

STANDARD 6

APRIL HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

MATHEMATICS

WHOLE NUMBERS

Working space

- Write seven million, six hundred and sixty six thousands four hundred and six in numerals.
A. 7 666 406
B. 7 660 406
C. 7 666 046
D. 7 066 406
- Write in words: 802 012
A. Eight million two thousand and twelve
B. Eight hundred and two thousand and twelve
C. Eight thousand and one hundred and twelve
D. Eight two thousand and twelve
- What is seven hundred and sixty seven thousand, four hundred and thirty two in figures?
A. 7 676 432
B. 767 342
C. 767 432
D. 776 432
- Write in figures six hundred and ninety three less than five hundred thousand and three
A. 499 310
B. 500 003
C. 500 693
D. 499 410
- Write in words 4 616 550
A. Forty six million, sixteen thousand five hundred and fifty
B. Four million six hundred and sixty thousand five hundred and fifty.
C. Four million, six hundred and sixteen thousand and fifty five
D. Four million, six hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred and fifty.
- What is the place value of digit 3 in the number 731 042
A. Tens
B. Thousands
C. Millions
D. Ten of thousands

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7. What is the total value of 6 in 476 823?
 A. 600
 B. 6 000
 C. Thousands
 D. 60 000

8. Round off the nearest thousand: 495
 A. 1 000
 B. 500
 C. 0
 D. 400

9. Round off 349 855 to the nearest hundreds?
 A. 349 900
 B. 349 800
 C. 35 000
 D. 359 900

10. What is the place value of 7 in the number 547 298?
 A. Hundreds
 B. Thousands
 C. Tens
 D. Tens of thousands

11. What is the total value of digit 8 in 5 184 429
 A. 800
 B. Tens of thousands
 C. 8 000
 D. 80 000

12. In a meeting, there were 15 410 men, 26 600 women and 65 019 children. How many people altogether to the nearest ten thousands attended the meeting?
 A. 107 029
 B. 108 029
 C. 11 000
 D. 110 000

Working space

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13. Work out $40\ 868 \div 68$ and give your answer to the nearest tens.

- A. 610
- B. 601
- C. 600
- D. 501

14. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 8?

- A. 345 432
- B. 852
- C. 115 427
- D. 44 358

15. Which is the smallest number that can be added to 65 740 to make it divisible by 8?

- A. 4
- B. 12
- C. 2
- D. 8

16. A square plot has an area of 784m^2 . What is the length of one of its side?

- A. 196m
- B. 28m
- C. 18m
- D. 26m

17. What is the difference in square of 18 and 9?

- A. 405
- B. 81
- C. 243
- D. 324

18. What is the product of the squares of 7 and 8?

- A. 3 134
- B. 3 136
- C. 2 036
- D. 56

19. Work out:

$$\sqrt{484} + 6^2$$

- A. 22
- B. 16
- C. 28
- D. 58

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20. Work out

$$\sqrt{289}$$

- A. 17
- B. 19
- C. 16
- D. 23

21. One side of a square plot measures 36cm.
What is the area of the plot?

- A. 6cm
- B. 144cm²
- C. 1296cm²
- D. 288cm²

22. Add:

$$378\ 998 + 743\ 225$$

- A. 1 112 223
- B. 1 122 223
- C. 1 022 223
- D. 1 122 323

23. Juma added:

$$731\ 974 \text{ to } 302\ 541$$

- A. 1 034 415
- B. 1 024 515
- C. 1 034 615
- D. 1 034 515

24. Work out:

$$\begin{array}{r} 314\ 526 \\ + 426\ 358 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. 740 874
- B. 730 884
- C. 740 884
- D. 730 874

25. Evaluate:

$$7\ 049\ 031 - 7\ 683$$

- A. 7 056 714
- B. 7 041 348
- C. 7 041 358
- D. 7 051 348

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26. In a certain village there are 16 596 boys and 23 478 girls. How many children are in that village altogether?

- A. 7 982
- B. 6 882
- C. 39 974
- D. 40 074

27. Work out:

$$250\,934 - 387\,375 + 465\,315$$

- A. 328874
- B. 172 994
- C. 328 974
- D. 1 103 624

28. Which of the following numbers will make the statement TRUE.

$$\underline{\quad ? \quad} - 4\,618\,753 = 3\,025\,426$$

- A. 1 593 327
- B. 7 644 179
- C. 7 544 179
- D. 7 644 279

29. There were 1975 people in a wedding party. There were 523 men. If there were equal number of women and children in the party, how many women were in the party?

- A. 1 452
- B. 2 498
- C. 523
- D. 726

30. Work out:

$$343 - 417 + 197$$

- A. 540
- B. 123
- C. 74
- D. 124

31. There are 74 rows in a farm. If each row has 25 seedlings, how many seedlings are in the farm?

- A. 1 850
- B. 99
- C. 1 650
- D. 1 750

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32.
$$\begin{array}{r} 386 \\ \times 45 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Working space

- A. 15 370
- B. 17 470
- C. 17 370
- D. 16 370

33. What is the product of 532 and 315

- A. 847
- B. 167 580
- C. 157 580
- D. 168 580

34. John walks 3km everyday from home to school. How many km does he cover in 5 days?

- A. 15km
- B. 20km
- C. 30km
- D. 8km

35. An employer paid 245 employees sh.450 each. How much money was paid to the employees altogether?

- A. 110 150
- B. 111 250
- C. 100 250
- D. 110 250

36. Work out

$15\sqrt{30105}$

- A. 207
- B. 20 007
- C. 2 007
- D. 27

37. During tree planting campaign 4860 seedlings were planted. If each person planted 15 seedlings, how many people participated in the campaign?

- A. 314
- B. 324
- C. 72 900
- D. 334

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38. 13 people were paid a total of sh.4 459 in one day. What was the wage of each person?

- A. 343
- B. 353
- C. 4 459
- D. 57 967

39. Evaluate:
4 228 divided by 14

- A. 302
- B. 32
- C. 3 002
- D. 320

40. Three bells rings at intervals of 6min, 8min and 10min. If they ring together now, after how long will they ring together again?

- A. 48 minutes
- B. 2 minutes
- C. 40 minutes
- D. 120 minutes

41. What is the greatest number of pupils that can share 18, 45 or 30 books without a remainder?

- A. 9
- B. 18
- C. 90
- D. 180

42. What is the GCD of 21, 24 and 18?

- A. 6
- B. 3
- C. 7
- D. 504

43. What is the LCM of 12, 15 and 18?

- A. 60
- B. 3
- C. 180
- D. 90

44. Three bells rings at interval 12min, 15min and 20min. If they ring at 9.35am when will they ring together the second time?

- A. 9.36am
- B. 8.36am
- C. 10.35am
- D. 11.35am

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45. What is the GCD of 15, 20 and 30?

- A. 5
- B. 120
- C. 60
- D. 15

Working space

46. What is the difference between the LCM and GCD of 24, 30 and 36?

- A. 6
- B. 360
- C. 366
- D. 354

47. What is the greatest number that can divide 42, 66 and 102 without remainder?

- A. 6
- B. 7 854
- C. 102
- D. 12

48. Two bells rings at intervals of 30 minutes and 40 minutes respectively. If they are rung at 8.55am together, when will they ring together and third time?

- A. 10.55am
- B. 12.55pm
- C. 12.55am
- D. 10.55am

49. What is the greatest number of pupils that can share sh.200, sh.360 and sh.480 without remainder?

- A. 480
- B. 20
- C. 150
- D. 40

50. What is the smallest number that can be divided by 10, 8 and 12 without a remainder?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 120
- D. 8

51. What is the next number in the sequence?
2, 3, 5, 7, _____

- A. 9
- B. 11
- C. 13
- D. 15

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52. What is the value of the sixth number in the series?
13, 17, 21, 25, _____

- A. 28
- B. 33
- C. 29
- D. 34

FRACTIONS

53. Change $8\frac{1}{3}$ into improper fraction

- A. $\frac{12}{3}$
- B. $\frac{3}{25}$
- C. $\frac{24}{3}$
- D. $\frac{25}{3}$

54. Work out:

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$$

- A. $\frac{7}{9}$
- B. $\frac{9}{6}$
- C. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- D. $1\frac{3}{6}$

55. Solve:

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{7}$$

- A. $1\frac{8}{21}$
- B. $\frac{29}{21}$
- C. $\frac{8}{21}$
- D. $\frac{21}{29}$

56. What is the value of

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{3}{4}$$

- A. $\frac{29}{16}$
- B. $1\frac{13}{16}$
- C. $\frac{13}{16}$
- D. $\frac{16}{13}$

Working space

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57. Peter gave two thirds of his cows to his son and one sixth to his daughter. What fractions of cows did he give out altogether?

- A. $\frac{2}{3}$ B. $\frac{1}{6}$
C. $\frac{5}{6}$ D. $\frac{3}{6}$

58. Three boys bought a bottle of orange juice. One boy drank $\frac{1}{3}$ of the bottle, the second drank $\frac{2}{5}$ and the third drank only $\frac{1}{8}$ of the bottle. What fraction of the bottle did they drink altogether?

- A. $\frac{17}{120}$ B. $\frac{103}{120}$
C. $\frac{120}{103}$ D. $\frac{4}{16}$

59. Write as improper fraction

$$13\frac{1}{3}$$

- A. $\frac{40}{3}$ B. $\frac{17}{3}$
C. $\frac{3}{40}$ D. $\frac{39}{3}$

60. Work out:

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{12} + \frac{1}{4} =$$

- A. $\frac{10}{19}$ B. $1\frac{6}{12}$
C. $\frac{18}{12}$ D. $1\frac{1}{2}$

61. Work out:

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{9}$$

- A. $1\frac{3}{18}$ B. $\frac{11}{18}$
C. $\frac{1}{2}$ D. $1\frac{1}{6}$

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62. Work out:

$$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{12} - \frac{2}{15}$$

A $\frac{35}{60}$

B $\frac{43}{60}$

C $1\frac{1}{60}$

D $\frac{7}{12}$

63. Subtract $\frac{3}{4}$ from $\frac{7}{8}$

A $\frac{10}{12}$

B $\frac{1}{8}$

C $1\frac{5}{8}$

D $\frac{5}{6}$

64. By how much is $\frac{7}{8}$ is greater than $\frac{2}{3}$?

A $1\frac{13}{24}$

B $\frac{5}{11}$

C $\frac{5}{24}$

D $\frac{9}{11}$

65. Work out:

$$\frac{11}{15} - \frac{1}{12} - \frac{7}{20}$$

A $\frac{3}{10}$

B $\frac{16}{60}$

C $\frac{19}{47}$

D $\frac{6}{20}$

66. Robin took $\frac{5}{6}$ hours to sweep a class. Adrian took $\frac{2}{3}$ hours to finish sweeping the same class. How much more time did Robin take than Adrian?

A $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs

B $\frac{1}{6}$ hrs

C $\frac{5}{9}$ hrs

D $\frac{5}{6}$ hrs

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67. Oguseno subtracted $\frac{3}{14}$ and $\frac{15}{28}$ from $\frac{6}{7}$.
What answer did he get?

A. $\frac{9}{28}$

B. $\frac{15}{28}$

C. $\frac{3}{28}$

D. $\frac{5}{28}$

Working space

68. Work out:

$$9\frac{1}{3} - 4\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{11}{15}$$

A. $8\frac{49}{60}$

B. $7\frac{48}{60}$

C. $6\frac{49}{60}$

D. $7\frac{49}{60}$

69. Work out the value of

$$5\frac{1}{3} - 3\frac{5}{12}$$

A. $2\frac{1}{12}$

B. $2\frac{11}{12}$

C. $1\frac{11}{12}$

D. $\frac{11}{12}$

70. Kinuthia's cow produced $12\frac{3}{4}$ litres of milk
and Ngoiri's cow produced $3\frac{5}{8}$ litres. How
many litres were produced by the two
cows?

A. $16\frac{3}{8}$ litres

B. 12 litres

C. $9\frac{1}{8}$ litres

D. $8\frac{1}{4}$ litres

71. Evaluate:

$$9\frac{1}{6} + 3\frac{1}{3} - 7\frac{1}{9}$$

A. $19\frac{7}{18}$

B. $5\frac{7}{18}$

C. $12\frac{7}{18}$

D. $19\frac{5}{18}$

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72. Kipkorir had three sons. He gave them pieces of land as follows: first son $\frac{2}{5}$, second $\frac{3}{10}$ and the last son got $\frac{1}{8}$. What fraction of land did he remain with?

