 ? Give a reason	(2 marks)
4. A fixed mass of a gas has a volume of 250cm ³ at a temperature 27°C and 750mmHg pressure.	Calculate
the volume the gas would occupy at 42° C and 750 mmHg pressure. (0° C = 273 K)	(3 marks)

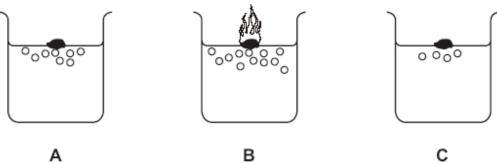
аг	e not actual chemical s	symbols.			{3 marks}
			Number of		
	Particle	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons	
	$^{34}_{16}X^{-2}$				
	⁵⁶ Y +3				
	· ·	$M(NO_3)_{2(aq)}$ moles of MCO ₃ that re	$+CO_{2(g)} + H_2O_{(l)}$ eacted with nitric acid.		(2 marks)
b) Ca	alculate the relative mo	olecular mass of MCO	3		(2 marks)
7. (a) ì	Name the substance for	rmed when soap is use	ed to wash in hard water		(1 mark)
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Гће	diagram belo	w a heated	Gas Jar Carbon (iv) (Oxide gas	ered inside	a gas jar of o	earbon (IV) oxide.	
ıdy	it and answer	the question	ons that fol	llow.				
Sta	te two observ	vations that	can be mad	de during ar	nd after the	experiment		(2 marks)
••••	rite a balance	d chemical	equation fo	or that react	ion.			(1 mark)
W 1								
W ₁								
Γhe	PH values of e questions th		ons labele	d E to I are	given in the	e table below	v. Use the informa	tion to answ
The			ons labele	d E to I are	given in the	e table below	v. Use the informa	tion to ansv
 The	e questions th	nat follow.	,				v. Use the informa	tion to ansv

(b).W	hich solution	can be used as a remedy	for acid indigesti	ion in the stomach?	(1 mark)
(c) W	Vhich solution	would react most vigoro	usly with magne		(1 mark)
		gen gas diffuses through ide to diffuse through the		orty seconds. How long will it to c (C=12,N=14,O=16)	take 240cm ³ of (3 marks)
	he table below L ₂ of element Isotope		% abunda nce	e percentage abundance of the	isotopes $\mathbf{L_1}$ and
	L_1	62.93	69.09		
	L ₂	64.93	30.91		,
Calcu	llate the relativ	ve atomic mass of elemen	nt L		(3 marks)
12. U	se the informa	tion in the table about gr	oup 1 elements to	o answer the questions that follo	ow
	Γ=				

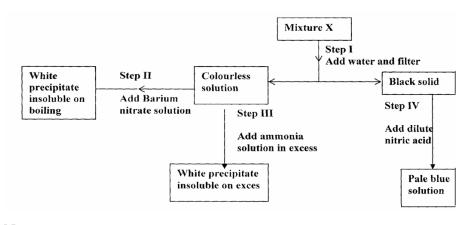
Lithium	0.123
Sodium	0.157
Potassium	0.203

When the group 1 elements react with water, hydrogen gas is given off. The diagram shows the reaction of the above three elements with water



		 •	
	general name of the		(1 mark)
	of these elements A,		(1 mark)
_	_	see when sodium reacts with	

13. Study the chart below and answer the questions that follow.



(a)	Name:	
(i)	Cations present in mixture X.	(1 mark)
(ii)	Anions present in the solution.	(1mark)
(b)	Write an equation to show how the white precipitate in step III dissolves.	(1 mark)
(c)	Name the process outlined in step IV above.	(1 mark)

