

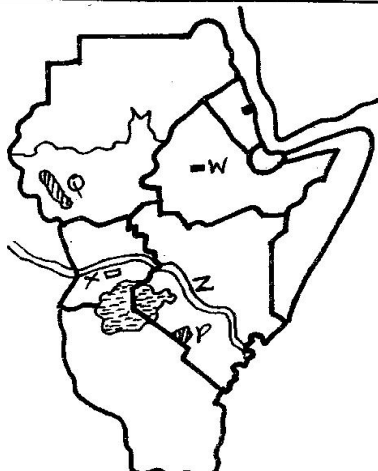


**Use the map of Marua area to answer questions 1-7.**

1. What is the direction of the school from the factory?  
A. North                      B. East  
C. South                      D. West
2. The highest part in Marua area is likely to be:-  
A. at the South              B. at the central part  
C. around the lake          D. at the North
3. Which crop is likely to be processed in the factory found in Marua area?  
A. Pyrethrum                B. Sisal  
C. Cotton                      D. Cloves
4. Which one of the following social functions is **NOT** found in Marua town?  
A. Health                      B. Religious  
C. Education                  D. Recreation
5. The feature marked **R** at the mouth of R. Kuja is the:-  
A. tributary                  B. estuary  
C. confluence                D. delta
6. The people around the North East of Marua area are likely to practise:-  
A. dairy cattle keeping and lumbering  
B. fishing and trading  
C. farming and fishing  
D. fishing and lumbering
7. The most senior elected administrator in Marua area is the:-  
A. chief  
B. governor  
C. sub-county commissioner  
D. district commissioner
8. Which one of the following is a function of a clan?  
A. Providing basic needs for the family  
B. Presiding over religious functions  
C. Planning and conducting marriages  
D. Linking the society to the spiritual leaders
9. Identify the type of soil with the following characteristics:  
(i) *Rich in nutrients and humus*  
(ii) *They are young*  
(iii) *Well drained and good for farming*  
The soil described is:-  
A. loam soil  
B. alluvial soil  
C. black cotton soil  
D. red volcanic soil
10. Who among the following prominent traditional leaders in Kenya was a prophet who resisted the European rule in her territory?  
A. Masaku  
B. Wanje wa Mwandori  
C. Koitalel Arap Samoei  
D. Mekatilili wa Menza
11. The following are importances of a school routine **EXCEPT:-**  
A. it ensures smooth running of the school  
B. it enables learners to be responsible  
C. it helps school community members plan in advance for school activities  
D. it helps in maintenance of good school records
12. Which of the following is **NOT** a method of poultry farming?  
A. Deep litter system  
B. Free range  
C. Zero grazing system  
D. Battery system
13. The Ameru's traditional government was led by \_\_\_\_  
A. kings  
B. council of elders  
C. chiefs  
D. emperors
14. The following are importances of democracy **EXCEPT:-**  
A. it leads to conflict in the society  
B. ensures transparency and accountability  
C. promotes peace and harmony  
D. promotes participation in government through elections
15. Which of the following gives the meaning of forestry?  
A. Over exploitation of forest resources  
B. Preservation of water catchment areas  
C. Proper use and management of forests resources  
D. Establishment of forests related industries
16. Three of the following are importances of wildlife **EXCEPT:-**  
A. introduction of indecent foreign cultures  
B. earns foreign exchange  
C. creates employment  
D. establishment of related industries
17. Two pupils were fighting in the class. What was the best advice you could give them?  
A. To report to the police  
B. To continue fighting  
C. Not to speak to each other again  
D. To stop fighting and make peace
18. Which one of the following groups of people make a nuclear family?  
A. Onyango, his wife, his sister-in-law  
B. Agnes, his husband, her daughter  
C. Maria, her brother, her uncle  
D. Grandfather, aunt, uncle
19. Which one of the following was the main reason for the coming of John Speke to Eastern Africa?  
A. To find Dr. David Livingstone  
B. To establish a IBEAC  
C. To find the source of River Nile  
D. To find a sea-route to India