- A. $\frac{7}{40}$ B. $\frac{33}{40}$
 C. $3\frac{5}{6}$ D. $\frac{6}{40}$

73. Work out:

$$4\frac{1}{2} - 1\frac{3}{5}$$

- A. $2\frac{1}{10}$ B. $3\frac{9}{10}$
 C. $3\frac{1}{10}$ D. $2\frac{9}{10}$

74. Find the product of $4\frac{1}{3}$ and $3\frac{1}{4}$

- A. $18\frac{7}{9}$ B. $1\frac{3}{12}$
 C. $14\frac{1}{12}$ D. $1\frac{1}{3}$

75. Work out: A half added to three quarter and find its reciprocal.

- A. $1\frac{1}{4}$ B. $\frac{4}{5}$
 C. $\frac{5}{4}$ D. $\frac{3}{8}$

76. Work out:

$$3\frac{3}{4} \div 8$$

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$ B. $\frac{15}{32}$
 C. $\frac{15}{28}$ D. $\frac{32}{15}$

77. Find the square of $4\frac{3}{5}$.

- A. $4\frac{21}{25}$ B. $16\frac{9}{25}$
 C. $9\frac{1}{25}$ D. $21\frac{4}{25}$

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78. Work out:

$$\sqrt{6\frac{19}{25}} + \frac{2}{5}$$

A. $6\frac{29}{25}$

C. 3

B. $1\frac{4}{25}$

D. $7\frac{4}{25}$

Working space

79. What is the value of

$$3\frac{1}{3} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$$

A. $8\frac{1}{3}$

C. $6\frac{1}{3}$

B. $5\frac{2}{5}$

D. $5\frac{5}{6}$

80. Solve

$$\sqrt{1\frac{9}{16}} \times \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2$$

A. $\frac{7}{9}$

C. $\frac{25}{24}$

B. $\frac{1}{3}$

D. $\frac{5}{9}$

81. Momanyi had $11\frac{1}{4}$ kg of meat. He sold $1\frac{1}{4}$ kg to each of his customers. How many customers bought the meat

A. 12

B. 6

C. 9

D. 8

82. Arrange the following fractions from the largest to the smallest.

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{12}$$

A. $\frac{5}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{12}, \frac{2}{3}$

B. $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{12}$

C. $\frac{5}{12}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$

D. $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{12}$

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83. Work out: $\sqrt{\frac{625}{3^2}} \times 9^2$

A. $17\frac{2}{3}$

B. $3\frac{7}{9}$

C. $14\frac{1}{3}$

D. $11\frac{7}{9}$

84. What is the next number in the sequence?

$\frac{3}{4}, 1\frac{1}{4}, 1\frac{3}{4}, 2\frac{1}{4}$ _____

A. $2\frac{1}{2}$

B. $2\frac{3}{4}$

C. $3\frac{1}{4}$

D. $3\frac{3}{4}$

85. A teacher had a certain number of fruits. He gave boys $\frac{2}{5}$ of the fruits and girls $\frac{1}{3}$ of the fruits. What fraction of fruits remained?

A. $\frac{2}{3}$

B. $\frac{11}{15}$

C. $\frac{4}{15}$

D. $\frac{3}{5}$

86. Fill in the gap to make it TRUE?

$\frac{3}{7}$ _____ $\frac{5}{8}$

A. >

B. =

C. ≤

D. <

87. Solve the equation
 $80p - 40 = 240$

A. 8

B. 10

C. $3\frac{1}{2}$

D. 5

88. A class has a total of P pupils. There are b boys in that class. How many girls are there in that class?

A. $p - b$

B. $p + b$

C. bp

D. $b - p$

Working space

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89. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 300 $>$ $\frac{1}{4}$ of 600
- B. $60 \div 4 > 75 \div 5$
- C. $1\text{m} < 100\text{cm}$
- D. $448 > \frac{1}{2}$ of 500

90. Simplify the expression.

$$\frac{1}{3}(9c + 12d) + 3(c + d)$$

- A. $6c + 7d$
- B. $6c = 15d$
- C. $6c + 15d$
- D. $6c - 7d$

DECIMALS

91. Round off 2.8958 to the nearest hundredths

- A. 2.10
- B. 2.9
- C. 2.90
- D. 2.896

92. Convert $\frac{3}{4}$ into a decimal correct to one decimal place

- A. 0.75
- B. 0.7
- C. 0.8
- D. 0.36

93. Convert 0.028 to a fraction in its simplest form.

- A. $\frac{28}{100}$
- B. $\frac{7}{250}$
- C. $\frac{7}{25}$
- D. $\frac{28}{100}$

94. Jane bought 9.36 metres of a rope and cut it into 6 equal pieces. How long was each piece?

- A. 15.6m
- B. 55.16m
- C. 1.516m
- D. 1.56m

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95. Peters cows produces 15.45 litres of milk each day. How many litres of milk will it produce in twelve days?

- A. 18 540litres
- B. 185.4litres
- C. 1.854litres
- D. 18.54litres

96. Work out
 $3.68 \div 2.3$

- A. 1.6
- B. 16
- C. 0.160
- D. 160

PERCENTAGES

97. Convert 40% into fraction in its simplest form

- A. $\frac{40}{100}$
- B. $\frac{4}{10}$
- C. $\frac{4}{100}$
- D. $\frac{2}{5}$

98. Convert 0.345 into percentage

- A. 3.45%
- B. 345%
- C. 34.5%
- D. 0.345%

99. 40% of the pupils in a school are boys. If there are 480 girls how many pupils are in school?

- A. 800
- B. 1 200
- C. 320
- D. 960

100. Omar scored 54 marks out of 60 in a Social Studies exam. What was his score as a percentage?

- A. 96%
- B. 54%
- C. 80%
- D. 90%

Working space

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ENGLISH

BROKEN PASSAGE 1

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the **BEST** alternative from the choices given.

One Saturday, _____ 1 _____ was left at home alone. My parents _____ 2 _____ gone upcountry to _____ 3 _____ my old grandmother. I was given instructions early _____ 4 _____ the morning _____ 5 _____ they left. I had _____ 6 _____ chores to do before preparing my own lunch. Everything was _____ 7 _____ order, I felt very _____ 8 _____ but at the same time I was afraid. I had _____ 9 _____ been left alone any day. My parents left and I said goodbye.

With the whole house _____ 10 _____ myself, I decided to call my friends Kenny and Kerry to keep me _____ 11 _____. They helped me with the house duties left for me as _____ 12 _____ as possible. When _____ 13 _____ was well done, we prepared our lunch. _____ 14 _____ we were through taking our lunch, we went out to play _____ 15 _____ and seek outside our home compound.

- | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | A. we | B. am | C. I | D. they | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. | A. had | B. have | C. has | D. were | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. | A. see | B. check | C. look | D. visit | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. | A. at | B. in | C. on | D. by | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. | A. soon | B. before | C. later | D. after | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. | A. some | B. little | C. few | D. a little | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. | A. in | B. at | C. for | D. with | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8. | A. sad | B. excited | C. nervous | D. lonely | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9. | A. ever | B. forever | C. never | D. not | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10. | A. by | B. to | C. for | D. with | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 11. | A. group | B. company | C. home | D. alive | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 12. | A. quickly | B. fast | C. soon | D. hurriedly | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 13. | A. something | B. nothing | C. anything | D. everything | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 14. | A. When | B. Immediately | C. Before | D. After | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 15. | A. hid | B. hind | C. hide | D. heard | <input type="checkbox"/> |

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For questions 16 and 17, choose the correct word to complete the sentence below.

16. She bought a dress _____ sixty shillings.
A. at
B. for
C. from
D. with

17. English is _____ than any other language in the world.
A. very widely spoken
B. more widely spoken
C. much widely spoken
D. most widely spoken

For questions 18 and 19, arrange the given sentences to make a sensible paragraph.

18. i) *One Sunday afternoon, Zena listened to a radio story.*
ii) *because Fahim was busy doing his homework.*
iii) *This time she listened alone.*
iv) *Afterwards Fahim asked her about it.*
A. i, ii, iv, iii
B. i, ii, iii, iv
C. i, iii, ii, iv
D. iv, i, iii, ii

19. i) *The common substance of smoking is tobacco.*
ii) *Smoking is very addictive.*
iii) *It can also be chewed or sniffed as snuff.*
iv) *It can be smoked as cigarette.*
A. i, ii, iv, iii
B. i, iii, ii, iv
C. ii, i, iv, iii
D. ii, i, iii, iv

For questions 20 - 22, choose the correct preposition to fill the blank spaces.

20. Juma was hiding _____ the big building.
A. beside
B. behind
C. on
D. in

21. Moses swam _____ the river.
A. across
B. along
C. in
D. into

22. He jumped _____ the river.
A. in
B. into
C. on
D. down

For questions 23 and 24, give the opposite of the following words.

23. Dear
A. Expensive
B. Costly
C. Cheap
D. More expensive

24. Private
A. Personal
B. Public
C. Owner
D. Individual

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For questions 25 - 27, choose the ADVERB in the sentences given.

25. The teacher walked majestically into the classroom.
A. walked B. majestically
C. into D. the teacher
26. My father parked the car properly in the compound.
A. parked B. in
C. the car D. properly
27. We pay government tax monthly.
A. monthly B. tax
C. pay D. government

In questions 28 to 30, choose the word that fits.

28. Lion is to cub as hare is to _____.
A. cub B. leveret
C. foal D. calf
29. A _____ of worshippers.
A. crowd B. army
C. congregation D. gang
30. A convict is to a person as a soldier is to _____.
A. prison B. barrack
C. jail D. cell

For questions 31 - 35, complete with the correct question tags.

31. It is not the best ball to play, _____?
32. She can now jog for a few minutes, _____?
33. He needs immediate attention, _____?
34. The children hardly come to school late, _____?
35. Investors should not employ minors, _____?

PARENT'S/GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

Choose the correct pronoun to fill in the gaps for questions 48-53

48. The books are not _____ (our, ours)
49. This is the shop _____ was opened last week. (whose, which)
50. The lion is lying helplessly in _____ den. (it's, its)
51. It is _____ mandate to ensure there is security. (there, their)
52. The secret is between you and _____ (I, me)
53. This is the man _____ daughter was arrested. (whom, whose)

Fill in the CORRECT preposition in the following

54. The young girl travelled to school _____ a bus.
A. by
B. with
C. on
D. along
55. His father died _____ cancer.
A. of
B. from
C. with
D. by
56. Thirty people were _____ board when the accident happened.
A. by
B. on
C. with
D. of
57. The thief jumped _____ the window.
A. over
B. by
C. through
D. beside
58. The diver swam _____ the long river to the other side.
A. in
B. across
C. through
D. between
59. I agree _____ his ideas of honesty and teamwork.
A. to
B. with
C. by
D. on
60. Distribute these books _____ the twins.
A. among
B. between
C. for
D. on
61. The convict was guilty _____ the charges against him.
A. with
B. for
C. against
D. of

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In questions 62-67, choose the BEST verb from the given ones.

62. Each of the girls _____ crying. (was, were)
63. Neither the father nor the mother _____ qualified. (is, are)
64. Neither of the referees _____ signed. (has, have)
65. The Rift Valley and Fort Jesus _____ important tourist sites. (is, are)
66. Either Paul or Winnie _____ to accompany you. (has, have)
67. Each of the scripts _____ been marked by me. (have, has)

Choose the word that means the same as the underlined for questions 68-73

68. The machine is very complicated.
A. simple
B. easy
C. complete
D. good
69. There was abundance of fruits.
A. adequately
B. excess
C. scarcity
D. sufficient
70. We hardly visit our old grandmother
A. usually
B. rarely
C. often
D. never
71. The country is facing scarcity of food.
A. famine
B. lack
C. plenty
D. shortage
72. The police collected a dead body in the coffee bushes.
A. carcass
B. skelton
C. corpse
D. death
73. Swimming is prohibited in this pond.
A. forbidden
B. refused
C. prevented
D. punished

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Fill in the gaps with the CORRECT word

74. Jane was very _____. She came early but found the train gone.
A. lucky
B. unlucky
C. unlikely
D. likely
75. The captain was on the bench today. It is _____ that he is injured.
A. lucky
B. unluck
C. likely
D. unlikely
76. The slippery pitch was the _____ of the many accidents.
A. course
B. way
C. cause
D. reason
77. Do not walk _____ footed.
A. bear
B. beer
C. baer
D. bare
78. He has already _____ Kisumu.
A. arrived
B. reached
C. travelled
D. reached at
79. Several people were wounded when the train ran _____ the track.
A. of
B. off
C. away
D. in
80. My brother is _____ than me.
A. older
B. elder
C. oldest
D. eldest

PARENT'S/GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ **DATE:** _____

Choose the CORRECT order of adjectives in 81 and 82

81. Melisa's mother gave her a _____ ball.

- A. plastic, small, red
- B. plastic, red, small
- C. small, red, plastic
- D. red, small, plastic

82. My mother bought a _____ vase.

- A. blue, wide, glass
- B. glass, wide, blue
- C. wide, blue, glass
- D. glass, blue, wide

Complete each sentence with the opposite of the underlined

83. The entrance of the stadium was locked by noon _____

84. The house was permanently built _____

85. The departure time is 10.30pm _____

Choose the CORRECT conjunctions in number 86 and 87

86. He is very industrious in class, _____ she participates in drama.

- A. however
- B. although
- C. moreover
- D. nevertheless

87. He has been waiting for his brother _____ ten o'clock.

- A. for
- B. since
- C. until
- D. when

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Read the passage below and then answer questions 88-100

Meja is the policeman in our countryside. He wears a grey shirt, a khaki short, black shoes paths on his legs and a red fez cap on his head.

Meja is a very amiable person. He keeps smiling all the time. He never gets to cross with anyone. He follows all the rules a policeman ought to obey. When he comes, he watches our game with a deep interest. He sometimes joins us in our games too.

When he is on duty he never goes anywhere but stays at his place of duty. One day a friend of mine had lost his way to my house and it was Mbaka who directed him to my place.