14. Use the information in the table below to answer the questions that follow

Element	Sodium	Magnesium	Phosphorus	Chlorine
Electric conductivity	Good	Good	Poor	Poor
M.P (°C)	98	660	44/115	-173

roost a roosan why nh	oanhamia haa haan i	assigned two malting	r noint volues	
ggest a reason why phore	osphorus has been a	assigned two mennig	g point values	
ain why atomic radii o	of elements in perio	d 3 decreases genera	lly from left to right	in the periodic
•	_	_		(1 ma
n experiment, soap so		_		
_	to lather with 500d	cm ³ of each water sa	mple before and after	
soap solution required Volume of soap used before	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	

	cribe how the following reagents can be used to prepare lead sulphate. Solid carbonate, dilute nitric acid and distilled water.	(3 marks)
	ng dots (.) and crosses(x) to represent -electrons show the bonding between bon (ii) oxide.	oxygen and carbon to form (1 mark)
	of ethanol (C_2H_5OH) were completely burnt in air. The heat evolved cause	
	0cm^3 of water to change from 20^{0}C to 85^{0}C . Calculate the molar enthalpy of $C = 12$, $O = 16$. Specific heat capacity of water $= 4.2 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{k}^{-1}$)	(3 marks)
	e structures below represent two cleansing agents where R is along hydrocator cleansing agents is suitable for washing in water containing Calcium ions	
		(2 marks)
20. Give	e the IUPAC name of the following organic compounds;	(2 marks)
a)	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	
b)	CH ₃ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	

21 .The products formed by action of heat on nitrates of element A, B and C are shown below

Nitrate	Products formed
A	Metal oxide +Nitrogen (IV) Oxide + Oxygen

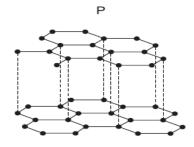
CH₃

В	Metal +Oxygen (IV) Oxide
С	Metal nitrate + oxygen

(a) Arrange the metals in order of reactivity	(1 mark)		
(b) Which element forms a soluble carbonate	(1 mark)		
Give an example of B	(1 mark)		
22. Propane C_3H_8 and Carbon(IV)oxide diffuses at the same rate under the same co			
23. Although there are large reserves of iron and aluminium ores in the world, bothI. State one social benefit of recycling	n metals are recycled. {1 mark}		
II. Why is it particularly easy to separate iron from other scrap metals?	{1mark}		

III. It is cheaper to recycle aluminum than it is to extract the metal from its ore. Give a reason. {1 mark}

24. The diagrams show the structures of two forms, P and Q, of a solid element.





What a	are suitable	uses of P	and O	based or	n their	structures?
vv mai c	iic suitable	uses of f	and O.	Dascu OI	1 then	structures:

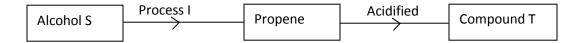
(2 marks)

- 25. Fertilizers are added to the soil to improve crop yields. A farmer has a choice of two fertilizers, ammonium nitrate NH₄NO₃ or diammonium hydrogen phosphate (NH₄)₂HPO₄
- (i) Show by calculation which of these fertilizers contains the greater percentage of nitrogen by mass

(3 marks)

$$(N=14, H=1, O=16, P=31)$$

- (ii) State one major problem caused when the nitrates from fertilizers leach from the soil into streams and rivers (1 mark)
- **26.** Study the flow chart below.



(a). Write the structural formula of alcohol S.

(1 mark)

- **(b)** Name
- (i) compound T

(1 mark)

(ii) process I

(1 mark)

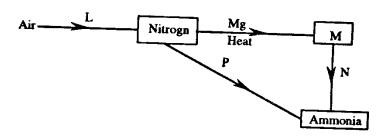
- **27.** Students are advised to use a non-luminous flame for heating in the laboratory.
- (a) How does a Bunsen burner produce a non-luminous flame?

(1 mark)

(b) Give one reason why the advice is given to students.

(1 mark)

28. Study the diagram below and answer the questions



(i) What is the process involved in step L

(1 mark)

(ii) Explain how process N and P can be affected

(2marks)

N

29. In an experiment to determine the solubility of solid Y in water at 30°Cthe following results were obtained.

Mass of empty evaporating dish = 26.2g

Mass of evaporating dish + saturated solution = 42.4g

Mass of evaporating dish + dry solid = 30.4g

Use the data to calculate the solubility of Y at 30°_{C} grams of Y per 100g water. (3 marks)