20. Patriotism can best be defined as:-  
 A. living in a country  
 B. love for one's country  
 C. betraying one's country  
 D. campaigning for a political party
21. Which one of the following minerals is **CORRECTLY** matched with the method of mining?  
 A. Fluorspar - dredging    B. Diatomite - drilling  
 C. Soda ash - shaft        D. Limestone - open cast
22. Which one of the following shows the correct British administration structure in Kenya?  
 A. Governors → District Officers → District Commissioners  
 B. District Officers → Governors → District Commissioners  
 C. Chiefs → Headmen → District Officers  
 D. Headmen → District Officers → District Commissioners
23. Which among the following is a condition favouring the growth of cloves in Eastern Africa?  
 A. High altitudes  
 B. Warm humid conditions  
 C. Cool humid conditions  
 D. Low latitudes
24. One of the following combination of language groups are found in Southern Africa. Which one?  
 A. Tswana, Mossi, Hutu  
 B. Berbers, Yao, Nyasa  
 C. Balunda, Bemba, Bambara  
 D. Xhosa, Orambo, Sotho
25. Which among the following is a function of the judiciary?  
 A. Ensuring a just and fair trial  
 B. Implement government policies  
 C. Pardon convicted criminals  
 D. Make laws of the land

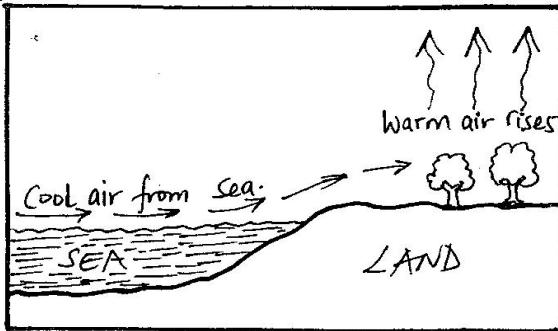
Use the map below to answer questions 26-28.



26. The national park marked **P** and **Q** respectively are known as:-  
 A. Serengeti and Dinder  
 B. Queen Elizabeth and Ruaha  
 C. Amboseli and Southern  
 D. Kidepo and Amboseli
27. The towns marked **W** and **X** are known as \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ respectively.  
 A. Juba and Jinja  
 B. Addis Ababa and Arusha  
 C. Arusha and Kampala  
 D. Addis Ababa and Kampala
28. The road marked **Z** is known as:-  
 A. The Great North Road  
 B. The Trans-African Highway  
 C. The Northern By-pass  
 D. The Thika-Garissa-Afmadu road
29. The following factors do influence the climate of Africa apart from:-  
 A. longitudes  
 B. relief  
 C. nearness to large water bodies  
 D. prevailing winds
30. Which one of the following conditions may lead to a member of county assembly losing his/her seat?  
 A. Participating in community development projects in his ward  
 B. Declaring her interest in contesting for parliamentary seat  
 C. Officially defecting from her political party  
 D. Being arrested for a period of a week
31. Communities in the past interacted due to the following activities **EXCEPT**:-  
 A. formal education        B. trade  
 C. ceremonies and festivals    D. inter-marriages
32. Which one of the following place is known for beef farming in Tanzania?  
 A. Lugari                                B. Around Mt. Elgon  
 C. Bagamoyo                            D. Mpwapwa
33. The Nile valley region of Africa is densely populated mainly because of:-  
 A. good gentle sloping well drained land  
 B. presence of fertile soils good for farming  
 C. cool and wet climate favouring dairy cattle farming  
 D. availability of many job opportunities within the industries
34. Among the Buganda, the king performed three of the following duties **EXCEPT**:-  
 A. controlling the armed forces  
 B. settling disputes  
 C. distributing land to the people  
 D. controlling trade with Arabs