He is never a friend to anyone breaking the law. One day, I saw him halting his best friend for riding a bicycle with two people on it. He did it because he is a good policeman.

We are really lucky to have him in our countryside. He is a lover of animals too. Once in a while on his bike he marked a small helpless kitty. He took it to a place of safety.

88. What is the meaning of countryside according to the passage?

- A. Town
- B. Land away from towns
- C. Urban
- D. City

89. What does Meja wear?

- A. A necklace
- B. A white shirt
- C. Khaki short
- D. Red shoes

90. 'Meja is a very amiable person'. What does amiable mean?

- A. Friendly
- B. With an aim
- C. Target
- D. Hated

91. What does Meja do when the writer is playing?

- A. He plays with them.
- B. He watches their game with interest.
- C. He joins them in their games.
- D. He arrests the players.

92. Where does Meja go when he is on duty?

- A. He goes anywhere
- B. He watches games
- C. He stays at his place of duty
- D. He arrests people

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93. Why did Meja direct the writer's friend?
 A. He had lost his way
 B. They knew each other
 C. The writer asked for it
 D. He saw him straying away
94. What do we learn from the fourth paragraph?
 A. Meja is never a friend to anyone.
 B. The writer is a friend to anyone breaking the law.
 C. Meja is never a friend to law breakers.
 D. Meja is never a friend to law.
95. How many times does Meja wear the clothes from the passage?
 A. Many times
 B. Once
 C. All the time
 D. Sometimes
96. What is 'halting' as used in the passage?
 A. Stop
 B. Stopping
 C. Hating
 D. Waiting
97. Why did he halt his best friend?
 A. He was riding his bicycle too fast
 B. He was overloaded
 C. He did have a licence
 D. He wanted to greet him
98. Why does the writer say that they are lucky to have him?
 A. He is a bad man
 B. He is a good man
 C. He catches thieves
 D. He does his work well
99. Which word can mean the same as Kitty? A
 A. kid
 B. kitten
 C. kit
 D. kite
100. The **BEST** title for the passage is
 A. A hard worker
 B. A friend like no other
 C. Meja, the animal lover
 D. The countryside policeman

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COMPOSITION 2

Below is the beginning of a story. Write and complete it in your own words making it as interesting as you can.

I couldn't sleep last night. After I had taken supper, I

Lined writing area for the composition.

PARENT'S/GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____

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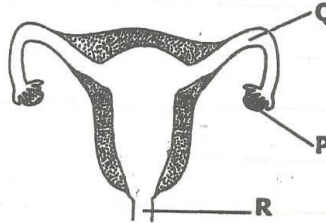
Blank lined area for writing answers.

PARENT'S/GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ **DATE:** _____

SCIENCE

HUMAN BODY

1. The diagram below represents the female reproductive system.



- The parts labelled **P**, **Q** and **R** respectively are:
- A. Ovary, oviduct, cervix
- B. Ovule, womb, vagina
- C. Ovary, fallopian tube, oviduct
- D. Vagina, womb, cervix
2. Which one of the following parts of the male reproductive system has a similar function as part marked **P** above?
- A. Penis
- B. Urethra
- C. Scrotums
- D. Testis
3. Which one the following is **NOT** part of female reproductive system?
- A. Vagina
- B. Ovule
- C. Oviduct
- D. Cervix
4. Which of the following parts of the male reproductive system enables urine to pass out?
- A. Penis
- B. Testis
- C. Urethra
- D. Spermduct
5. Which of the following physical changes occurs in boys **ONLY**?
- A. Deepening of voice
- B. Enlargement of breasts
- C. Menstruation
- D. Pimples on the face
6. Which of the following part is **CORRECTLY** matched with its function
- A. Uterus - where the baby passes during birth
- B. Testis - produce fluids which sperms swim
- C. Oviduct - allows the egg to move from the ovary
- D. Penis - allow the passage of egg from the ovary

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HEALTH EDUCATION

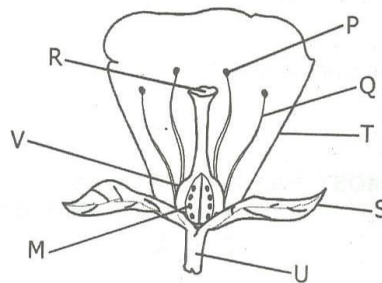
7. The following are communicable diseases **EXCEPT**
- | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| A. malaria | B. tuberculosis | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. common cold | D. tetanus | |
8. A parasite which causes malaria is known as
- | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| A. anopheles mosquito | B. plasmodium | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. bilhazia | D. virus | |
9. The following are signs and symptoms of malaria **EXCEPT**
- | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Diarrhoea | B. Pain of joints | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. Chest pains | D. Fever | |
10. The **MOST** effective way of controlling malaria is by
- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| A. destroying their breeding places | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. sleeping under treated mosquito nets | |
| C. observing high hygiene standards | |
| D. taking curative drugs | |
11. A disease has the following signs and symptoms
- (i) *Fever*
- (ii) *Pain in the joints*
- (iii) *Shivering and sweating*
- The disease described is **MOST** likely to be spread by
- | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| A. plasmodium | B. anopheles mosquito | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. lack of enough iron | D. malaria | <input type="checkbox"/> |
12. Which pair of vaccines is a baby given at the time of birth?
- | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Yellow fever and antimeasles | B. DPT and antitetanus | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. BCG and DPT | D. Oral polio and BCG | |
13. At the age of six weeks a baby is immunised against
- | | | |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| A. DPT | B. measles | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. whooping cough | D. typhoid | |
14. Which of the following vaccines is given through the mouth?
- | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| A. Antipolio | B. Tetanus | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. Measles | D. Tuberculosis | |
15. Which one of the following is **NOT** an importance of HIV testing? To
- | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| A. plan for future of one's family | B. spread the virus | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. change behaviour | D. know one's status | |
16. The type of counselling given to a person before the test is done is known as
- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. post test counselling | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. elisa test | |
| C. HIV test | |
| D. pretest counselling | |

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17. Which one is an effect of HIV infection on an individual?
 A. Sadness in the family B. Lack of parental care
 C. Poor performance at school D. Loss of earning
18. The following are effects of HIV infection to our country **EXCEPT**
 A. low agricultural production B. low self esteem
 C. poor economy D. congestion in hospital
19. Which one of the following is **NOT** a way of preventing tuberculosis?
 A. Taking curative medicines
 B. Avoiding dusty places
 C. Improving ventilation of houses
 D. Observing high standards of cleanliness

PLANTS

The diagram below represents a flower



20. Which part represents the female part of the flower?
 A. P and Q B. R and P
 C. V and R D. U and M
21. The part representing the male parts of a flower are
 A. M and T B. R and P
 C. V and S D. Q and P
22. Pollination is said to have taken place when pollen grains are transferred from _____ to _____.
 A. R, M B. P, R
 C. V, U D. T, P
23. Germination of the pollen grains occur at the part marked _____.
 A. P B. Q
 C. T D. M
24. Which part of the flower protects its during bud stage
 A. S B. R
 C. T D. V

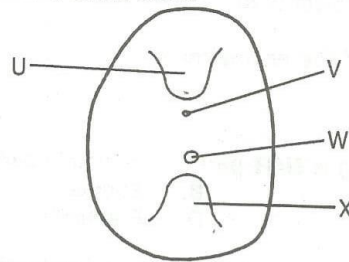
PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

25. The **main** fuction of the flower is to
- A. attract insects
 - B. improve the beauty of the environment
 - C. produce seeds
 - D. promote pollination
26. Which one of the following is **NOT** part of the female part of a flower?
- A. Style
 - B. Stigma
 - C. Ovary
 - D. Filament
27. Munge saw a bee flying from one flower to another in an orange plant. Which type of pollination is this?
- A. Cross pollination
 - B. Self pollination
 - C. Multi pollination
 - D. Interpollination
28. Which of the following plants have the female and male parts of a flower in the same plant but different parts?
- A. Maize
 - B. Blackjack
 - C. Onion
 - D. Pawpaw
29. Which one of the following is **NOT** an agent of pollination?
- A. Water
 - B. Birds
 - C. Squirrel
 - D. Wind
30. A flower which have large anthers is also likely to have the following characteristics **EXCEPT?**
- A. Produce large amount of pollen grains
 - B. Flat and sticky stigma
 - C. Dull petals
 - D. Small in size
31. The union of male cells in the pollen grains and the female cell in the ovary is known as
- A. germination
 - B. fertilization
 - C. pollen tubing
 - D. implantation
32. After fusion of female and male cells of a flower _____ is formed from ovules.
- A. seeds
 - B. fruits
 - C. testa
 - D. petals
33. Which of the following parts of seed protects the inner seed?
- A. Plumule
 - B. Radicle
 - C. Micropyle
 - D. Testa
34. Which of the following parts of a seed forms the embryo?
- A. Cotyledon and testa
 - B. plumule and radicle
 - C. Hilum and radicle
 - D. endosperm and micropyle

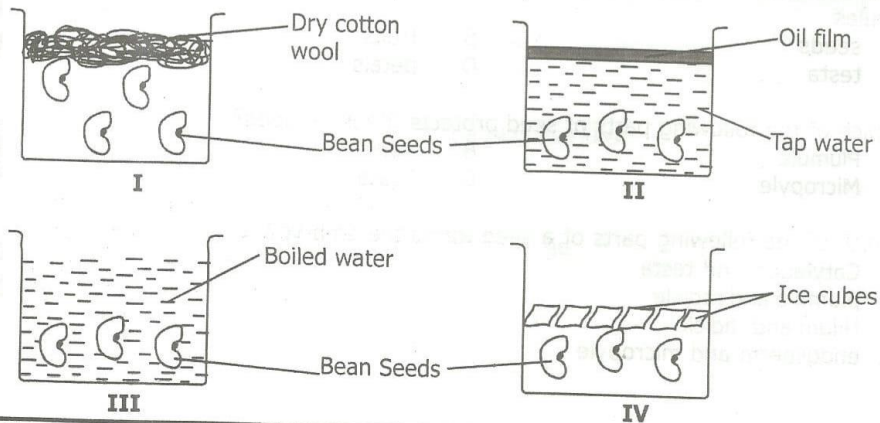
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The diagram below represents a bean seed



35. The part marked X is known as
 A. micropyle
 B. plumule
 C. radicle
 D. hilum
36. The part which allows air and water into the seed is marked
 A. V
 B. W
 C. X
 D. U
37. _____ is the point of attachment of the seed to the fruit?
 A. X
 B. U
 C. W
 D. V
38. The following are stages of germination in a seed.
 (i) radicle comes out through the micropyle
 (ii) the seed absorbs water and swells
 (iii) testa bursts and split open
 (v) plumule forms a shoot
 The correct order is
 A. ii, i, iii, iv
 B. iii, i, iv, ii
 C. i, ii, iii, iv
 D. ii, iii, i, iv
39. Which one of the following is **NOT** a condition necessary for germination?
 A. Warmth
 B. Soil
 C. Water
 D. Air
40. Six pupils set up an experiment below to investigate conditions necessary for germination?



PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

In which set-up did the seeds germinate?

- A. ii and iii
B. iii only
C. none
D. ii only

41. Which part of a maize seed provide food for germinating embryo?

- A. plumule
B. endosperm
C. cotyledon
D. micropyle

42. The seed leaf is also known as

- A. testa
B. micropyle
C. plumule
D. cotyledon

43. After germination the part that develop into leaves is the

- A. radicle
B. micropyle
C. plumule
D. endosperm

44. A new young plant that develops after germination is known as

- A. fruit
B. seedling
C. seed
D. embryo

45. Which one of the following plant is **NOT** a dicotyledon?

- A. Millet
B. Groundnut
C. Peas
D. Blackjack

46. An example of a plant with one seed leaf is

- A. jacaranda
B. tomato
C. rice
D. kale

WEATHER AND THE SOLAR SYSTEM

47. The solar system is made up of stars and _____ planets.

- A. 6
B. 9
C. 11
D. 8

48. Planets move round the _____.

- A. moon
B. earth
C. sun
D. stars

49. The planet farthest from the sun is known as

- A. earth
B. neptune
C. jupiter
D. uranus

50. Which of the following materials is **NOT** suitable for modelling the solar system?

- A. cotton
B. wax
C. plasticine
D. clay

51. Which one of the following represents the fourth and the seventh planets from the sun respectively?

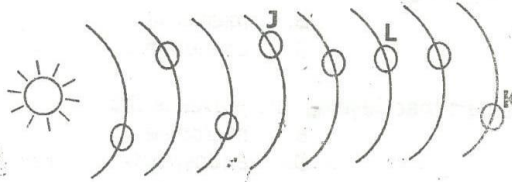
- A. Mars, Saturn
B. Earth, Jupiter
C. Mars, Uranus
D. Venus, Neptune

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52. Which one of the following is a star?

- A. Earth
- B. Moon
- C. Satellite
- D. Sun

Below is a representation of the solar system



53. The planets represented by letters J, K, L respectively are

- A. Mars, Saturn, Neptune
- B. earth, Saturn, Neptune
- C. Jupiter, Saturn, Neptune
- D. Mars, Neptune, Saturn

54. Which planet has the longest orbit?

- A. Saturn
- B. Jupiter
- C. Neptune
- D. Mercury

55. The second step when modelling the solar system is to

- A. paste manilla paper on the softboard.
- B. draw circles to represent orbits.
- C. model the planets and the sun.
- D. mount the planets to the orbits

56. Planets appear bright because

- A. produce light
- B. they reflect light
- C. are large
- D. all twinkle

57. In the solar system, Saturn is found between

- A. Earth and Neptune
- B. Mars and Mercury
- C. Uranus and Neptune
- D. Jupiter and Uranus

ANIMALS

58. Animal feeds that are grazed on directly are

- A. pastures
- B. fishmeal
- C. concentrates
- D. salt lick

59. Which one of the animal feeds is **NOT** a legume?

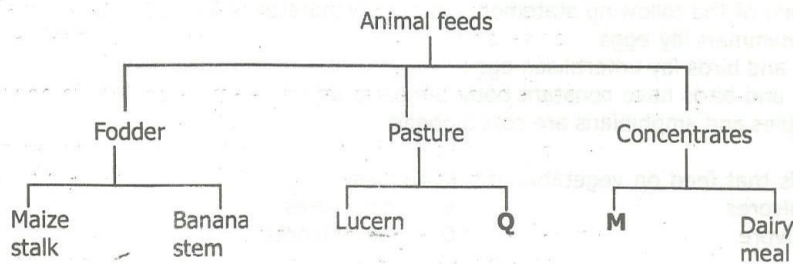
- A. Glycine
- B. Lucern
- C. Napier grass
- D. Desmodium

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60. Molasses are rich in _____.
- A. energy
B. fats
C. nappier grass
D. minerals
61. Rotational grazing can be done in the following ways **EXCEPT**
- A. Paddocking
B. Tethering
C. Stall feeding
D. Strip grazing
62. A method of feeding animals where they are tied to a peg using a rope is known as
- A. tethering
B. paddocking
C. strip grazing
D. herding
63. In which one of the following method of grazing is an animal **NOT** restricted?
- A. Tethering
B. Paddocking
C. Strip grazing
D. Herding
64. Which one of the following animal feeds is rich in proteins?
- A. Bone meal
B. Saltlick
C. Desmodium
D. Banana stem
65. Commercial feeds are known as
- A. fodder
B. hay
C. silage
D. concentrates

The table below shows animal feeds



66. Which of the feeds can correctly fit in **Q** and **M**?
- A. Nandi setaria, salt lick
B. nappier grass, clover
C. kales, lucern
D. glycine, sunflower heads
67. A method of grazing that would require the largest piece of land is
- A. tethering
B. zero grazing
C. paddocking
D. herding
68. An area set a side for grazing is known as
- A. fodder
B. pasture
C. silage
D. hay

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69. Which one of the following is the **MAIN** constituent of a balanced diet obtained by animals when they feed on glycine?

- A. Carbohydrate
B. Minerals
C. Protein
D. Vitamins

70. Nduta observed a cow tied onto a post using a rope. Which method of rotational grazing did she observe?

- A. Stall
B. Strip
C. Paddockling
D. Tethering

71. The following are functions of parts of a plant

- (i) Absorption of water
(ii) Transpiration
(iii) Food storage
(iv) Transportation of water and minerals
(v) Making plant food

Which functions are for leaves only?

- A. ii and v
B. iii and v
C. i and iii
D. iv and v

72. Which one of the following is a function of fibre in the diet?

- A. Help in digestion of food
B. Prevent constipation
C. Helps in absorption of digested food
D. It add nutrients to the body

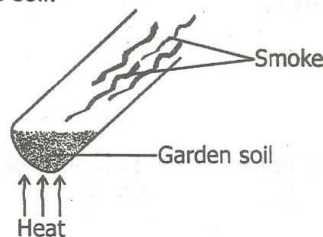
73. Which one of the following statements about vertebrates is **TRUE**?

- A. All mammals lay eggs
B. Fish and birds lay unfertilised eggs
C. Fish and birds have constant body temperature
D. Reptiles and amphibians are cold blooded

74. Mammals that feed on vegetation are known as

- A. herbivores
B. omnivores
C. carnivore
D. carmbivores

75. The diagram below represents a set-up used by std 4 pupils to investigate a certain components of the soil.



The component being investigated is

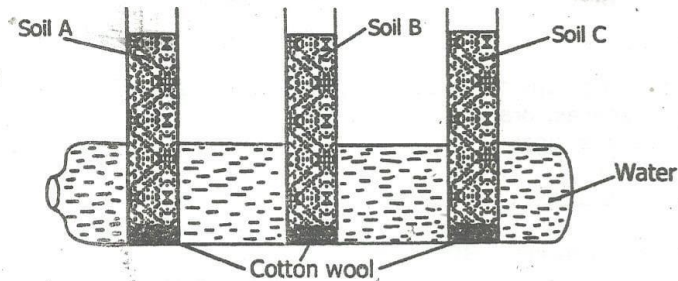
- A. mineral particles
B. air
C. humus
D. water

PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

76. Which one of the following small animals is **NOT** found in the soil?

- A. Earthworm
- B. Termites
- C. Ants
- D. Grasshopper

77. During a practical lesson std 5 pupils set up the experiment below.



What were they likely to be investigating?

- A. Water retention
- B. Drainage
- C. Absorption
- D. Capillarity

78. Which of the following is a useful non-green plant?

- A. Ringworms
- B. Yeast
- C. Athletes foot
- D. Dandruf

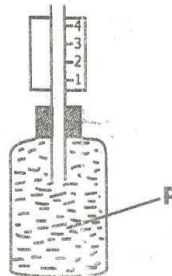
79. The quantity of matter in a substance is known as

- A. mass
- B. weighing scale
- C. weight
- D. surface area

80. Which one of the following is a good conductor of heat?

- A. Air
- B. Water
- C. Copper rod
- D. Plastic

81. The diagram below represents a certain weather instrument.



The diagram is known as

- A. air thermometer
- B. anemometer
- C. liquid thermometer
- D. windvane

82. Heat travels through liquid by

- A. radiation
- B. conduction
- C. evaporation
- D. convection

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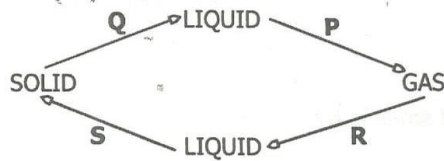
93. Which one of the following is common to gases, liquids and solids?

- A. Size
- B. Definite mass
- C. Shape
- D. Density

94. Which of the following is the second stage of HIV/AIDS development?

- A. Symptomatic
- B. Incubation
- C. Full blown
- D. Window

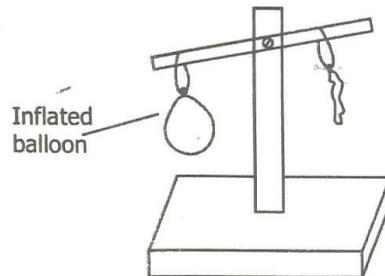
95. The diagram below shows changes in states of matter.



The process marked P is

- A. evaporation
- B. melting
- C. condensation
- D. freezing

96. Std 5 pupils carried out the experiment shown below.



They concluded that

- A. air occupies space
- B. air has mass
- C. air has pressure
- D. air expands when heated

PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____

DATE: _____

97. Which one of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of animals?

- A. They move from one place to another
- B. They reproduce
- C. They react to changes in their environment
- D. They make their own food

98. Carbohydrate foods

- A. protect the body against diseases.
- B. provide energy needed to do work.
- C. build the body.
- D. repair damaged tissues.

99. Which one of the following factors does **NOT** affect floating and sinking?

- A. material
- B. size
- C. shape
- D. weight

100. The **BEST** way of preventing bad smell is by

- A. good oral hygiene
- B. eating raw carrots
- C. visiting dentist
- D. using dental floss

PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

KISWAHILI

SEHEMU A

Soma vifungu vifuatavyo. Vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

_____ 1 _____ 2 Elimu Dkt. Fred Matiang'i jana _____ 3
wahadhiri wa vyuo vikuu _____ 4 umma _____ 5 mgomo hadi machi.
_____ 6 majadiliano yakiendelea kuhusu _____ 7 za mishahara
_____ 8

- | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | A. mbunge | B. seneta | C. kinara | D. waziri | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. | A. wa | B. ya | C. la | D. mwa | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. | A. aliwataka | B. aliwaagiza | C. aliwashauri | D. aliwakashifu | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. | A. za | B. wa | C. vya | D. cha | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. | A. wagombeze | B. wasitisha | C. waigize | D. wabeze | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. | A. Hii | B. Ila | C. Japo | D. Huku | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. | A. pesa | B. nyongeza | C. nyongesa | D. nauli | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8. | A. yao | B. vyao | C. zao | D. wao | <input type="checkbox"/> |

SAHIHI YA MZAZI / MZAZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

Wanaopatikana _____ **9** _____ **10** _____ ya kuwabaka watoto na
 kuwapachika _____ **11** _____ watalazimishwa _____ **12** _____ waathiriwa
 _____ **13** _____ mswada mpya wa _____ **14** _____ za _____ **15** _____ uliojadiliwa
 bungeni utapitishwa kuwa sheria.

- | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 9. | A. kwa | B. kuwa | C. kua | D. na | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10. | A. hatua | B. kosa | C. hatia | D. doa | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 11. | A. maradhi | B. mimba | C. ukimwi | D. virusi | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 12. | A. kuwafidia | B. kuwapongeza | C. kuwaenzi | D. kuwashauri | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 13. | A. japo | B. ikiwa | C. ijapokuwa | D. ila | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 14. | A. thuluma | B. dhuluma | C. dhuluma | D. dhamani | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 15. | A. mapenzi | B. upendo | C. kifamilia | D. kimapenzi | <input type="checkbox"/> |

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

SEHEMU B: SARUFI

1. Nomino manukato, mazingira, maji, mafuta hupatikana katika ngeli ya

- A. A - WA
- B. LI - YA
- C. YA - YA
- D. U - YA

2. Ni ngeli gani kati ya zifuatazo huhusika na viumbe au vitu vilivyo na uhai?

- A. KI - VI
- B. M - WA
- C. I - ZI
- D. A - WA

3. Ambatanisha nomino ulimi na sifa ' __baya'

- A. mbaya
- B. ubaya
- C. baya
- D. kibaya

4. Ni kipi kiashiria cha mbali kidogo?

- A. Yule
- B. Huyu
- C. Kile
- D. Huyo

5. Tumia a-unganifu mwafaka kujaliza pengo.
Kucheza _____ Abdalla kunayahatarisha maisha.

- A. ya
- B. kwa
- C. la
- D. mwa

6. Tumia kiambishi mwafaka kukamilishia sentensi ifuatayo:
Mtu _____ atafika sasa.

- A. mwingine
- B. jingine
- C. mwengine
- D. ingine

7. Mtazifua nguo zipi?

- A. kiulizi
- B. kitenzi
- C. kiwakilishi
- D. kielezi

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

8. Ni sentensi gani yenye kirejeshi katika hali ya mazoea?
 A. Kondoo ambaye atachinjwa ni huyu.
 B. Vitabu visomwavyo ni hivi.
 C. Chakula kikipikwa huiva.
 D. Nimeelewa ulivyosema.
9. Bainisha po iliyotumika katika sentensi ifuatayo.
 Tulipofika nyumbani tulishtushwa na tuliyoyaona.
 A. mahali
 B. muundo
 C. wakati
 D. mazoea
10. Akifisha:
 je huu ni uungwana
 A. Je, huu ni uungwana?
 B. Je, huu ni uungwana!
 C. Je huu ni uungwana?
 D. Je, huu ni ungwana.
11. Ni sentensi gani kati ya uliyopewa imetumia semikoloni kwa usahihi?
 A. Njooi hapa; mwalimu alisema.
 B. Kenya ni nchi nzuri; ina amani na wananchi wazalendo.
 C. Sisi ni wageni wake;
 D. Nilitumwa kununua; maembe na ndizi.
12. Andika kwa wingi.
 Mazingira haya ni nadhifu
 A. Mazingira haya ni manadhifu.
 B. Zingira hili ni nadhifu.
 C. Mazingira hii nadhifu.
 D. Mazingira haya nadhifu.
13. Kanusha.
 Ningemwona ningesaidika.
 A. Nisingemwona ningesaidika.
 B. Nisingalimwona nisingelisaidika.
 C. Nisingemwona nisingesaidika.
 D. Nisingalimwona nisingalisaidika.

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____ TAREHE: _____

14. Tumia ama badala ya o-rejeshi
Mwanafunzi aliyeumia ni huyu.

- A. Mwanafunzi ambaye huumia ni huyu.
- B. Mwanafunzi ambaye aliumia ni huyu.
- C. Mwanafunzi ambaye aliyeumia ni huyu.
- D. Mwanafunzi aumiaye ni huyu.

15. Ameenda nyumbani.
Neno lililopigiwa mstari ni

- A. nomino
- B. kivumishi
- C. kiashiria
- D. kielezi

16. Tumia kiulizi -pi kujazia pengo.
Ni maji ___yamechafuka?

- A. yapi
- B. yepi
- C. zipi
- D. upi

17. Nyambua kitenzi 'ingia' katika kauli ya kutendesha.

- A. ingisha
- B. ingilika
- C. ingiza
- D. ingiangia

18. 'Kwa' imetumika kuonyesha nini katika sentensi ifuatayo?
Tulishirikiana bega kwa bega.