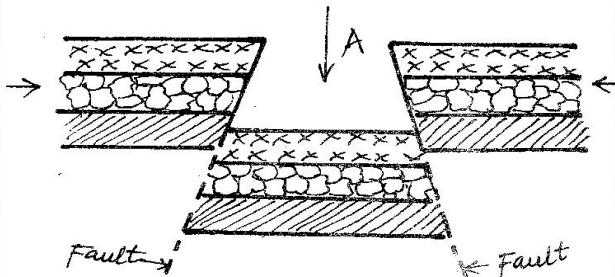
35. Below are the characteristics of a certain vegetation found in Africa.  
 (i) *Trees are widely spaced*  
 (ii) *Tall elephant grass*  
 (iii) *Trees are umbrella shaped*  
 (iv) *Acacia and Baobab are the common trees*  
 The vegetation stated above is the:-  
 A. Equatorial vegetation B. Savannah vegetation  
 C. Desert vegetation D. Mediterranean vegetation
36. The Hehe who lived in Tanzania resisted the Germans. Who among the following led the Hehe rebellion?  
 A. Chief Mkwawa B. Elijah wa Nameme  
 C. Kinjeketile Ngwale D. Abushiri Bin Salim
37. Which one of the following is **NOT** a way of conserving wildlife?  
 A. Educating members of public importance of wildlife  
 B. Enforcing laws to make poaching illegal  
 C. Trans-locating all animals to the mountains  
 D. Establishing birds and animals parks and reserves
38. Traditional artefacts are kept in the museum because:-  
 A. they are symbols of cultural heritage  
 B. they are for export  
 C. they are symbols of national unity  
 D. they reward hardworking citizens
39. The following are characteristics of a certain type of cultivation method in the past.  
 (i) *It was done on small scale*  
 (ii) *It involve extensive cultivation of land*  
 (iii) *Abandoning of land where it became infertile*  
 The type of cultivation described above is:-  
 A. bush fallowing B. large scale farming  
 C. plantation farming D. shifting cultivation
40. The trade performed among different countries is called:-  
 A. internal trade B. import trade  
 C. external trade D. export trade
41. The following are major industries in Eastern Africa. Which one is **NOT**?  
 A. Service industry  
 B. Assembly industry  
 C. Manufacturing industry  
 D. Pottery industry
42. Who among the following is a member of county assembly?  
 A. County woman representative  
 B. Governor  
 C. M.C.A  
 D. Senator
43. Which among the following is a modern means of communication?  
 A. Use of print media  
 B. Use of messengers  
 C. Use of horns  
 D. Beating of drums
44. Which one of the following is a quality of a good citizen?  
 A. Greedy B. Betrays country  
 C. Law breaking D. Patriot
45. Three of the following are importances of observing moral values **EXCEPT**:-  
 A. encourage irresponsible behaviour  
 B. people behave responsibly  
 C. promote cohesion  
 D. individuals understand their role
46. Which one of the following show the most Westerly and Easterly points of African respectively?  
 A. Cape Ras Hafun and Cape Verde  
 B. Cape Verde and Ras Hafun  
 C. Cape Blanco and Cape Agulhas  
 D. Cape Agulhas and Cape Blanco
47. The rotation of the earth causes:-  
 A. different seasons  
 B. Position of the midday sun  
 C. difference in the length of day and night  
 D. day and night
48. Three of the following are marriage systems in Kenya. Which one is **NOT**?  
 A. Civil marriage B. Inter-marriage  
 C. Customary D. Religious
49. The following are contributions of a certain leader in Eastern Africa.  
 (i) *Led his country to independence in 1961*  
 (ii) *Introduces free education from primary to university*  
 (iii) *Introduce Ujamaa*  
 (iv) *United Tanganyika and Zanzibar to form Tanzania*  
 (v) *Retired from politics voluntarily*  
 Which leader is described above?  
 A. Julius Nyerere B. Benjamin Mkapa  
 C. Jakaya Kikwete D. Robert Mugabe
50. Which of the following is a problem facing East African community?  
 A. Promotion of trade among member states  
 B. Promoting peace among member states  
 C. Political misunderstandings among member states  
 D. Improving infrastructure in the region
51. Which of the following is a principle of democracy?  
 A. Discrimination B. Equality  
 C. Negotiation D. Inclusion

52.