- A. kiulizi
- B. usemi
- C. kumiliki
- D. akisami

19. Andika kwa udogo.
Gari lake limeharibika.

- A. Kigari chake kimeharibika.
- B. Kijigari chake kimeharibika.
- C. Kijigari lake kimeharibika.
- D. Jigari lake limeharibika.

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

20. Tumia kiunganishi mwafaka.
_____ kutanyesha leo, sitaenda shuleni.

- A. Ijapokuwa
- B. Ingawa
- C. Ihali
- D. Iwapo

21. Gari lili hili ndilo lililomgonga.
Maneno yaliyopigiwa mstari ni

- A. Kiashiria radidi
- B. Kionyeshi
- C. kiashiria kikiriri
- D. kiwakilishi

22. Tumia viambishi mwafaka.
Shoka ___lilomkata ndi___ hili.

- A. li, lo
- B. i, yo
- C. u, o
- D. ki, vyo

23. Ni sentensi gani iliyo na kiambishi ki cha masharti?

- A. Kisu hiki ni changu.
- B. Nikimwona leo nitafurahia.
- C. Haba na haba hujaza kibaba.
- D. Kutofika kwao kulituvunja moyo.

24. Andika kwa usemi wa taarifa.
Tukicheza vizuri tutatunukiwa.

- A. Tukicheza vizuri tungetunukiwa
- B. Tukicheza vizuri tungetunukiwa.
- C. Tukicheza vizuri tutatunukiwa.
- D. Tungecheza vizuri tungetunukiwa.

25. Ni sentensi gani iliyo katika hali isiyodhihirika?

- A. Nitakwenda leo jioni.
- B. Nikimwona nitampatia ujumbe wako.
- C. Nimo na mgeni.
- D. Alipomwona alikimbia.

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

26. Jina langu ni Mutua.
Ni reno gani kimilikishi?
- A. Jina
B. Ni
C. Langu
D. Mutua
27. Tumia kiunganifu 'a' kwa ufasaha.
- A. Chumbani mwa dada yangu mna siafu.
B. Chumbani pa dada yangu kuna siafu.
C. Chumbani kwa dada yangu mna siafu.
D. Chumbani la dada yangu lina siafu.
28. Usimtelegeze mwanao.
Kitenzi kilichotumika kiko katika kauli gani?
- A. kutendeka
B. tendatenda
C. tendwa
D. tenda
29. Ni sentensi gani haina kivumishi cha pekee?
- A. Mawira ni mwepesi wa hasira.
B. Wageni wote wamefika.
C. Yeyote atakayepitia hapo ataadhibiwa.
D. Wanafunzi wengine hawaeleweki.
30. Kanusha.
U mgeni wao.
- A. Hu mgeni wao.
B. Hau mgeni wao.
C. Hauko mgeni wao.
D. Wewe si mgeni wao.
31. Ni orodha gani iliyo na vihusishi peke yake?
- A. Kando ya, vilivyotutatiza, gani, upweke
B. Nyumbani, darasani, uwanjani, majini
C. Mkabala wa, nyuma ya, kando ya, mbele ya
D. Mighairi ya, pasipo, ijapokuwa, lakin

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

32. Kamilisha kwa usahihi:
Waliwaona wanyama _____
A. elfu mbili na mbili
B. elfu mbili na viwili
C. elfu mbili na mbili
D. elfu mbili na wawili
33. Ni gani sahihi?
A. Mtu mwenye kuingia sasa hivi amechelewa.
B. Walivioni vitu kadhaa wa kadhaa.
C. Alitembea pekee yake.
D. Sisi wote ni wageni.
34. Alipofika nyumbani tulimlaki kwa shangwe. Mofimu 'tu' imewakilisha
A. wakati
B. kitenzi
C. nomino
D. kielezi
35. Andika kwa udogo:
Mbuzi huyu ananisumbua.
A. Kibuzi hiki kinatusumbua.
B. Mabuzi haya yanatusumbua.
C. Jibuzi hili linatusumbua.
D. Mbuzi hawa wanatusumbua.
36. Unda sifa kutokana na kitenzi 'angaza'.
A. angazia
B. mwangaza
C. angavu
D. angafu
37. Magari yaya haya ndiyo yaliyotusafirisha hadi sokoni.
Neno lillilopigiwa mstari ni _____.
A. nomino
B. kielezi
C. kivumishi
D. kihisishi
38. Po po walipotuona walitoroka. 'po' zilizopigiwa mstari ni
A. vielezi vya nomino
B. muundo wa nomino
C. mahali
D. wakati

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

39. Alinigonga nami nikamgonga; tukagongana.
Hii ni kauli ya

- A. kutenda
- B. kutendana
- C. kutendatenda
- D. kutendana

40. Nilimwona aliposimama mkabala wangu. Neno mkabala ni

- A. kihusishi
- B. kihisishi
- C. kiunganishi
- D. kishirikishi

41. Ni kipi kivumishi cha sifa tasa kati ya vifuatavyo?

- A. mzuri
- B. kibaya
- C. hodari
- D. zuri

42. Mofimu 'wa' na 'aina' katika fungutenzi 'walisaidiana' ni viwakilishi vya

- A. wakati na nafsi
- B. nafsi na wakati
- C. nomino na kielezi
- D. nafsi na kauli ya kutendana

43. Andika sentensi ifuatayo katika hali ya wastani
Kijigari hiki kinapendeza.

- A. Gari hili linapendeza
- B. Jigari hili linapendeza
- C. Vijigari hivi vinapendeza
- D. Magari haya yanapendeza

44. Itambue sentensi yenye kirejeshi katika hali ya mazoea.

- A. Kuku aliyetaga ni mzito.
- B. Yeye huenda shuleni kila siku.
- C. Watoto waliao ni wasumbufu.
- D. Wino uliomwagika ulimkasirisha mwalimu.

45. Ni sentensi gani sahihi?

- A. Unaenda wapi!
- B. Mama yangu (ambaye ni daktari) amefika mkutanoni.
- C. Ebo! Wafanyaje!
- D. Tulisafiri kwenda Mombasa; tulichoka tiki.

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

46. Ni sentensi ipi iliyo na **kwa** ya akisami?
 A. Alikula kwa uma.
 B. Kioo changu ni safi.
 C. Walioimba kwa sauti walitunukiwa.
 D. Rahma alipata nane kwa kumi katika mjarabu.
47. Viambishi ngeli katika ngeli ya KI-VI pamoja na kimilikishi - angu ni
 A. cha-, vya-
 B. ki-, vi-
 C. la-ya
 D. kya, vya
48. Ni sentensi gani imetumia ngeli ya pa-ku-mu
 A. Wanaoimba ni watoto wangu.
 B. Shuleni kwetu kuna wanfunzi wengi wageni.
 C. Tuitasafiri kwa garimoshi
 D. Aliyekupa kiti wewe ndiye aliyenipa kumbi mimi.
49. Kamilisha kwa usahihi
 Embe (_bovu) halitaliwa.
 A. mbovu
 B. bovu
 C. kibovu
 D. libovu
50. Ninamlisha mtoto.
 Hii ni maana kuwa _____
 A. Mtoto anafanywa alie.
 B. Mtoto anaendekeswa.
 C. Mtoto anapewa chakula.
 D. Aliye na mtoto anajipi chakula

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

SEHEMU B: MSAMIATI

1. Raia wa uingereza ataitwa _____ na ataongea _____.
A. mkoloni, kikoloni
B. mreno, kireno
C. mwingereza, kingereza
D. mwingereza, kiingereza

2. Malipo ya kumwona mtoto mchanga kwa mara ya kwanza ni
A. arshi
B. folá
C. arbuni
D. pola

3. Tunasema kigaro cha _____ na kaumu ya _____.
A. wanajeshi, watu
B. askari, wanyama
C. wachawi, walimu
D. watoto, askari polisi

Kutoka nanabari ya 4 mpaka 6 eleza watu uliopewa wanafanya kazi gani.

4. Mzegazega
A. huunganisha viungo vya mwili vilivyovunjika.
B. huuza maji
C. huuza vitu mnadani
D. husaidia kupeleka posa

5. Mhadhiri
A. hufunza katika shule za upili.
B. hufunza katika vyuo vikuu
C. kuweka rekozi za mapato na matumizi ya pesa.
D. huwakilisha nchi yake katika nchi nyingine.

6. Mkalimani
A. huwafundisha wana wa kiume au kike kunga za nyumbani.
B. huwahudumia wagonjwa katika wodi.
C. hutafsiri lugha
D. hupakia na kupakua shehena za meli/jahazi baharini

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

7. Ni jozi gani ina vitate?
A. basi, pasi
B. msichana, banati
C. shule, skuli
D. mzee, kijana

Mapambo yafuatayo huvaliwa wapi?

8. Koa
A. shingoni
B. mguuni
C. mkononi
D. nyweleni

9. Taji
A. mdomoni
B. nyweleni
C. puani
D. kitovuni

10. Hinalisa
A. mdomoni
B. pajini
C. mguuni
D. puani

Andika tarakimu zifuatazo kwa maneno

11. 11 000 000
A. Milioni kumi na moja
B. Milioni moja na moja
C. Laki kumi na moja
D. Kumi na moja

12. Vifaranga 9 000 008
A. Milioni sita na vinane
B. Milioni tisa na wanne
C. Milioni tisa na wanane
D. Milioni tisa na nane

13. Mikate 8 800 001
A. Mikate milioni nane laki nane na moja.
B. Mikate milioni nane laki nane kumi na mmoja.
C. Mikate laki nane milioni mia nane na mmoja.
D. Mikate milioni nane laki nane na kimoja.

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

SEHEMU D: KUSIKILIZA NA KUONGEA

Ni nini majibu ya salamu/maamkuzi yafuatayo?

1. Karibu tule
A. Hewala
B. Ahsante
C. Starehe
D. Sadakta

2. Alamsiki
A. Binuru
B. Karibu
C. Nashukuru
D. Chewa

3. Makiwa
A. salama
B. sina la kuamba
C. aheri
D. ahsante tunayo/yashapita

Kamilisha methali zifuatazo kwa usahihi

4. Vyote viowevu si
A. bahari
B. maji
C. vizuri
D. vitamu

5. Usikate kanzu kabla
A. mwana hajaolewa
B. mwana hajakua
C. mwana hajazaliwa
D. mwana hajatambaa

6. Shairi lenye vipande viwili katika kila mshororo huitwa
A. tatmina
B. tarbia
C. ukaraguni
D. mathnawi

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

7. Silabi katika mshororo huitwa
A. vina
B. mizani
C. urari
D. inkisari

8. Mwende ni fisi, yaani yeye ni
A. mjanja
B. mwerevu
C. mlafi
D. mwoga

Tegua vitendawili vifuatavyo

9. Natembe juu ya miba na sichomwi
A. mawe
B. ngozi
C. kaburi
D. ulimi

10. Milima ya kwetu hupandwa kuanzia kileleni
A. ugali
B. muwa
C. madafu
D. firigisi

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

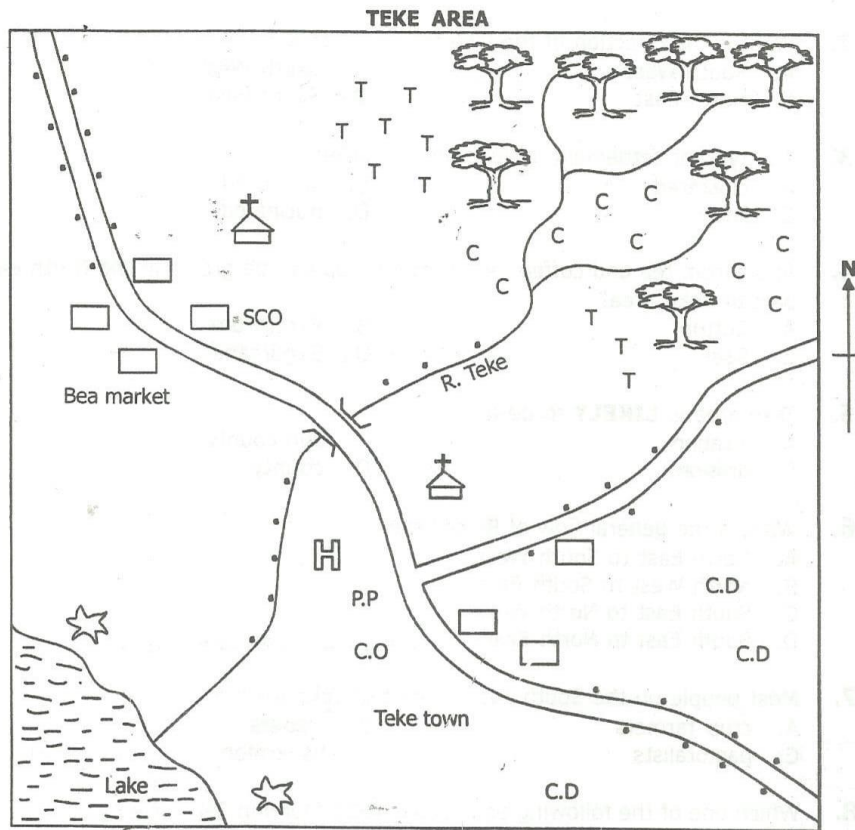
TAREHE: _____

SAHIHI YA MZAZI /MLEZI: _____

TAREHE: _____

SOCIAL STUDIES

PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT



SCALE: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Kms

KEY			
.....	Settlement	C.D	Cattle dip
□ □	Permanent buildings	H	Hospital
P.P	Police post	⊕	Church
C.O	County offices	☆	Salt mines
S.C.O	Sub-county offices	══	Road
T T	Tea	🌳 🌳	Forest
C C	Coffee		

PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

Use the map of Teke area provided to answer questions 1 - 10

1. The feature formed at the mouth of R. Teke is called
 - A. a confluence
 - B. a delta
 - C. a stream
 - D. an estuary
2. What is the direction of the lake from the forest?
 - A. South West
 - B. North West
 - C. North East
 - D. South East
3. The type of settlement in Teke area is called
 - A. clustered
 - B. scattered
 - C. linear
 - D. nucleated
4. Apart from tea and coffee, which other crop can be grown in the North eastern part of Teke area?
 - A. Cotton
 - B. Pyrethrum
 - C. Sisal
 - D. Sugarcane
5. Teke area is **LIKELY** to be a
 - A. location
 - B. sub-county
 - C. division
 - D. county
6. What is the general flow of River Teke?
 - A. North East to South West
 - B. North West to South East
 - C. South East to North West
 - D. South East to North East
7. Most people on the South eastern part of Teke town are
 - A. crop farmers
 - B. traders
 - C. pastoralists
 - D. fishermen
8. Which one of the following activities is **NOT** found in Teke area?
 - A. Trading
 - B. Lumbering
 - C. Farming
 - D. Fishing
9. The North eastern part of Teke area is **LIKELY** to be in a
 - A. plain
 - B. highland region
 - C. valley
 - D. plateau region
10. The climate on the South western part of Teke area is **LIKELY** to be
 - A. hot and wet
 - B. cool and wet
 - C. cool and dry
 - D. hot and dry

THE COUNTRIES OF EASTERN AFRICA

11. Which one of the following Eastern African countries is landlocked?
 - A. Sudan
 - B. Tanzania
 - C. Djibouti
 - D. Ethiopia

PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

12. The newest country to be formed in Eastern Africa is
 A. Sudan B. South Sudan
 C. Djibouti D. Eritrea
13. Which country borders Eastern Africa to the North?
 A. Egypt B. Zambia
 C. Chad D. Malawi
14. The largest country in Eastern Africa is
 A. Sudan B. Somalia
 C. Ethiopia D. Tanzania
15. Which one of the following is **NOT** a country in Eastern Africa?
 A. Rwanda
 B. Burundi
 C. Democratic Republic of Congo
 D. Somalia
16. Which country in Eastern Africa forms the Southern most part?
 A. Kenya B. Sudan
 C. Uganda D. Tanzania
17. Which country is **CORRECTLY** matched with its capital city?
 A. South Sudan - Khartoum
 B. Eritrea - Nairobi
 C. Somalia - Nairobi
 D. Uganda - Dodoma

LATITUDES AND LONGITUDES

18. Which one of the following descriptions about latitudes and longitudes is **TRUE**?
 A. Both latitudes and longitudes are not imaginary lines.
 B. Latitudes are parallel to each other.
 C. Longitudes run from East to West.
 D. Latitudes run from North to South.
19. The equator (0°) divides the earth into two equal halves called
 A. hemispheres B. tropics
 C. spheres D. poles
20. Which Eastern African country is completely located south of the equator?
 A. Somalia B. Ethiopia
 C. Kenya D. Tanzania
21. The latitude which is positioned at $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}\text{S}$ is known as
 A. tropic of cancer
 B. antarctic circle
 C. tropic of capricorn
 D. arctic circle

PARENT'S / GUARDIAN'S SIGN: _____ DATE: _____

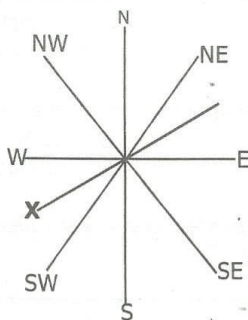
22. The equator passes through all these countries **EXCEPT**
- | | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------------------|
| A. Uganda | B. Rwanda | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. Kenya | D. Somalia | |
23. Longitudes are also called
- | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------------------|
| A. meridians | B. primes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. greenwich | D. tropics | |
24. How many longitudes are there in total?
- | | | |
|--------|--------|--------------------------|
| A. 180 | B. 90 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. 260 | D. 360 | |
25. Latitudes affect _____ while longitudes affect _____ respectively.
- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. time, climate | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. temperature, rainfall | |
| C. relief, drainage | |
| D. climate, time | |
26. Which one of the following shows the **CORRECT** location of Eastern Africa according to latitudes and longitudes?
- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. 5°N, 5°S and 34°E, 42°E | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. 37°N, 35°S and 17°W, 52°E | |
| C. 23°N, 12°S and 22°E, 51°E | |
| D. 23½°N, 10°S and 20°W, 58°E | |
27. Which one of the following is **TRUE** about Eastern Africa in relation to latitudes and longitudes?
- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| A. The whole of Eastern Africa lies to the south of the equator. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. The tropic of capricorn passes through Eastern Africa. | |
| C. The equator passes through Uganda, Kenya and Somalia. | |
| D. The whole of Eastern Africa lies between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn. | |

MAP INTERPRETATION

28. Which one of the following definitions **BEST** explains the meaning of map interpretation?
- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| A. The process of giving meaning to the features shown on a map. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. The representation of the earth or part of the earth on a globe. | |
| C. The drawing of the earth on a flat surface. | |
| D. A list of symbols explaining the contents of a map. | |
29. All these are elements of a map **EXCEPT**
- | | | |
|----------|------------|--------------------------|
| A. title | B. symbols | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. key | D. scale | |
30. The relationship between distances on a map and the actual distances on the ground is referred to as
- | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| A. key | B. scale | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. representation | D. frame | |

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31. The point of a compass shown by letter X is



- A. South South West
- B. East South East
- C. West South West
- D. South South East

32. All the following indicate that fishing takes place in an area EXCEPT

- A. fishing traps
- B. fishing clubs
- C. fishing villages
- D. rivers

PHYSICAL FEATURES

33. All the following are relief features EXCEPT

- A. lake
- B. mountain
- C. valley
- D. plateau

34. The highest mountain in East Africa is Mount

- A. Kilimanjaro
- B. Ruwenzori
- C. Kenya
- D. Ras Dashan

35. The Western Rift valley branch passes through all the following countries EXCEPT

- A. Uganda
- B. Rwanda
- C. Ethiopia
- D. Tanzania

36. The steep walls of the Rift valley are called

- A. anticlines
- B. escarpments
- C. synclines
- D. fault lines

37. Most of Eastern Africa is covered by

- A. mountains
- B. plains
- C. swamps
- D. plateaus

38. Which one of the following plains is found in Tanzania?

- A. Serengeti
- B. Lotikipi
- C. Bilesha
- D. Wayamdaro

39. All these rivers flow into Lake Victoria EXCEPT

- A. R. Kagera
- B. R. Nyando
- C. R. Nile
- D. R. Mara

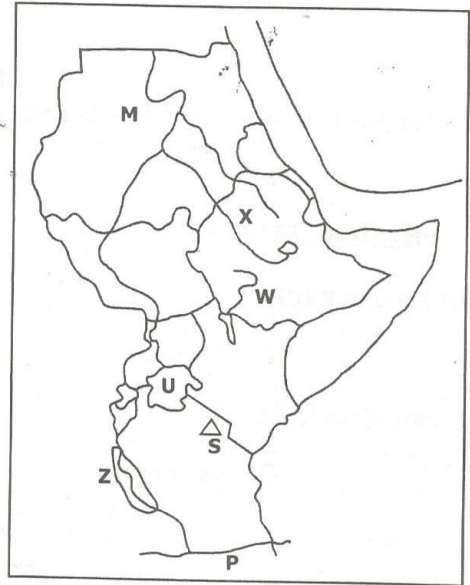
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40. The largest lake in Eastern Africa is
- | | | |
|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| A. L. Tanganyika | B. L. Victoria | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. L. Tana | D. L. Malawi | |

41. Which one of the following is a lake as well as a swamp?
- | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| A. L. Kyoga | B. L. Manyara | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. L. Kivu | D. L. Masinga | |

Use the map of Eastern Africa provided to answer questions 42 to 47.



42. The lake marked Z is
- | | | |
|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| A. L. Turkana | B. L. Tanganyika | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. L. Kivu | D. L. Malawi | |

43. The river marked M drains its water into the
- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| A. L. Victoria | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| B. Red sea | |
| C. Indian Ocean | |
| D. Mediterranean sea | |

44. The river marked X has its source in
- | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| A. Ethiopian highlands | B. L. Victoria | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. Indian Ocean | D. L. Tana | |

45. The mountain marked S is
- | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| A. Mt. Meru | B. Mt. Usambara | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| C. Mt. Kilimanjaro | D. Mt. Pare | |

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46. The river marked **P** is

- A. Ruvuma
- C. Wami

- B. Rufiji
- D. Pangani

47. Which country has the greatest share of the lake marked **U**?

- A. Kenya
- C. Uganda

- B. Tanzania
- D. Sudan

FORMATION OF MAJOR PHYSICAL FEATURES

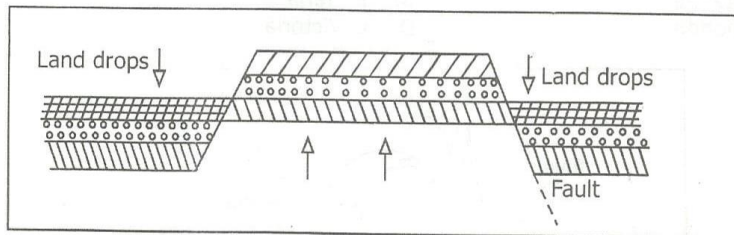
48. Most mountains found within the Rift valley were formed through

- A. faulting and uplifting
- B. folding
- C. down warping
- D. volcanicity

49. All the following are volcanic mountains **EXCEPT**

- A. Longonot
- B. Ruwenzori
- C. Mt. Kenya
- D. Ras Dashan mts.

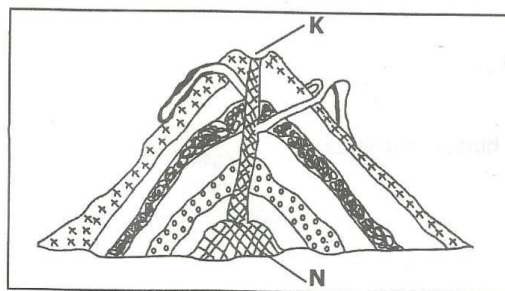
50. All these mountains were formed through the following method and process **EXCEPT**



- A. Mt. Meru
- C. Danakil Alps

- B. Usambara Mts.
- D. Pare Mts.

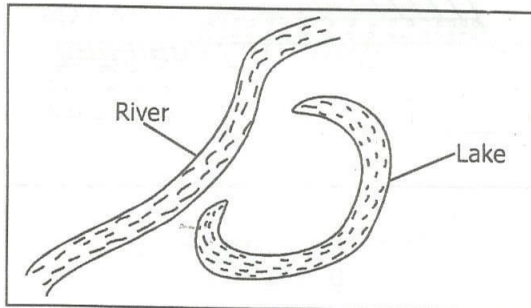
Use the diagram below to answer questions 51 to 53.