The type of breeze illustrated above is:-  
 A. sea breeze                      B. land breeze  
 C. coast breeze                  D. wind breeze

**Study the diagram below and answer questions 53-54.**



53. The feature shown by the arrow marked A is:-  
 A. lake    B. mountain    C. river    D. Rift Valley

54. Which of the following features is likely to be found on the floor of the feature shown above?  
 A. Lake Victoria                  B. Lake Tanganyika  
 C. Lake Kyoga                      D. Lake Gambi

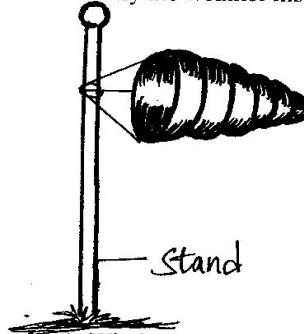
55. The features below describe a climate zone in Africa.

- (i) Hot, dry summers and cool and wet winters
- (ii) Rains brought by Westerly winds
- (iii) It is experienced in places like Cape Town

The climatic region describes is:-

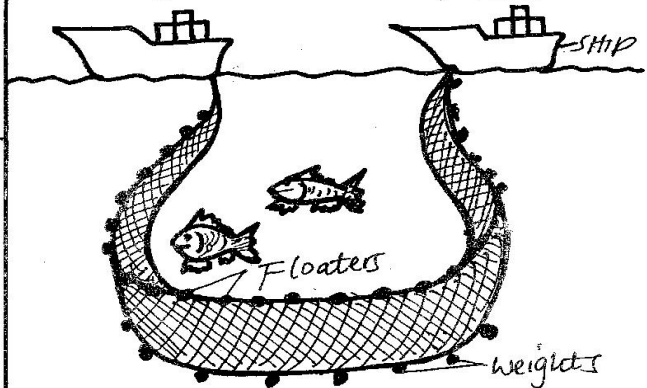
- A. Mediterranean climate
  - B. Desert and semi desert climate
  - C. Savannah climate
  - D. Mountain climate
56. The form of democracy practiced where pupils are given opportunity to elect the children government leaders is known as:-  
 A. delegative democracy  
 B. nominational democracy  
 C. participatory democracy  
 D. indirect democracy
57. Which one of the following is a cause of lawlessness on a society?  
 A. Patriotism                      B. Drug abuse  
 C. Equality                          D. Elections

58. Identify the weather instrument drawn below.



- A. Windvane                      B. Anemometer
- C. Barometer                    D. Windsock

59. The diagram below shows a fishing method.



The fishing method shown is:-

- A. trawling                          B. purse-seining
  - C. long lining                      D. net drifting
60. Which one of the following is **NOT** a type of human right as found in the Bill of Rights in the constitution of Kenya?  
 A. Right to life                      B. Right to education  
 C. Right to child abuse            D. Right to food

**CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. Adam and Eve were put in the garden of Eden mainly to:-  
 A. dominate all the animals    B. cultivate and guard it  
 C. stay away from God        D. to eat fruits in it
62. God chose Noah to save mankind because:-  
 A. he knew how to build the ark  
 B. he was a wealthy man  
 C. he had a lot of wisdom  
 D. he was righteous
63. On which of the mountains below did God give to Moses the ten commandments?  
 A. Sinai    B. Carmel    C. Olives    D. Ararat
64. King David committed adultery with Uriah's wife. Her name was:-  
 A. Elizabeth    B. Elisheba    C. Bethsheba    D. Abigail