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51. The part marked **K** is **LIKELY** to be
 A. dyke
 B. vent
 C. crate
 D. lava
52. Which one of the following mountains was formed through the above process?
 A. Mt. Elgon
 B. Danakil Alps
 C. Nyandarua ranges
 D. Ruwenzori Mts.
53. The part labelled **N** is
 A. lava
 B. magma
 C. main pipe
 D. subsidiary cone
54. The Rift valley was formed through
 A. faulting and uplifting
 B. faulting and sinking
 C. volcanicity
 D. downwarping
55. All the following lakes were formed through lava-damming **EXCEPT**
 A. L. Mutanda
 B. L. Tana
 C. L. Ruhondo
 D. L. Victoria



56. The lake shown above was formed through
 A. down warping
 B. faulting
 C. erosion and deposition
 D. volcanic activity
57. Which of the following is a human-made lake?
 A. L. Turkana
 B. L. Kivu
 C. L. Masinga
 D. L. Tanganyika

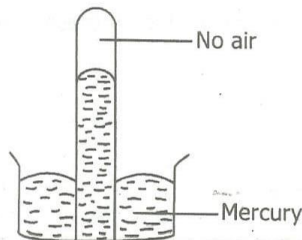
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RELIEF REGIONS IN EASTERN AFRICA

- 58.** The following is a description of a relief region in Eastern Africa.
- i) It lies between the Eastern and Western sections of the Rift valley.
 - ii) It lies between 1000m and 1500m above sea level.
 - iii) It was formed when the surface of the earth sunk to form a depression.
- The relief region described above is the
- A. L. Victoria basin
 - B. Plateaus
 - C. Rift valley
 - D. Coastal lowlands
-
- 59.** Which one of the following is **TRUE** about the Coastal plains and lowlands?
- A. They are high-raised flat lands.
 - B. They lie between 0 - 250 metres above sea level.
 - C. They are wide along the border of Kenya and Tanzania.
 - D. They are narrow near the mouth of R. Rufiji.
-
- 60.** Which of the following is **NOT** a branch of the Great Rift valley?
- A. The Western branch.
 - B. Kerio valley
 - C. Ethiopian Rift valley
 - D. The Eastern branch
-

CLIMATE

- 61.** The weather instrument drawn below is used to measure



- A. temperature
 - B. rainfall
 - C. air pressure
 - D. wind direction
-
- 62.** Which weather instrument below is matched **CORRECTLY** with the element of weather it measures?
- A. Windsock - humidity
 - B. Raingauge - temperature
 - C. Windvane - air pressure
 - D. Anemometer - speed of wind
-

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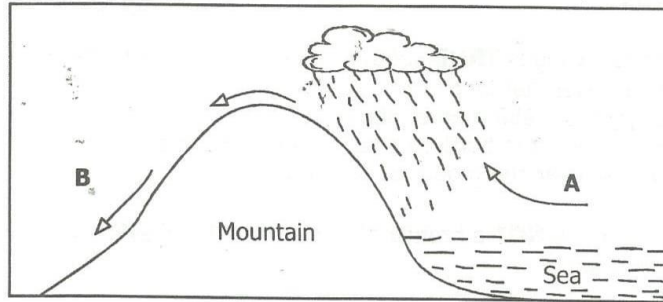
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63. Climate is influenced by all these factors **EXCEPT**

- A. latitude
- B. longitude
- C. shape of the coastline
- D. relief

64. The area between the tropics where air from the north and air from the south meet is called

- A. altitude
- B. confluence
- C. meeting point
- D. convergence



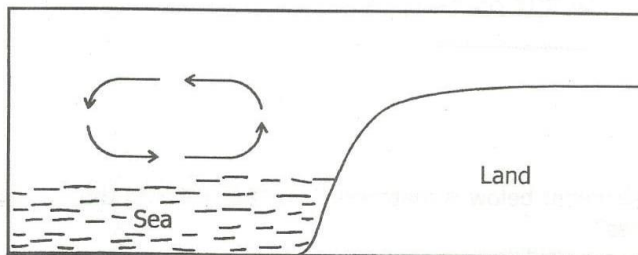
65. The winds on the part labelled **B** are

- A. cool and dry
- B. warm and moist
- C. hot and wet
- D. cool and moist

66. The type of rainfall shown above is experienced in all these towns **EXCEPT**

- A. Dar-es-Salaam
- B. Mombasa
- C. Addis Ababa
- D. Mwanza

67. The diagram below shows formation of



- A. land breeze
- B. convectional rainfall
- C. orographic rainfall
- D. sea breeze

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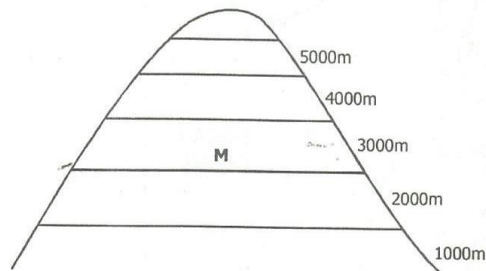
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CLIMATIC REGIONS OF EASTERN AFRICA

68. The modified equatorial climate covers all these areas **EXCEPT**
- A. Western Uganda B. Burundi
C. Garissa in North Eastern Kenya D. Kakamega in Western Kenya
69. The long rains are experienced in the savannah climate in the months of.
- A. October and December B. May and July
C. September and November D. March and May
70. Below are characteristics of a climatic region in Eastern Africa:
- i) *High temperatures of up to 40°C*
ii) *Low rainfall of below 250mm per year.*
iii) *Most months are hot and dry.*
- The climatic region described above is
- A. Desert B. Equatorial
C. Temperature D. Alpine

VEGETATION

71. Trees of the same height in the tropical rainforest form a continuous shade called
- A. climbers
B. canopy
C. woodland
D. moorland
72. The vegetation shown by the letter **M** is **LIKELY** to be



- A. savanna grassland
B. forest
C. bamboo forest
D. heath and moorland
73. Mangrove forests are found in the following areas **EXCEPT**
- A. along the mouth of R. Ruvuma
B. along the mouth of R. Juba
C. along the mouth of R. Omo
D. coastal parts of Kenya

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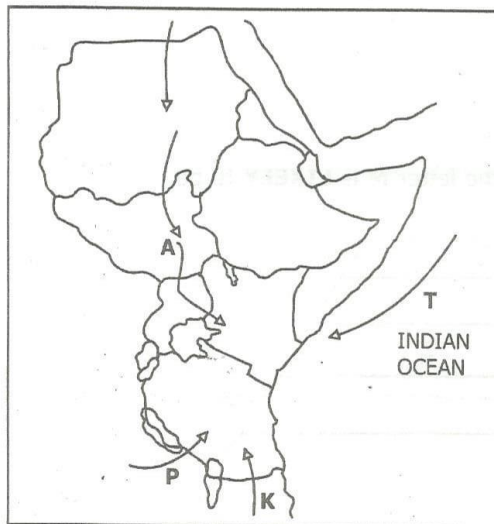
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74. Drainage has influenced the types of vegetation in the following areas **EXCEPT**
- A. Bahr-el-Ghazal region
 - B. Mount Kenya
 - C. Lorian swamp
 - D. Lake Kyoga

PEOPLE AND POPULATION

75. The longest language group in Eastern Africa is formed by the
- A. Nilotes
 - B. Cushites
 - C. Semites
 - D. Bantu
76. The following are Plain Nilotes in Uganda **EXCEPT**
- A. Karamojong
 - B. Jie
 - C. Lugbara
 - D. Iteso

Use the map of Eastern Africa provided to answer questions 77 - 80.



77. The community that used the route marked **K** during its migration was
- A. Ngoni
 - B. Chagga
 - C. Somali
 - D. Arabs
78. All the following communities used the route marked **P** during their migration **EXCEPT**
- A. Baganda
 - B. Hehe
 - C. Yao
 - D. Gogo

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79. The community that used the route marked **T** came to Eastern African Coast **MAINLY** because they wanted to
- A. colonize the local people.
 - B. trade
 - C. explore Eastern Africa
 - D. settle their surplus
80. The people who used route **A** left their cradle land in order to
- A. avoid external attacks.
 - B. avoid overpopulation in their original homeland.
 - C. look for fertile land for farming.
 - D. look for water and pasture.
81. The Pokomo migrated from Shungwaya Island because of attacks from the
- A. Somali
 - B. Arabs
 - C. Galla
 - D. Ameru
82. Most of Central Tanzania is lowly populated due to
- A. unreliable rainfall
 - B. poor soils
 - C. tsetsefly infestation
 - D. poor drainage
83. Most people of the past interacted through
- A. intermarriages
 - B. trade
 - C. sports and games
 - D. education
84. Most youths today interact through
- A. social media.
 - B. games and sports.
 - C. trade.
 - D. political rallies.
85. The following people are Southern Cushites **EXCEPT**
- A. Iraqw
 - B. Hawa
 - C. Tigreans
 - D. Burungu
86. The original homeland of the Semites is
- A. Congo forest
 - B. Horn of Africa
 - C. South Sudan
 - D. Arabia

SOCIAL RELATIONS AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

87. The basic unit in the society is the
- A. marriage
 - B. school
 - C. church
 - D. family

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88. A family is made up of people who are related through the following **EXCEPT**

- A. blood
- B. marriage
- C. courtship
- D. adoption

89. A nuclear family is made up of the following members **EXCEPT**

- A. son
- B. father
- C. aunt
- D. daughter

90. The following are basic needs of a family **EXCEPT**

- A. education
- B. clothing
- C. food
- D. shelter

91. Which one of the following is **TRUE** about responsibilities of family members today?

- A. It is not men's responsibility to cook for their families.
- B. Children have a duty of taking care of family property.
- C. Unlike in the past some men cook for their families
- D. Parents should be good role models.

92. A school routine is **BEST** defined as

- A. a statement that tells us about aims of a school.
- B. a place where pupils learn knowledge and skills.
- C. the programme of all co-curricular activities in a school.
- D. the programme of activities taking place on a daily basis in the school.

93. In the past, elders helped a community in

- A. defending the community.
- B. settling disputes
- C. raiding their neighbours for cattle.
- D. constructing houses.

RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES (AGRICULTURE)

94. The **MAIN** type of coffee grown in highlands is

- A. Ruiru II
- B. Robusta
- C. Highland coffee
- D. Arabica

95. The following are coffee growing areas in Kenya and Ethiopia **EXCEPT**

- A. Ogaden desert
- B. Kiambu
- C. Kaffa province
- D. Machakos

96. Maize was first brought to Eastern Africa by the

- A. Missionaries
- B. Arabs
- C. Chinese
- D. Portuguese

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97. The **CORRECT** temperature for the growth of maize is
- A. 7°C to 10°C
 - B. 18°C to 27°C
 - C. over 30°C
 - D. 15°C to 17°C
98. Coffee does well in
- A. volcanic soils.
 - B. sandy soils.
 - C. black cotton soils
 - D. alluvial soils.
99. The staple food in Uganda is
- A. maize.
 - B. rice.
 - C. bananas.
 - D. fish and ugali
100. The **MAIN** problem affecting sisal growing in Tanzania is
- A. competition from other synthetic fibres.
 - B. inadequate rainfall.
 - C. lack of foreign markets.
 - D. introduction of other cash crops in the country.

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CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

WEEK ONE

1. When God created the universe, the earth was
A. dark and deserted.
B. covered with water and loneliness.
C. formless and desolate.
D. formless and dark.
2. What did God do when he found out that man had realised his nakedness?
A. He made him skin clothes.
B. He chased him out of the garden.
C. He cursed him.
D. He went back to heaven.
3. Which among the following community is **CORRECTLY** matched with the name of their God?
A. Bukusu - Enkai.
B. Agikuyu - Were.
C. Maasai - Mulungu
D. Nandi - Asis
4. Abraham wanted to sacrifice his son at
A. Bethel.
B. Mt. Carmel.
C. Schechem.
D. Mt. Moriah.
5. The miracles of Moses in Egypt are commonly known as
A. magic.
B. torah.
C. plagues.
D. pentateuch.
6. When King David took Uriah's wife, he committed which sin?
A. killing
B. murder
C. adultery
D. stealing
7. Which one of the following was **NOT** involved during passover meal?
A. Roasted meat.
B. Bitter herbs.
C. Unleavened bread
D. Wine

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8. Who among the following was **NOT** among the seven deacons?
 A. Timon
 B. Stephen
 C. Nicholas
 D. Peter
9. Which of the following is **NOT** a name given to the meal shared by Christians?
 A. Holy communion.
 B. Lord's table.
 C. Passover.
 D. The Eucharist
10. What was the sign of the covenant between God and Abraham?
 A. Circumcision
 B. Flood
 C. Rainbow
 D. Mt. Moriah
11. Where was the first Passover celebrated by Israelites?
 A. In Canaan
 B. On Mt. Sinai
 C. In Egypt
 D. In the desert
12. Who among the following prophets talked about the new covenant?
 A. Micah
 B. Isaiah
 C. Jeremiah
 D. Joel
13. Which one of the following rivers did **NOT** flow across the Garden of Eden?
 A. Nile
 B. Giho
 C. Pishon
 D. Tigris
14. The parable of the Good Samaritan teaches Christians
 A. to avoid lonely places.
 B. to help the needy.
 C. to travel in groups.
 D. that priests cannot help the sick.
15. Jesus healed a blind man and told him to go and wash in the pool of
 A. Bethsaida
 B. Tiberias
 C. Silaom
 D. Galilee

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16. Peter and John healed a crippled beggar at
- A. Silaom.
 B. the temple.
 C. Jericho.
 D. at the beautiful gate.
17. Who among the following Jesus disciples was commanded to walk on water but began doubting?
- A. James
 B. Peter
 C. John
 D. Phillip
18. Which one of the following fruits of the Holy Spirit makes us to have mercy on others?
- A. Kindness
 B. Joy
 C. Self control
 D. Patience
19. Abraham wanted to sacrifice his son Isaac on Mt. Moriah but God provided a _____ instead for him to sacrifice.
- A. ram
 B. young goat
 C. lamb
 D. heifer
20. The first plague of Moses to Pharaoh was
- A. turning water into wine.
 B. his rod turning to a snake.
 C. plague of gnats.
 D. turning wate into blood.
21. Who among the following Kings committed adultery and murder at the same time?
- A. Ahab
 B. David
 C. Solomon
 D. Bethlehem
22. The most beloved disciple of Jesus was
- A. John
 B. Peter
 C. James
 D. Philip

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23. The man beaten by the robbers in the parable of Good samaritan was travelling from _____ to _____.
- A. Jericho to Jerusalem.
- B. Jerusalem to Emmaus.
- C. Jerusalem to Damascus.
- D. Jerusalem to Jericho.
24. Which one of the following is a gift of the Holy Spirit?
- A. Faithfulness
- B. Patience
- C. Faith
- D. Kindness
25. Which prophet prophesied about the coming of the Holy spirit?
- A. Joel
- B. Isaiah
- C. Jeremiah
- D. Micah
26. Sexual abuse done by people who are closely related is
- A. adultery.
- B. incest.
- C. homosexual.
- D. Lesbianism.
27. The **MAIN** hope for Christians in Jesus Christ is based upon his
- A. death
- B. healthy
- C. gospel
- D. resurrection
28. Cain worked as a _____ while Abel worked as a _____ respectively.
- A. farmer, shepherd
- B. shepherd, farmer
- C. trader, farmer
- D. shepherd, trader
29. Which commandment has a promise?
- A. Loving God.
- B. Respecting parents.
- C. Worshipping God all the time.
- D. Loving the needy.
30. Sharing of meals shows all the following **EXCEPT**
- A. selfishness.
- B. generosity.
- C. care for other.
- D. unity.