65. Among the following people, who is the father of faith?  
A. Joseph B. Abraham C. Jesus D. David
66. Purity means \_\_\_\_\_  
A. wearing clean clothes B. avoiding other people  
C. obeying our leaders D. having good intentions
67. Jesus in the beatitudes taught that the spiritually poor would:-  
A. receive the kingdom of heaven  
B. will receive what God has promised  
C. be called the sons of God  
D. receive a great reward in heaven
68. Christians celebrate the Holy Communion to remember:-  
A. the coming of the holy spirit  
B. the feeding of the five thousand men  
C. the suffering and death of Jesus  
D. the birth of Jesus Christ
69. What would Christians learn from the parable of the prodigal son?  
A. Persistence B. Thankfulness  
C. Humility D. forgiveness
70. Which one of these events took place last?  
A. Crucifixion B. Pentecost  
C. Last Supper D. Turning water into wine
71. Who among the old testament prophets foretold the coming of the Holy Spirit?  
A. Hosea B. Amos C. Joel D. Micah
72. Who among the following is described as the light of the world?  
A. Jesus Christ B. Angel Gabriel  
C. Angel Michael D. Cephas the rock
73. Who among the following was called by God to preach the gospel to the Gentiles?  
A. Peter B. Stephen C. Philip D. Paul
74. How did Christians during the time of apostle Paul receive the Holy Spirit?  
A. Singing together B. Laying of hands  
C. Reading the Bible D. Praying together
75. Three of the following are healing miracles Jesus performed except one. Which one is it?  
A. Healing of the paralysed man  
B. Curing the blind  
C. Walking on water  
D. Healing the deaf
76. "Your faith has made you well." To whom were these words spoken?  
A. Bartimaeus B. Zaccheaus  
C. Lazarus D. Simon
77. The disciples of Jesus were commanded to do three of the following except one. They were:-  
A. to preach the gospel B. to heal the sick  
C. to cast demons D. to go to believers only
78. The best use of leisure by a Christian is to:-  
A. read the Bible B. visit prisoners  
C. sing in a choir D. visit friends
79. When Jesus washed the disciples feet, He demonstrated \_\_\_\_\_  
A. tolerance for others B. leadership  
C. humility in service D. hard work
80. The main teaching of the sermon on the mount is:-  
A. values of Christian living  
B. Christian suffering on earth  
C. being peacemakers  
D. being merciful to others
81. Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of eternal life?  
A. Believe in God B. Accepting suffering  
C. Being just and fair D. Working miracles
82. The action of Jesus which teaches Christians that there is life after death is:-  
A. feeding the hungry B. raising of Lazarus  
C. healing the sick D. driving out demons
83. The two disciples whom Jesus met after his resurrection were on their way to:-  
A. Jericho B. Bethany C. Emmaus D. Jerusalem
84. People could ask for rain in traditional African society by:-  
A. offering sacrifices  
B. naming of children after seasons  
C. prayer and fasting  
D. bribing God
85. Which one of the following is a rite of passage in traditional African society?  
A. Baptism B. Marriage  
C. Pregnancy D. Confirmation
86. The Agikuyu people prayed facing mount Kenya because:-  
A. it is a water catchment area  
B. it had snow at the peaks  
C. it is near heaven  
D. it was a sign of God's presence
87. In Acts 20:37, "It is more blessed to give than to receive." This teaches Christians to:-  
A. be generous B. pray together  
C. visit the needy D. worship together
88. As a Christian which one of the following is the BEST advise to give to a person living with HIV/AIDS?  
A. Do not greet others  
B. Do not donate blood  
C. Avoid sitting close to others  
D. Avoid sharing food
89. When we perform duties assigned to us in school by our teachers, we are learning to be:-  
A. servants B. honest  
C. responsible D. hardworking
90. Mercy a standard six pupil is lazy and does not complete her class work. How best would you help her overcome this problem?  
A. Encourage her to do it  
B. Do the work for her  
C. Give her your work to copy  
D. Tell her brother to do it for her