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WEEK TWO

1. According to Genesis story of creation, which day was heaven and earth created?
Day
A. three
B. two
C. one
D. four

2. Gideon was led by God to defeat Midianites with only _____ soldiers.
A. three hundred
B. thrity thousand
C. four hundred
D. ten thousand

3. Which prophet is called the "Prophet of love"?
A. Isaiah
B. Ezekiel
C. Micah
D. Hosea

4. Which celebration did Jesus send Peter and John to prepare for?
A. Last supper.
B. Holy communion.
C. Passover.
D. Sacrament.

5. Which one of the following is **NOT** a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
A. Gentleness.
B. Faith.
C. Peace.
D. Love.

6. Which book of the Bible outlines the gifts of the Holy Spirit?
A. Galatians
B. Luke
C. Corinthians
D. Matthew

7. Which parable teaches us about treating our neighbours well?
A. The sower.
B. The lost son.
C. Good samaritan.
D. The pearl.

8. From Genesis 4:2, we learn that Cain was a
A. shepherd
B. farmer
C. herdsman
D. lazy person

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9. All these names mean the same as the last supper **EXCEPT** one. Which one?
 A. Breaking bread
 B. Holy Eucharist
 C. Holy supper.
 D. Communion
10. When Jesus went missing in Jerusalem. He was found in the temple on which day?
 A. fourth
 B. eighth
 C. third
 D. second
11. The preaching of John the Baptist was foretold by prophet
 A. Isaiah.
 B. Jeremiah.
 C. Ezekiel.
 D. Micah
12. Most African communities believe that everything on earth
 A. was created by a supreme being.
 B. was created by ancestors.
 C. existed by itself.
 D. was created by the spirits.
13. Who among the following disciple of Jesus was **NOT** a fisherman?
 A. Peter
 B. James
 C. John
 D. Simon of Zealot
14. Who is a neighbour according to Jesus Christ's teaching?
 A. One who lives near us.
 B. Everyone around us.
 C. A person who talks to us most.
 D. Anyone in need for our help
15. Which one of the following miracles of Jesus shows his power to forgive sins?
 A. Raising Lazarus from the dead.
 B. Healing the paralysed man.
 C. Changing water into wine.
 D. Healing the blind Bartimaeus.
16. While going to the temple to pray, John and Peter healed _____ who used to sit at the Beautiful gate?
 A. An old beggar.
 B. A crippled beggar.
 C. A possessed leper.
 D. A blind man.

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17. Which rite of passage in the traditional African society marked the entry into adulthood?
- A. Initiation
 - B. Marriage
 - C. Death
 - D. Birth
18. Which one of the following does **NOT** indicate true meaning of sharing of meals?
- A. Generosity
 - B. Care
 - C. Selfishness
 - D. Unity
19. Three of the following are life skills. Which one is **NOT**?
- A. Creative thinking
 - B. Assertiveness
 - C. Decision making
 - D. Appearance
20. By healing the paralysed man, Jesus showed that
- A. He had power over nature.
 - B. He was son of God.
 - C. He had power to forgive sins.
 - D. He came to heal the sick.
21. What name is given to special gifts one is born with?
- A. Talents
 - B. Creativity
 - C. Irresponsible
 - D. Abilities
22. Members of the early church did all of the following **EXCEPT**. Which one?
- A. Shared Holy communion.
 - B. Shared meals.
 - C. Shared in fellowship and prayers.
 - D. Shared their land.
23. The parable of the three servants teaches us to
- A. acquire property.
 - B. exploit others.
 - C. give money to rich.
 - D. use our abilities well.
24. Which one of the following is **NOT** a life skill?
- A. Being creative.
 - B. Being assertive.
 - C. Being judgemental.
 - D. Critical thinking.

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25. Which one of the following is **NOT** a gift of the Holy Spirit?
 A. Peace
 B. Faith
 C. Wisdom
 D. Knowledge
26. Dan makes sensible decisions and judgement. Which gift of the Holy spirit does he possess?
 A. Wisdom.
 B. Faith.
 C. Discernment.
 D. Decision making.
27. How did the paralysed man in Mark 2: 1-12 get to where Jesus was?
 A. He climbed to the roof.
 B. He was brought on a wheel chair.
 C. His friends lowered him from the roof.
 D. He came in through the door.
28. Who among the following disciple discovered that a boy had 5 loaves and 2 fish?
 A. Andrew
 B. Peter
 C. John
 D. James
29. Who among the following deacons was a Gentile?
 A. Philip
 B. Nicanor
 C. Nicholus
 D. Timon
30. "Faith without action is dead" These words are found in the book of
 A. Philip
 B. Mathew
 C. Acts
 D. James

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WEEK THREE

1. According to the book of Genesis, why did God create Eve for Adam?
A. To have children.
B. To cultivate land.
C. For companionship.
D. To be his friend.

2. God created man and told him to have dominion over the other creations. To have dominion means
A. have knowledge.
B. to care for them.
C. to destroy.
D. have power over them.

3. Which of the four rivers crossing the garden of Eden flows round the country of Harilah?
A. Gihon
B. Euphrates
C. Tigris
D. Pishon

4. Adam and Eve disobeyed God by eating from the tree of
A. knowledge.
B. wisdom.
C. life and death.
D. God.

5. On which of the following days was plants created?
A. Second.
B. Sixth.
C. Third.
D. Fifth.

6. Which of the following African community explains that the first parents came from knees?
A. Nandi
B. Luo
C. Bukusu
D. Kamba

7. Which of the following rite of passage in traditional African society gave the children identity?
A. Initiation
B. Naming
C. Birth
D. Marriage.

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8. Abraham was called by God while living at Haran at the age of _____
- A. 99 years.
 - B. 75 years
 - C. 100 years.
 - D. 40 years.
9. Which among the rivers in the Garden of Eden had gold and precious stones?
- A. Gihon
 - B. Tigris
 - C. Pishon
 - D. Euphrates
10. Which is **NOT** a rite of passage in traditional African society?
- A. Birth
 - B. Marriage
 - C. Death
 - D. Baptism
11. Naming of the children was done by _____ in the community.
- A. mother
 - B. clan members
 - C. women
 - D. relatives
12. Which book in the Bible teaches us about tithing which is ten percent of our total earning given to God?
- A. Matthew
 - B. Psalms
 - C. Malachi
 - D. Revelation
13. Jesus ascended to heaven at _____
- A. Jerusalem
 - B. Bethany
 - C. Bethlehem
 - D. Nazareth
14. In James 2:14-17, we learn that faith without _____ is dead.
- A. work
 - B. action
 - C. pray
 - D. sharing
15. People who died during our lifetime are known as _____
- A. dead.
 - B. unborn.
 - C. living dead.
 - D. ancestors.

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16. Jesus sent _____ and _____ to prepare a place to celebrate passover meal.
- A. James and John
 - B. John and Andrew
 - C. Peter and John
 - D. peter and James
17. Why did the Israelites eat with their sandals on feet?
- A. They were sad.
 - B. They were in a hurry.
 - C. They were bitter.
 - D. They did not have shoes.
18. Abraham's father was called
- A. Isaac.
 - B. Haran.
 - C. Nahor.
 - D. Terah.
19. Who among the following was **NOT** one of the seven helpers chosen in the early church?
- A. Peter
 - B. Timon
 - C. Nicanor
 - D. Nicholus
20. "You created every part of me" You put me together in my mothers womb. These words are found in the book of
- A. Psalms.
 - B. Ezekiel.
 - C. Jeremiah.
 - D. Genesis
21. The tax collector who climbed a tree to see Jesus was called
- A. Matthew
 - B. Zachaeus
 - C. Joseph
 - D. John
22. People who have run away from their home countries to other countries are called
- A. refugees.
 - B. tourists.
 - C. visitors.
 - D. pastoralists.
23. In which one of the following was **NOT** a way in which Christians shared?
- A. Feeding the hungry.
 - B. Oppressing the workers.
 - C. Visiting the sick.
 - D. Visiting prisoners.

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24. The seven deacons were **MAINLY** chosen to
- A. convert christians.
 - B. spread the gospel.
 - C. distribute food to the poor and widows.
 - D. to unite church members.
-
25. Grace was born and brought up on the street. She is now ten years old. Which is the **BEST** action that a christian should take to help her?
- A. Give her a job as a house girl.
 - B. Give her food and clothes.
 - C. Get her a job in an industry.
 - D. Take her to school.
-
26. What did the lame beggar at the beautiful gate asked Peter and John to do for him?
- A. Give him his sight back.
 - B. Give him some food.
 - C. Have mercy on him.
 - D. Give him money.
-
27. Which place were Jesus Christ followers first called Christians?
- A. Bethlehem
 - B. Antioch
 - C. Jericho
 - D. Jerusalem
-
28. Who among the following are **NOT** people with special needs?
- A. Sick
 - B. The rich
 - C. Orphans
 - D. The blind
-
29. Which book in the Bible warns us against robbing God of tithes and offerings?
- A. Malachi
 - B. Luke
 - C. James
 - D. Matthew
-
30. Abraham was promised that one of his descendants will be called the father of twelve princes. Who was this descendant?
- A. Jacob.
 - B. Ishmael.
 - C. Judah
 - D. Isaad.
-

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ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

1. Surah Zilzala says that man will be shocked on the day of Qiyama and he will ask what is the matter.
A. with God
B. on this day
C. with the earth
D. with this creatures
2. "And when the earth will throw out its burdens..." which burdens are said in this verse?
A. buried people
B. secrets of man
C. animals that stays in the soil
D. rocks and minerals
3. Which one of the following is **NOT** a lesson that we learn from Surah Al-Zilzala?
A. The earth will give witness of our deeds?
B. There are two groups of people; for hell and for paradise.
C. We should strive to do good and avoid evil.
D. Only small goods of the weight of an atom will be rewarded.
4. "Tawakkul " means
A. reliance on Allah.
B. reliance on Islamic faith and Muslims.
C. the help of Allah.
D. the mercy of Allah.
5. All the following actions show Tawakkul **EXCEPT** one. Which one?
A. The sick to take medicine and wait upon Allah.
B. Apious Muslims should stay in the mosque and wait for Allah.
C. The job seeker should go out and look for a job and pray Allah.
D. The student should study hard and pray for success.
6. The first wahyi to be revealed to prophet Muhammad (p.b.u.h) talked about
A. the fear of Allah
B. reliance on Allah
C. knowledge
D. Islamic brotherhood
7. If you want to fear Allah, the truth of fear,
A. learn religious knowledge alone.
B. seek for knowledge.
C. follow those who pray.
D. just stay in the mosque
8. Muslims find some lessons of Tawakkul in all these stones of prophets **EXCEPT** when
A. Muslims stay hungry while fasting swaum.
B. Mariam shook a palm tree to get dates.
C. Muhammad (S.A.W) hid in cave Thaur when they traced him.
D. Ibrahim (A.S) took his family to dry land of Makka.
9. What is Taqwa?
A. respect for parents
B. listening to leaders
C. the fear of Allah
D. respect for the elders

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31. Which of the following recitation is used to respond to Allah upon entering Makka for Nusuk activities?
 A. Takbir
 B. Tashahhud
 C. Tahniq
 D. Talbiya
32. 'Taraweh' means
 A. many rakaats
 B. fasting
 C. patience
 D. pausing
33. Which one correctly shows the number of arm in the battle of Badr?

	<u>Muslims</u>	<u>Quraish</u>	
A.	515	10000	<input type="checkbox"/>
B.	313	1000	
C.	216	70	
D.	115	3000	
34. The Qureish leader who insisted that the Quraish must fight Muslims in Madina was
 A. Abu Dhar
 B. Abu Lahab
 C. Abu Jahl
 D. Abu Sufian
35. The Muslims in Madina were a family of two groups. Which ones?
 A. Answaars and Muhaajiruns.
 B. Aws and Khazraj
 C. Bakr and Mutalliq
 D. Khawaarj and Sunni
36. Before the Badr day, Muslims spend the night
 A. practising
 B. planning
 C. arranging the team
 D. praying
37. Muslims emerged victorious and in the battle and captured _____ prisoners of war.
 A. 100
 B. 115
 C. 70
 D. 25
38. The prophet took three steps to punish the prisoners of badr war. Which was not among them?
 A. The very poor ones were freed freely.
 B. Some were tortured and buried alive.
 C. Some paid ransom money to free themselves.
 D. Some were asked to educate children of Answars.
39. The battle of Badr was fought in the month of
 A. Ramadhan
 B. Rajab
 C. Shaaban
 D. Shawwaal
40. Muslims army found it ready because it was on the side near a
 A. hill
 B. forest
 C. source of water
 D. trench

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